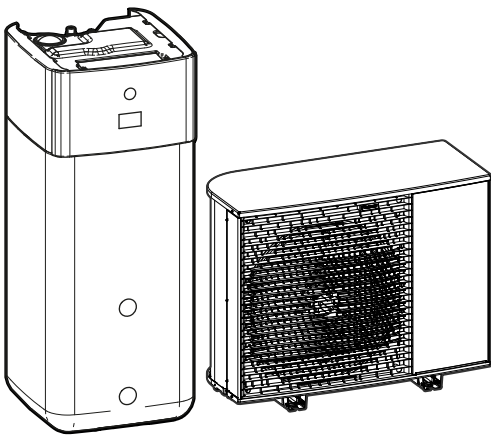


Installer reference guide

Daikin Altherma 4 H ECH₂O



<https://daikintechnicaldatahub.eu>



EPSKS04A▲V3▼
EPSKS06A▲V3▼
EPSKS07A▲V3▼

EPSX07P30A▲▼
EPSX07P50A▲▼
EPSXB07P30A▲▼
EPSXB07P50A▲▼

▲= 1, 2, 3, ..., 9, A, B, C, ..., Z
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1 About the documentation

In this chapter

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1.1 About this document

Target audience

Authorised installers

Documentation set

This document is part of a documentation set. The complete set consists of:

- **General safety precautions:**
 - Safety instructions that you must read before installing
 - Format: Paper (in the box of the indoor unit)
- **Operation manual:**
 - Quick guide for basic usage
 - Format: Paper (in the box of the indoor unit)
- **User reference guide:**
 - Detailed step-by-step instructions and background information for basic and advanced usage
 - Format: Digital files on <https://www.daikin.eu>. Use the search function 🔍 to find your model.
- **Installation manual – Outdoor unit:**
 - Installation instructions
 - Format: Paper (in the box of the outdoor unit)
- **Installation manual – Indoor unit:**
 - Installation instructions
 - Format: Paper (in the box of the indoor unit)
- **Installer reference guide:**
 - Preparation of the installation, good practices, reference data, ...
 - Format: Digital files on <https://www.daikin.eu>. Use the search function 🔍 to find your model.
- **Configuration reference guide:**
 - Configuration of the system.
 - Format: Digital files on <https://www.daikin.eu>. Use the search function 🔍 to find your model.
- **Addendum book for optional equipment:**
 - Additional info about how to install optional equipment
 - Format: Paper (in the box of the indoor unit) + Digital files on <https://www.daikin.eu>. Use the search function 🔍 to find your model.

The latest revision of the supplied documentation is published on the regional Daikin website and is available via your dealer.

The original instructions are written in English. All other languages are translations of the original instructions.

Technical engineering data

- A **subset** of the latest technical data is available on the regional Daikin website (publicly accessible).
- The **full set** of the latest technical data is available on the Daikin Business Portal (authentication required).

Online tools

In addition to the documentation set, some online tools are available for installers:

▪ Daikin Technical Data Hub

- Central hub for technical specifications of the unit, useful tools, digital resources, and more.
- Publicly accessible via <https://daikintechdatahub.eu>.

▪ Heating Solutions Navigator

- Digital toolbox that offers a variety of tools to facilitate the installation and configuration of heating systems.
- To access the Heating Solutions Navigator, registration to the Stand By Me platform is required. For more information, see <https://professional.standbyme.daikin.eu>.

▪ Daikin e-Care

- Mobile app for installers and service technicians that allows you to register, configure and troubleshoot heating systems.
- Use the QR codes below to download the mobile app for iOS and Android devices. Registration to the Stand By Me platform is required to access the app.

App Store



Google Play



1.2 Meaning of warnings and symbols



DANGER

Indicates a situation that results in death or serious injury.



DANGER: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION

Indicates a situation that could result in electrocution.








DANGER: RISK OF BURNING/SCALDING

Indicates a situation that could result in burning/scalding because of extreme hot or cold temperatures.







DANGER: RISK OF EXPLOSION



Indicates a situation that could result in explosion.

	WARNING Indicates a situation that could result in death or serious injury.
	WARNING: FLAMMABLE MATERIAL
	CAUTION Indicates a situation that could result in minor or moderate injury.
	NOTICE Indicates a situation that could result in equipment or property damage.
	INFORMATION Indicates useful tips or additional information.

Symbols used on the unit:

Symbol	Explanation
	Before installation, read the installation and operation manual, and the wiring instruction sheet.
	Before performing maintenance and service tasks, read the service manual.
	For more information, see the installer and user reference guide.
	The unit contains rotating parts. Be careful when servicing or inspecting the unit.

Symbols used in the documentation:

Symbol	Explanation
	Indicates a figure title or a reference to it. Example: "▲ 1-3 Figure title" means "Figure 3 in chapter 1".
	Indicates a table title or a reference to it. Example: "■ 1-3 Table title" means "Table 3 in chapter 1".

1.3 Installer reference guide at a glance

Chapter	Description
About the documentation	What documentation exists for the installer
General safety precautions	Safety instructions that you must read before installing
Specific installer safety instructions	
About the box	How to unpack the units and remove their accessories
About the units and options	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> How to identify the units Possible combinations of units and options

Chapter	Description
Application guidelines	Various installation setups of the system
Unit installation	What to do and know to install the system, including information on how to prepare for an installation
Piping installation	What to do and know to install the piping of the system, including information on how to prepare for an installation
Electrical installation	What to do and know to install the electrical components of the system, including information on how to prepare for an installation
Configuration	What to do and know to configure the system after it is installed. For more information, refer to the Configuration reference guide.
Commissioning	What to do and know to commission the system after it is configured
Hand-over to the user	What to give and explain to the user
Maintenance and service	How to maintain and service the units
Troubleshooting	What to do in case of problems
Disposal	How to dispose of the system
Technical data	Specifications of the system
Glossary	Definition of terms
Field settings table	Table to be filled in by the installer, and kept for future reference Note: There is also an installer settings table in the user reference guide. This table has to be filled in by the installer and handed over to the user.

2 General safety precautions

In this chapter

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2.1 For the installer

2.1.1 General

If you are NOT sure how to install or operate the unit, contact your dealer.



DANGER: RISK OF BURNING/SCALDING

- Do NOT touch the refrigerant piping, water piping or internal parts during and immediately after operation. It could be too hot or too cold. Give it time to return to normal temperature. If you MUST touch it, wear protective gloves.
- Do NOT touch any accidental leaking refrigerant.



WARNING

Improper installation or attachment of equipment or accessories could result in electrical shock, short-circuit, leaks, fire or other damage to the equipment. ONLY use accessories, optional equipment and spare parts made or approved by Daikin unless otherwise specified.



WARNING

Make sure installation, testing and applied materials comply with applicable legislation (on top of the instructions described in the Daikin documentation).



WARNING

Tear apart and throw away plastic packaging bags so that nobody, especially children, can play with them. **Possible consequence:** suffocation.



WARNING

Provide adequate measures to prevent that the unit can be used as a shelter by small animals. Small animals that make contact with electrical parts can cause malfunctions, smoke or fire.



CAUTION

Wear adequate personal protective equipment (protective gloves, safety glasses,...) when installing, maintaining or servicing the system.



CAUTION

Do NOT touch the air inlet or aluminium fins of the unit.

**CAUTION**

- Do NOT place any objects or equipment on top of the unit.
- Do NOT sit, climb or stand on the unit.

**NOTICE**

Works executed on the outdoor unit are best done under dry weather conditions to avoid water ingress.

In accordance with the applicable legislation, it might be necessary to provide a logbook with the product containing at least: information on maintenance, repair work, results of tests, stand-by periods,...

Also, at least, following information **MUST** be provided at an accessible place at the product:

- Instructions for shutting down the system in case of an emergency
- Name and address of fire department, police and hospital
- Name, address and day and night telephone numbers for obtaining service

In Europe, EN378 provides the necessary guidance for this logbook.

2.1.2 Installation site

- Provide sufficient space around the unit for servicing and air circulation.
- Make sure the installation site withstands the weight and vibration of the unit.
- Make sure the area is well ventilated. Do NOT block any ventilation openings.
- Make sure the unit is level.

Do NOT install the unit in the following places:

- In potentially explosive atmospheres.
- In places where there is machinery that emits electromagnetic waves. Electromagnetic waves may disturb the control system, and cause malfunction of the equipment.
- In places where there is a risk of fire due to the leakage of flammable gases (example: thinner or gasoline), carbon fibre, ignitable dust.
- In places where corrosive gas (example: sulphurous acid gas) is produced. Corrosion of copper pipes or soldered parts may cause the refrigerant to leak.

2.1.3 Refrigerant — in case of R290

**INFORMATION**

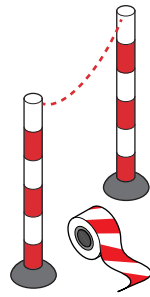
For more information about "Systems using R290 refrigerant", see the dedicated Service Manual ESIE22-02 (available on <https://my.daikin.eu>).

R290 (propane C₃H₈) is a refrigerant that displaces air, is a colourless and odourless gas, and forms flammable/explosive mixtures with air.

Before starting work on units charged with R290, the following specific safety measures **MUST** be applied to avoid creating an explosive atmosphere in case of a refrigerant leak:

- 1 Check if a work permit is required.
- 2 Check that all persons involved have been trained and are wearing/carrying the required personal protective equipment. Installers are required to wear anti-static clothing: trousers, jacket, sweater, T-shirt, shoes.

- Secure the work area by ensuring that no one within a radius of 2 meters can access (e.g. barrier chain). Install CAUTION signalisation (e.g. no smoking allowed).



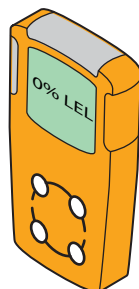
- Check that no flammable materials are stored in the work area and that there are no ignition sources (e.g. power tools, computers, cell phones) within the work area.



- Check if suitable tooling and equipment are available. It is necessary to ensure that common hand tools (screwdriver, fork wrench, pipe cutters, etc.) do NOT constitute a source of ignition. Some specific tools are required to be ATEX certified. ATEX is the European directive of explosion safety. The abbreviation comes from the French words ATmosphere EXplosible. Tools and equipment that are explosion proof contain a symbol and marking indicating the protection level.



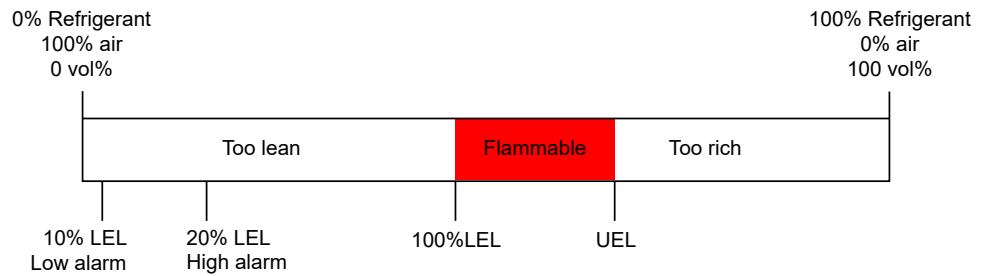
- Always carry a personal gas monitoring system suitable for R290 and make sure it is activated. Place it on the floor near the unit. To be able to detect an explosion hazard, an LEL-detector (lower explosion level) is required.



An LEL-detector measures whether a fuel (e.g. R290) is present and which amount is present in the air (vol%). If the mixture is between LEL & UEL and a spark is generated, an explosion can occur.

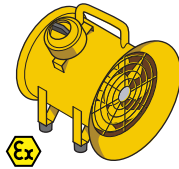
- A first alarm will be given at 10% of the LEL-value. This is an indication for installers that there is refrigerant present and that there may be a risk of explosion. Immediate action is required: locate and solve leak.

- A second alarm will be given at 20% of the LEL-value. This is an indication for installers that the presence of refrigerant is increasing. From this point onwards it is very dangerous to work on the system.



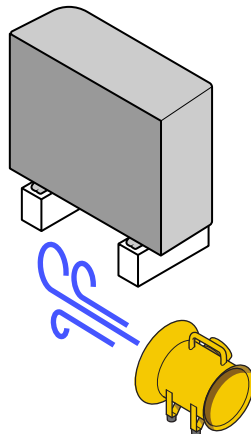
Some gas monitoring systems offer adjustable alarm limits, e.g. 10% and 20% or 15% and 40% of the lower explosion limit (LEL).

- 7 Bring a portable ventilation unit with you and make sure it is activated (except when using an electronic gas leak detector).

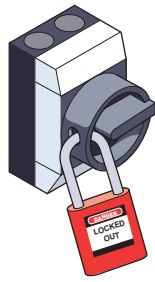


The ventilation unit should be placed near the work area and pointed in a direction that forces any leaked refrigerant away from the work area and installer.

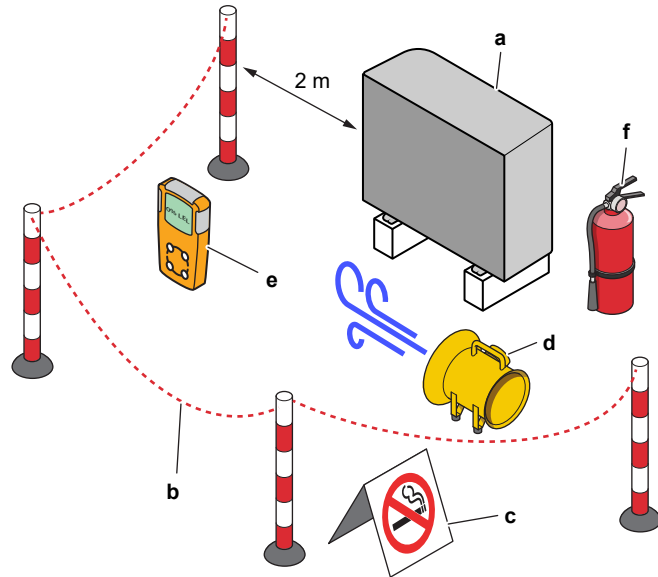
Standard ventilation units cannot be used as the ON/OFF button and fan motor forms a potential ignition source. Therefore, an explosion proof (ATEX) ventilation unit should be used. Additionally, the ventilation unit should be equipped with a power supply cable of at least 3 meter. In this way the unit can be plugged in from outside the work area. Make sure no refrigerant leaks before plugging in or unplugging.



- 8 Have a fire extinguisher at hand (ABC dry powder or CO₂ extinguisher, minimal 2 kg).
- 9 Disconnect the unit from the power supply. Place lockout-tagout (LOTO) equipment on the main switch or fuse to prevent that the unit is accidentally powered on during service activities.



10 Perform a Last Minute Risk Assessment on-site.



- a Unit
- b Barrier
- c CAUTION signalisation
- d Ventilation unit
- e Gas monitoring system
- f Fire extinguisher

2.1.4 Water

If applicable. See the installation manual or installer reference guide of your application for more information.



NOTICE

Make sure water quality complies with EU directive 2020/2184.

2.1.5 Electrical



DANGER: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION

- Turn OFF all power supply before removing the switch box cover, connecting electrical wiring or touching electrical parts.
- Disconnect the power supply for more than 10 minutes, and measure the voltage at the terminals of main circuit capacitors or electrical components before servicing. The voltage MUST be less than 50 V DC before you can touch electrical components. For the location of the terminals, see the wiring diagram.
- Do NOT touch electrical components with wet hands.
- Do NOT leave the unit unattended when the service cover is removed.

**WARNING**

If NOT factory installed, a main switch or other means for disconnection, having a contact separation in all poles providing full disconnection under overvoltage category III condition, MUST be installed in the fixed wiring.

**WARNING**

- ONLY use copper wires.
- Make sure the field wiring complies with the national wiring regulations.
- All field wiring MUST be performed in accordance with the wiring diagram supplied with the product.
- NEVER squeeze bundled cables and make sure they do NOT come in contact with the piping and sharp edges. Make sure no external pressure is applied to the terminal connections.
- Make sure to install earth wiring. Do NOT earth the unit to a utility pipe, surge absorber, or telephone earth. Incomplete or incorrect earthing may cause electrical shock.
- Make sure to use a dedicated power circuit. NEVER use a power supply shared by another appliance.
- Make sure to install the required fuses or circuit breakers.
- Make sure to install an earth leakage protector. Failure to do so may cause electrical shock or fire.
- When installing the earth leakage protector, make sure it is compatible with the inverter (resistant to high frequency electric noise) to avoid unnecessary opening of the earth leakage protector.

**WARNING**

- After finishing the electrical work, confirm that each electrical component and terminal inside the switch box is connected securely.
- Make sure all covers are closed before starting up the unit.

**CAUTION**

- When connecting the power supply: connect the earth cable first, before making the current-carrying connections.
- When disconnecting the power supply: disconnect the current-carrying cables first, before separating the earth connection.
- The length of the conductors between the power supply stress relief and the terminal block itself MUST be as such that the current-carrying wires are tightened before the earth wire is in case the power supply is pulled loose from the stress relief.



NOTICE

Precautions when laying power wiring:



- Do NOT connect wiring of different thicknesses to the power terminal block (slack in the power wiring may cause abnormal heat).
- When connecting wiring which is the same thickness, do as shown in the figure above.
- For wiring, use the designated power wire and connect firmly, then secure to prevent outside pressure being exerted on the terminal board.
- Use an appropriate screwdriver for tightening the terminal screws. A screwdriver with a small head will damage the head and make proper tightening impossible.
- Over-tightening the terminal screws may break them.

Install power cables at least 1 meter away from televisions or radios to prevent interference. Depending on the radio waves, a distance of 1 meter may NOT be sufficient.



NOTICE

ONLY applicable if the power supply is three-phase, and the compressor has an ON/OFF starting method.

If there exists the possibility of reversed phase after a momentary black out and the power goes ON and OFF while the product is operating, attach a reversed phase protection circuit locally. Running the product in reversed phase can break the compressor and other parts.

3 Specific installer safety instructions

Always observe the following safety instructions and regulations.

!!Read this before you start the installation!!

Training

- Before you start the installation, follow the Daikin L1 Safety Training (see QR code). Without this training you cannot unlock the outdoor unit (via the e-Care app and the user interface of the indoor unit) and you cannot start operation of the unit.



Personal safety protection tools

- Make sure suitable tooling and work materials are available.

Installation location

- Bring the unit on its pallet as close as possible (≤ 10 m) to its installation location. Use the slings only to lift the unit from the pallet, and put it in the final installation position.
- Respect the installation location guidelines.
- Respect the protective zone around the outdoor unit (no ignition sources).
- Take a picture of the installed outdoor unit and its environment. You will have to upload it during the unlocking procedure of the outdoor unit.

Hand-over to the user

- Explain to the user how to safely use the R290 heat pump.
- Explain to the user to NOT turn OFF the circuit breakers to the units so that the protection remains activated.

Water quality

- Make sure water quality complies with EU directive 2020/2184.

Earth leakage circuit breaker

- Make sure to install an earth leakage circuit breaker.

Handling the unit (see "4.1.1 To handle the outdoor unit" [▶ 23])



CAUTION

To avoid injury, do NOT touch the air inlet or aluminium fins of the unit.



WARNING

Make sure installation, servicing, maintenance and repair comply with instructions from Daikin and with applicable legislation (for example national gas regulation) and are executed ONLY by authorised persons.

Application guidelines (see "6 Application guidelines" [▶ 35])



CAUTION

If there is more than one leaving water zone, ALWAYS install a mixing valve station in the main zone to decrease (in heating)/increase (in cooling) the leaving water temperature when the additional zone has demand.



CAUTION

The solar panels **MUST** be installed higher than the indoor unit. A downward slope with minimum gradient of the solar piping **MUST** be guaranteed. This is to allow the solar system to completely drain and thereby to avoid frost damages.

Installation site (see "7.1 Preparing the installation site" [▶ 72])



WARNING

Follow the service space dimensions in this manual to install the unit correctly.

- Outdoor unit: See "16.1 Service space: Outdoor unit" [▶ 228].
- Indoor unit: See "7.1.3 Installation site requirements of the indoor unit" [▶ 75].



WARNING

The appliance shall be stored in a room without ignition sources (neither permanent ignition sources nor ignition sources for a short period of time) (example: open flames, an operating gas appliance or an operating electric heater).



WARNING

The appliance shall be installed in an area without ignition sources (neither permanent ignition sources nor ignition sources for a short period of time) (example: open flames, an operating gas appliance or an operating electric heater).



WARNING

Make sure installation, servicing, maintenance and repair comply with instructions from Daikin and with applicable legislation (for example national gas regulation) and are executed **ONLY** by authorised persons.

Installation site requirements of the indoor unit (see "7.1.3 Installation site requirements of the indoor unit" [▶ 75])



CAUTION

Install the indoor unit at a minimum distance of 1 m from other heat sources (>80°C) (e.g. electrical heater, oil heater, chimney) and combustible materials. Otherwise the unit may be damaged or in extreme cases catch fire.

Opening and closing the units (see "7.2 Opening and closing the units" [▶ 76])



DANGER: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION

Do **NOT** leave the unit unattended when the service cover is removed.



DANGER: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION



DANGER: RISK OF BURNING/SCALDING

Mounting the outdoor unit (see "7.3 Mounting the outdoor unit" [▶ 83])



WARNING

Fixing method of the outdoor unit **MUST** be in accordance with the instructions from this manual. See "7.3 Mounting the outdoor unit" [▶ 83].

**CAUTION**

To avoid injury, do NOT touch the air inlet or aluminium fins of the unit.

Mounting the indoor unit (see "7.4 Mounting the indoor unit" [▶ 87])**WARNING**

Fixing method of the indoor unit MUST be in accordance with the instructions from this manual. See "7.4 Mounting the indoor unit" [▶ 87].

Piping installation (see "8 Piping installation" [▶ 89])**WARNING**

Field piping MUST be in accordance with the instructions from this manual. See "8 Piping installation" [▶ 89].

**DANGER: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION**

During the filling process, water can escape from any leaking point and can cause an electrical shock if it comes into contact with live parts.

- Before the filling process, de-energise the unit.
- After the first filling and before switching on the unit with the mains switch, check whether all electric parts and connection points are dry.

**WARNING**

Adding anti-freeze solutions (e.g. glycol) to the water is NOT allowed.

Electrical installation (see "9 Electrical installation" [▶ 105])**DANGER: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION****WARNING**

Electrical wiring MUST be in accordance with the instructions from:

- This manual. See "9 Electrical installation" [▶ 105].
- The wiring diagram of the outdoor unit, which is delivered with the unit, located under the top plate of the switch box cover. For a translation of its legend, see "16.5 Wiring diagram: Outdoor unit" [▶ 236].
- The wiring diagram of the indoor unit, which is delivered with the unit, located on the inside of the indoor unit switch box cover. For a translation of its legend, see "16.6 Wiring diagram: Indoor unit" [▶ 239].

**WARNING**

- All wiring MUST be performed by an authorised electrician and MUST comply with the national wiring regulation.
- Make electrical connections to the fixed wiring.
- All components procured on-site and all electrical construction MUST comply with the applicable legislation.

**WARNING**

ALWAYS use multicore cable for power supply cables.



WARNING

- If the power supply has a missing or wrong N-phase, equipment might break down.
- Establish proper earthing. Do NOT earth the unit to a utility pipe, surge absorber, or telephone earth. Incomplete or incorrect earthing may cause electrical shocks.
- Install the required fuses or circuit breakers.
- Secure the electrical wiring with cable ties so that the cables do NOT come in contact with sharp edges or piping, particularly on the high-pressure side.
- Do NOT use taped wires, extension cords, or connections from a star system. They can cause overheating, electrical shocks or fire.
- Do NOT install a phase advancing capacitor, because this unit is equipped with an inverter. A phase advancing capacitor will reduce performance and may cause accidents.



WARNING

If the supply cord is damaged, it MUST be replaced by the manufacturer, its service agent or similarly qualified persons in order to avoid a hazard.



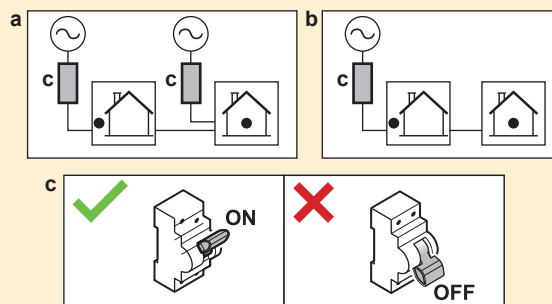
CAUTION

Do NOT push or place redundant cable length into the unit.



WARNING

After commissioning, do NOT turn OFF the circuit breakers (c) to the units so that the protection remains activated. In case of indoor unit supplied separately (a), there are two circuit breaker. In case of indoor unit supplied from the outdoor unit (b), there is one circuit breaker.



WARNING

The backup heater MUST have a dedicated power supply and MUST be protected by the safety devices required by the applicable legislation.



CAUTION

To guarantee the unit is completely earthed, ALWAYS connect the backup heater power supply and the earth cable.



INFORMATION

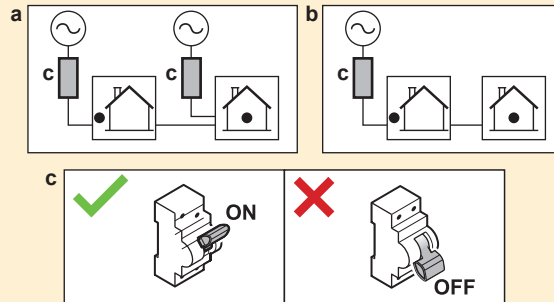
For details on the fuse ratings, the fuse types and the circuit breaker ratings, see "9 Electrical installation" [▶ 105].

Commissioning (see "11 Commissioning" [▶ 164])**WARNING**

Commissioning **MUST** be in accordance with the instructions from this manual. See "11 Commissioning" [▶ 164].

**WARNING**

After commissioning, do **NOT** turn **OFF** the circuit breakers (**c**) to the units so that the protection remains activated. In case of indoor unit supplied separately (**a**), there are two circuit breaker. In case of indoor unit supplied from the outdoor unit (**b**), there is one circuit breaker.

**Maintenance and service (see "13 Maintenance and service" [▶ 184])****DANGER: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION****DANGER: RISK OF BURNING/SCALDING**

The water in the storage tank and all the connected piping can be very hot.

**WARNING**

If the internal wiring is damaged, it has to be replaced by the manufacturer, its service agent or similarly qualified persons.

Troubleshooting (see "14 Troubleshooting" [▶ 190])**DANGER: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION****DANGER: RISK OF BURNING/SCALDING****WARNING**

- When carrying out an inspection on the switch box of the unit, **ALWAYS** make sure that the unit is disconnected from the mains. Turn off the respective circuit breaker.
- When a safety device was activated, stop the unit and find out why the safety device was activated before resetting it. **NEVER** shunt safety devices or change their values to a value other than the factory default setting. If you are unable to find the cause of the problem, call your dealer.





WARNING

Prevent hazards due to inadvertent resetting of the thermal cut-out: power to this appliance **MUST NOT** be supplied through an external switching device, such as a timer, or connected to a circuit that is regularly turned ON and OFF by the utility.



WARNING

Air purging heat emitters or collectors. Before you purge air from heat emitters or collectors, check if  or  is displayed on the home screen of the user interface.

- If not, you can purge air immediately.
- If yes, make sure that the room where you want to purge air is sufficiently ventilated. **Reason:** In case of a breakdown, refrigerant might leak into the water circuit, and subsequently into the room when you purge air from the heat emitters or collectors.

3.1 Safety checklist before work on R290 units



INFORMATION

- For a more detailed description of the safety items in this checklist, see the General Safety Precautions.
- For more information about "Systems using R290 refrigerant", see the dedicated Service Manual ESIE22-02 (available on <https://my.daikin.eu>).

The outdoor unit contains R290 refrigerant. Before starting work on this unit, check the following safety items:

<input type="checkbox"/>	Work permit obtained if required.
<input type="checkbox"/>	All persons involved have been trained and are wearing/carrying the required personal protective equipment.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Work zone cordoned off, CAUTION signs installed.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Ignition sources removed <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Remove power tools, computers, cell phones and other potential ignition sources that can cause sparks from the work area. ▪ Take protective measures to prevent static discharge, for example grounding and antistatic clothing.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Suitable tooling and work materials available <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Including ATEX tooling (explosion proof), sufficient nitrogen and required spare parts.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Check for the presence of an explosive atmosphere by placing a personal gas monitoring system on the floor, near the unit. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Suitable for R290 ▪ Calibrated ▪ Operation test ▪ Alarm thresholds ▪ Battery charged
<input type="checkbox"/>	Sufficient ventilation <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Place a portable ventilation unit to create sufficient ventilation. ▪ The ventilation unit must be explosion proof.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Fire extinguisher at hand <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ ABC dry powder or CO₂ extinguisher, minimal 2 kg.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Disconnect and secure the unit from the power supply. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Place lockout-tagout (LOTO).
<input type="checkbox"/>	Perform a Last Minute Risk Assessment (LMRA).

4 About the box

Keep the following in mind:

- At delivery, the unit **MUST** be checked for damage and completeness. Any damage or missing parts **MUST** be reported immediately to the claims agent of the carrier.
- Bring the packed unit as close as possible to its final installation position to prevent damage during transport.
- Prepare in advance the path along which you want to bring the unit to its final installation position.

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4.1 Outdoor unit

4.1.1 To handle the outdoor unit

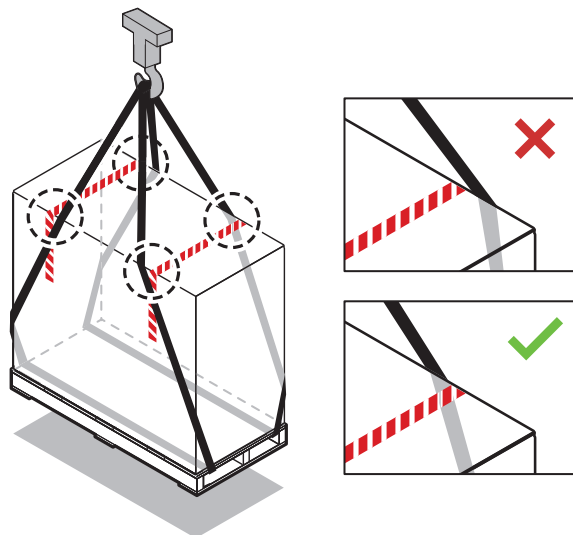


CAUTION

To avoid injury, do NOT touch the air inlet or aluminium fins of the unit.

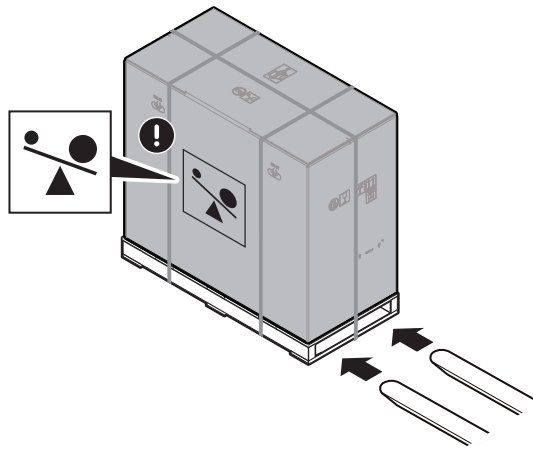
Crane

Keep the slings within the marked area to not damage the unit.



Forklift or pallet truck

Enter the pallet from the heavy side.

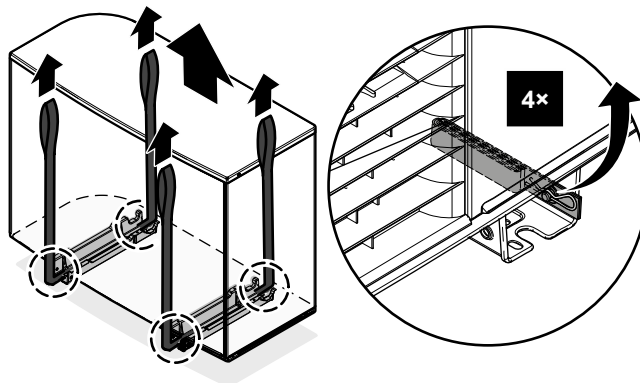


Manually

After unpacking, carry the unit using the slings attached to the unit.

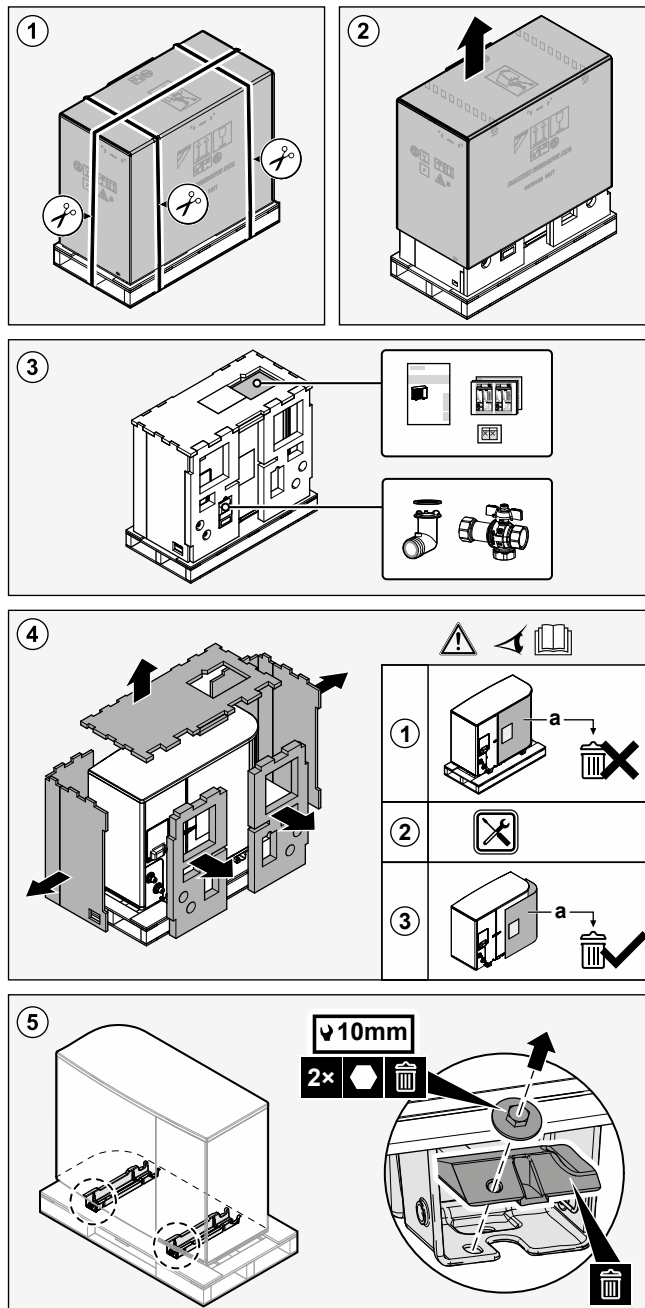
See also:

- ["4.1.2 To unpack the outdoor unit" \[▶ 24\]](#)
- ["7.3.4 To install the outdoor unit" \[▶ 84\]](#)



4.1.2 To unpack the outdoor unit

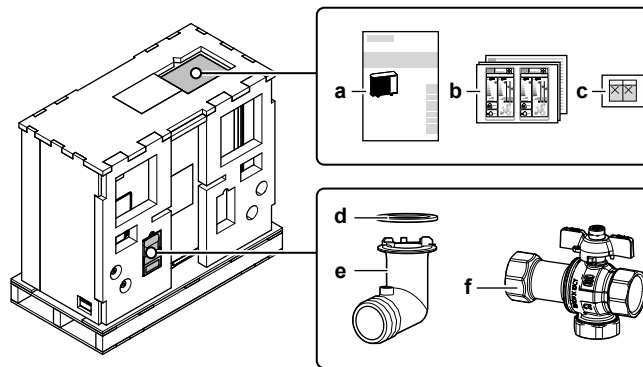
For step 3, see ["4.1.3 To remove the accessories from the outdoor unit" \[▶ 26\]](#).



WARNING

Make sure installation, servicing, maintenance and repair comply with instructions from Daikin and with applicable legislation (for example national gas regulation) and are executed **ONLY** by authorised persons.

4.1.3 To remove the accessories from the outdoor unit



- a Installation manual – Outdoor unit
- b Energy label
- c "Do NOT turn OFF the circuit breaker" stickers
- d O-ring for drain socket
- e Drain socket
- f Shut-off valve (with integrated filter and check valve)

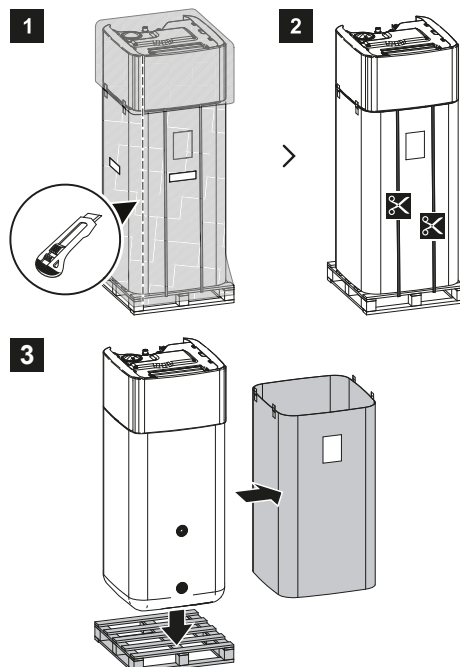
4.2 Indoor unit



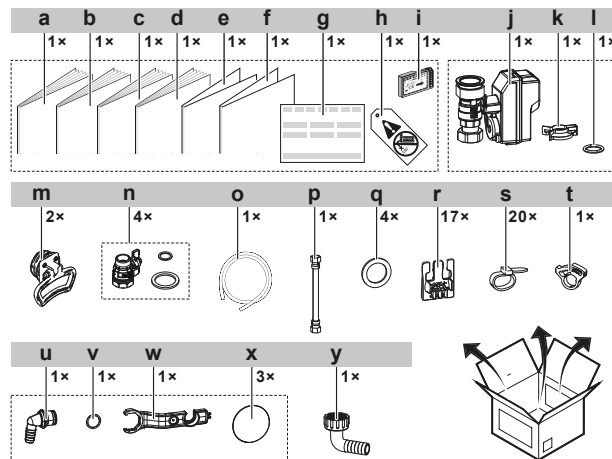
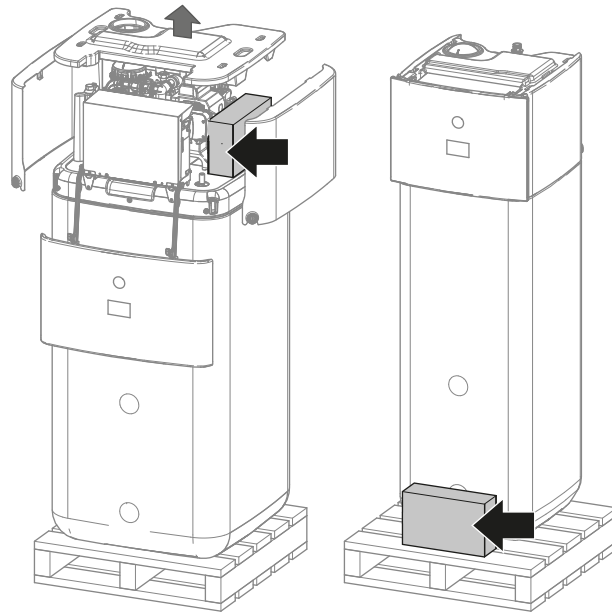
INFORMATION

The indoor unit is delivered with closed locking parts. Open the locking parts before you start with the installation of the indoor unit. The rear locking parts are maybe no longer accessible when the indoor unit is at the final installation location. (see "7.2.5 To open the indoor unit" [▶ 79]).

4.2.1 To unpack the indoor unit



4.2.2 To remove the accessories from the indoor unit



- a Indoor unit installation manual
- b Operation manual
- c General safety precautions
- d Addendum book for optional equipment
- e Addendum – Updating the BRC1HH* firmware
- f Addendum Triman
- g Declaration of conformity
- h No glycol tag (to attach to the field piping near the filling point)
- i WLAN cartridge
- j Normally closed shut-off valve (inlet leak stop)
- k Quick clip
- l O-ring
- m Handles (only required for transport)
- n Shut-off valve with flat gaskets
- o Drain pan hose
- p Flexible hose (for expansion vessel)
- q Flat gaskets for DHW
- r Cable fixation for strain relief
- s Cable tie
- t Drain pan hose clamp
- u Spillover connector
- v O-ring
- w Assembly wrench
- x Thread cover
- y Drain hose connector magnetic filter

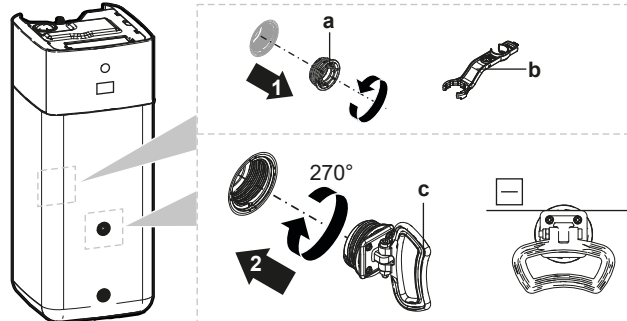
4.2.3 To handle the indoor unit

Use the handles at the back and at the front to carry the unit.



NOTICE

The indoor unit is top-heavy as long as the storage tank is empty. Secure the unit accordingly and only transport by using the handles.



- a Screw plug
- b Assembly wrench
- c Handle

- 1 Open the screw plugs on the front and back of the tank.
- 2 Attach the handles horizontally and turn by 360°.
- 3 Use the handles to carry the unit.
- 4 After carrying the unit remove the handles, add the screw plugs again and insert the thread covers on the plugs.

5 About the units and options

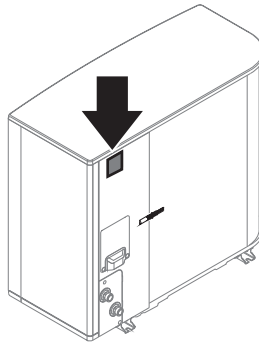
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5.1 Identification

5.1.1 Identification label: Outdoor unit

Location



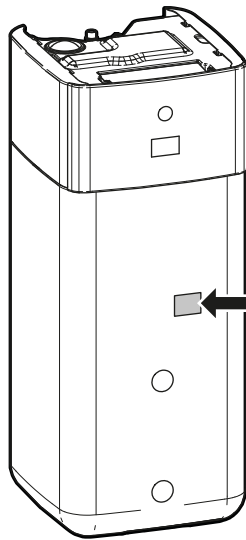
Model identification

Example: EP S K (S) 06 AR V3

Code	Explanation
EP	European hydro-split outdoor pair reversible
S	High water temperature – ambient zone 2 – low sound
K	Refrigerant R290
(S)	Small casing size
06	Capacity class
AR	Model series
V3	Power supply

5.1.2 Identification label: Indoor unit

Location



Model identification

Example: E PS X B 10 P 50 A F

Code	Description
E	European model
PS	Floor-standing hydro-split unit with integrated pressureless storage tank
X	X=Heating/cooling
B	Integrated heat exchanger for bivalent heat generator
10	Capacity class
P	Integrated tank material: Plastics
50	Integrated tank volume
AF	Model series

5.2 Combining units and options

i **INFORMATION**
 Certain options may NOT be available in your country.

5.2.1 Possible combinations of indoor unit and outdoor unit

Indoor unit	Outdoor unit
	EPSKS04~07A*
EPSX(B)07	○

5.2.2 Possible options for the outdoor unit

Mounting stand (EKMST5)

In colder regions where heavy snowfall can occur, it is recommended to install the outdoor unit on a mounting frame. Use the following model:

- EKMST5 with rubber feet to install the outdoor unit on foundations where drilling is not allowed or possible, such as flat roofs or pavements.

For installation instructions, see the installation manual of the mounting stand.

Mounting stand cover (EKMSTC5)

The mounting stand cover (EKMSTC5) can only be used in combination with the mounting stand (EKMST5).

The aesthetic cover is designed to conceal the functional mounting stand, creating a unified appearance for the outdoor unit, mounting stand, and cover.

For installation instructions, see the installation manual of the mounting stand cover.

5.2.3 Possible options for the indoor unit

Multi-zoning wired controls

You can connect the following multi-zoning wired controls:

- Multi-zoning base unit 230 V (EKWUFHTA1V3)
- Digital thermostat 230 V (EKWCTRDI1V3)
- Analogue thermostat 230 V (EKWCTTRAN1V3)
- Actuator 230 V (EKWCVATR1V3)

For installation instructions, see the installation manual of the control, and the addendum book for optional equipment.

Room thermostat (EKRTWA, EKRTTB)

You can connect an optional room thermostat to the indoor unit. This thermostat can either be wired (EKRTWA) or wireless (EKRTTB).

For installation instructions, see the installation manual of the room thermostat and addendum book for optional equipment.

Remote sensor for wireless thermostat (EKRTETS)

You can use the remote indoor temperature sensor (EKRTETS) only in combination with the wireless thermostat (EKRTTB).

For installation instructions, see the installation manual of the room thermostat and the addendum book for optional equipment.

Remote indoor sensor (KRCS01-1)

By default the internal sensor of the dedicated Human Comfort Interface (BRC1HHDA used as room thermostat) will be used as room temperature sensor.

As an option the remote indoor sensor can be installed to measure the room temperature on another location.

For installation instructions, see the installation manual of the remote indoor sensor and addendum book for optional equipment.

**INFORMATION**

- The remote indoor sensor can only be used in case the user interface is configured with room thermostat functionality.
- You can only connect either the remote indoor sensor or the remote outdoor sensor.

Remote outdoor sensor (EKRSKA1)

By default the sensor inside the outdoor unit will be used to measure the outdoor temperature.

As an option the remote outdoor sensor can be installed to measure the outdoor temperature on another location (e.g. to avoid direct sunlight) to have an improved system behaviour.

For installation instructions, see the installation manual of the remote outdoor sensor and the addendum book for optional equipment.

**INFORMATION**

You can only connect either the remote indoor sensor or the remote outdoor sensor.

PC cable (EKPCAB4)

The PC cable gives the possibility to update the software of the hydro PCB. Use the PC cable to make a connection between the hydro PCB (A1P) of the indoor unit and a PC.

For installation instructions, see Installation manual of the PC cable.

Heat pump convector (FWX*)

For providing space heating/cooling, it is possible to use the following heat pump convectors:

- FWXV: floor-standing model
- FWXT: wall-mounted model
- FWXM: concealed model

For installation instructions, see:

- The installation manual of the heat pump convector
- The installation manual of the heat pump convector options
- The addendum book for optional equipment

Bizone kit (EKMIKPOA or EKMIKPHA)

You can install an optional bzone kit.

For installation instructions, see the installation manual of the bzone kit.

See also:

- "6.2.3 Multiple rooms – Two LWT zones" [▶ 52]
- [3.13] **Bizone kit** in the "Settings" chapter of the configuration reference guide

Human Comfort Interface (BRC1HHDA) used as room thermostat

- The Human Comfort Interface (HCI) used as room thermostat can only be used in combination with the user interface connected to the indoor unit.
- The Human Comfort Interface (HCI) used as room thermostat needs to be installed in the room that you want to control.

For installation instructions, see the installation and operation manual of the Human Comfort Interface (HCI) as room thermostat, and the addendum book for optional equipment.

Smart grid relay kit (EKRELSG)

The installation of the optional Smart grid relay kit is required in case of high voltage Smart grid contacts (EKRELSG).

For installation instructions, see "9.3.14 Smart Grid" [▶ 138].

DB connector kit (EKECDBCO*)

To make the connection of a solar drainback system easier, you can install a drainback connector kit.

For installation instructions, see the installation manual of the DB connector kit.

Solar drainback kit (EKSRPS4)

A solar drainback kit including solar pump and solar controller can be directly connected to the pressureless storage tank of the indoor unit.

For installation instructions, see the installation manual of the solar drainback kit.

Fill and drain kit (165215)

You can install the fill and drain kit to simplify the filling and draining procedure of the storage tank.

For installation instructions, see the installation manual of the fill and drain kit.

Recirculation kit (141554)

By connecting a DHW pump, instant hot water can be available at the tap. To reduce heat losses while DHW pump is working you can install a recirculation kit.

For installation instructions, see the installation manual of the recirculation kit.

Dirt Separator (156021)

In the indoor unit a dirt separator is already installed but an additional dirt separator can be added.

Daikin Home Controls

Set of devices that allows to extend the capabilities of a Daikin Altherma unit to offer demand-based and room-by-room control of heating (and if supported by the unit, cooling) in the entire house, enabling living comfort. The following devices are available:

- DHC Access Point (EKACPUR1PA, EKACPUR1PU) or DHC Access Point 2 (EKACPUR2PA, EKACPUR2PU): Provides access to the ONECTA cloud and allows for configuration of the system through the ONECTA app.
- DHC Basic IO Box (EKRSIBDI1V3), DHC Multi IO Box (EKRMIBEV1V3): Allows for the connection of Daikin Altherma units to the Daikin Home Controls ecosystem and demand-based regulation of the room temperature.
- DHC Radiator Thermostat (EKRRVATR2BA, EKRRVATU1BA): Enables time-controlled regulation of the room temperature via a heating schedule with individual time slots.
- DHC Room Sensor (EKRENDI1BA): Measures room temperature and humidity and transmits these values to the DHC Access Point and the ONECTA app.
- DHC Floor Heating Controller (EKRUFT61V3): Allows for room-by-room control (up to 6 zones) of floor heating systems.

- DHC Room Thermostat (EKRCTRD12BA, EKRCTRD13BA): Measures the temperature and relative humidity in the room and enables time-controlled regulation of conventional radiators with DHC Radiator Thermostats, or underfloor heating in combination with DHC Floor Heating Controllers.

For installation instructions and application guidelines, see the installation manuals of the devices, as well as the application guide.

6 Application guidelines

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6.1 Overview: Application guidelines

The purpose of the application guidelines is to give a glance of the possibilities of the heat pump system.



NOTICE

- The illustrations in the application guidelines are meant for reference only, and are NOT to be used as detailed hydraulic diagrams. The detailed hydraulic dimensioning and balancing are NOT shown, and are the responsibility of the installer.
- For more information about the configuration settings to optimize heat pump operation, see "[10 Configuration](#)" [▶ 147].

This chapter contains application guidelines for:

- Setting up the space heating/cooling system
- Setting up an auxiliary heat source for space heating
- Setting up the storage tank
- Setting up the power consumption control
- Setting up an external temperature sensor
- Setting up a bivalent heat source for domestic hot water and space heating

**NOTICE**

Certain types of fan coil units –in this document referred to as "heat pump convectors"–, are able to receive input of the indoor unit operation mode cooling or heating (see "9.3.9 To connect the space cooling/heating ON/OFF output" [134] for main zone and additional zone. For these inputs and outputs there are **Field IO** connections (see "9.1.6 Field IO connections" [109]) where you can choose which terminal pins you want to use) and/or to send output of the heat pump convector thermostatic condition. See addendum book for optional equipment for correct reference (main zone: X43M/4 and X43M/5; for additional zone: X43M/4 and X43M/1).

The application guidelines illustrate the possibility of receiving or sending digital input/output. This functionality can only be used in case the heat pump convector has such features and the signals meet following requirements:

- Output of indoor unit (input to heat pump convector): cooling/heating signal=230 V (cooling=230 V, heating=0 V).
- Input to indoor unit (output of heat pump convector): thermostat ON/OFF signal=voltage-free contact (closed contact=thermo ON, open contact=thermo OFF).

6.2 Setting up the space heating/cooling system

The heat pump system supplies leaving water to heat emitters in one or more rooms.

Because the system offers a wide flexibility to control the temperature in each room, you need to answer the following questions first:

- How many rooms are heated or cooled by the heat pump system?
- Which heat emitter types are used in each room and what is their design leaving water temperature?

Once the space heating/cooling requirements are clear, we recommend to follow the setup guidelines below.

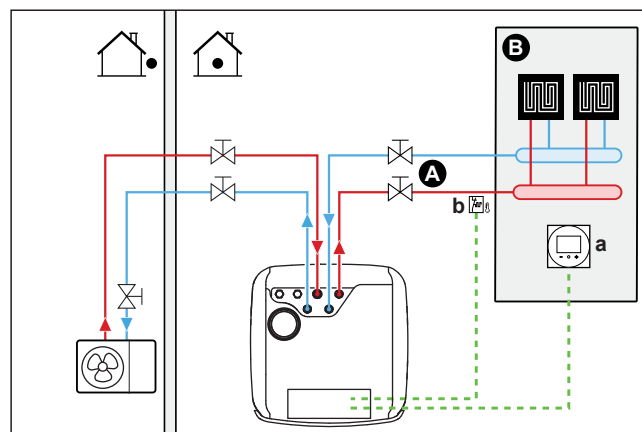
**NOTICE**

If an external room thermostat is used, the external room thermostat will control the room frost protection. However, the room frost protection is only activated when [3.4] **Antifrost** is activated.

6.2.1 Single room

Underfloor heating or radiators – Wired room thermostat

Setup



- A** Main leaving water temperature zone
- B** One single room
- a** Dedicated Human Comfort Interface (BRC1HHDA used as room thermostat)
- b** Safety thermostat (field supply)

- For more information about connecting the electrical wiring to the unit, see:
 - "9.2 Connections to the outdoor unit" [▶ 113]
 - "9.3 Connections to the indoor unit" [▶ 117]
- The underfloor heating or radiators are directly connected to the indoor unit.
- The room temperature is controlled by the dedicated Human Comfort Interface (BRC1HHDA used as room thermostat).

Configuration

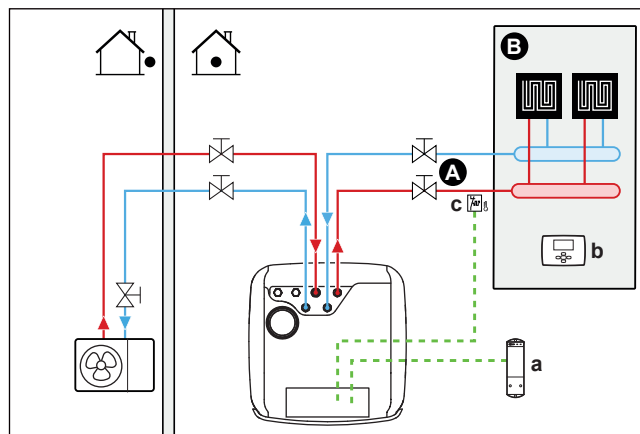
Setting	Value
Unit temperature control: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ #: [1.12] ▪ Field setting code: 041 	2 (Room): Unit operation is decided based on the ambient temperature of the dedicated Human Comfort Interface.
Number of water temperature zones: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ #: [3.6] ▪ Field setting code: 155 	0 (Additional zone): Main zone only no additional zone
Safety thermostat: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ #: [13] ▪ Field setting code: Depends which terminal and pins you choose (see "18 Field settings table" [▶ 248] for more information). 	9 (Safety thermostat unit) This is a Field IO connection (see "9.3.13 To connect the safety thermostat" [▶ 137]).

Benefits

- **Easy.** You can easily set the desired room temperature via the user interface:
 - For your daily needs, you can use preset values and schedules.
 - To deviate from your daily needs, you can temporarily overrule the preset values and schedules, or use the holiday mode.

Underfloor heating or radiators – Wireless room thermostat

Setup



- A** Main leaving water temperature zone
- B** One single room
- a** Receiver for wireless external room thermostat
- b** Wireless external room thermostat

c Safety thermostat (field supply)

- For more information about connecting the electrical wiring to the unit, see:
 - ["9.2 Connections to the outdoor unit"](#) [▶ 113]
 - ["9.3 Connections to the indoor unit"](#) [▶ 117]
- The underfloor heating or radiators are directly connected to the indoor unit.
- The room temperature is controlled by the wireless external room thermostat (optional equipment EKRTRB).

Configuration

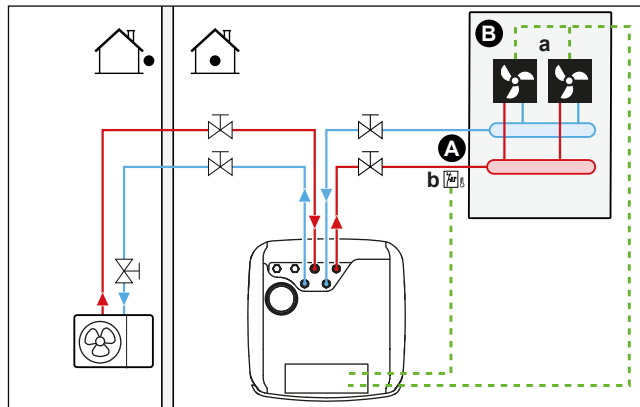
Setting	Value
Unit temperature control: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ #: [1.12] ▪ Field setting code: 041 	1 (External room thermostat): Unit operation is decided by the external thermostat.
Number of water temperature zones: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ #: [3.6] ▪ Field setting code: 155 	0 (Additional zone): Main zone only no additional zone
External room thermostat for the main zone: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ #: [1.13] ▪ Field setting code: 042 	1 (1 contact): When the used external room thermostat or heat pump convector can only send a thermo ON/OFF condition. No separation between heating or cooling demand.
Safety thermostat: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ #: [13] Field setting code: Depends which terminal you choose (see "18 Field settings table" [▶ 248] for more information).	9 (Safety thermostat unit): This is a Field IO connection where you can choose which terminal and pins you want to use (see "9.3.13 To connect the safety thermostat" [▶ 137]).

Benefits

- **Wireless.** The Daikin external room thermostat is available in a wireless version.
- **Efficiency.** Although the external room thermostat only sends ON/OFF signals, it is specifically designed for the heat pump system.
- **Comfort.** In case of underfloor heating, the wireless external room thermostat prevents condensation on the floor during cooling operation by measuring the room humidity.

Heat pump convectors

Setup



- A** Main leaving water temperature zone
- B** One single room
- a** Heat pump convectors (+ controllers)
- b** Safety thermostat (field supply)

- For more information about connecting the electrical wiring to the unit, see:
 - "9.2 Connections to the outdoor unit" [▶ 113]
 - "9.3 Connections to the indoor unit" [▶ 117]
- The heat pump convectors are directly connected to the indoor unit.
- The desired room temperature is set via the controller of the heat pump convectors. There are different controllers and setups possible for the heat pump convectors. For more information, see:
 - The installation manual of the heat pump convectors
 - The installation manual of the heat pump convector options
 - The addendum book for optional equipment
- The space heating/cooling demand signal is sent to one digital input on the indoor unit. See addendum book for optional equipment for the correct reference (main zone: X43M/4 and X43M/5; for additional zone: X43M/4 and X43M/1).
- The space operation mode is sent to the heat pump convectors by one digital output (see "9.3.9 To connect the space cooling/heating ON/OFF output" [▶ 134]) on the indoor unit. This is a **Field IO** connection (see "9.1.6 Field IO connections" [▶ 109]) where you can choose which terminal and pins you want to use.

Configuration

Setting	Value
Unit temperature control: ▪ #: [1.12] ▪ Field setting code: 041	1 (External room thermostat): Unit operation is decided by the external thermostat.
Number of water temperature zones: ▪ #: [3.6] ▪ Field setting code: 155	0 (Additional zone): Main zone only no additional zone

Setting	Value
External room thermostat for the main zone: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ #: [1.13] ▪ Field setting code: 042 	1 (1 contact): When the used external room thermostat or heat pump convector can only send a thermo ON/OFF condition. No separation between heating or cooling demand.
Safety thermostat: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ #: [13] Field setting code: Depends which terminal you choose (see " 18 Field settings table " [▶ 248] for more information).	9 (Safety thermostat unit): This is a Field IO connection where you can choose which terminal and pins you want to use (see " 9.3.13 To connect the safety thermostat " [▶ 137]).

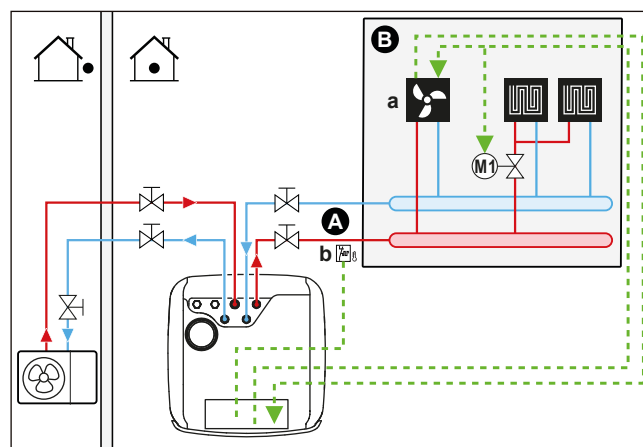
Benefits

- **Cooling.** The heat pump convector offers, besides heating capacity, also excellent cooling capacity.
- **Efficiency.** Optimal energy efficiency because of the interlink function.
- **Stylish.**

Combination: Underfloor heating + Heat pump convectors

- Space heating is provided by:
 - The underfloor heating
 - The heat pump convectors
- Space cooling is provided by the heat pump convectors only. The underfloor heating is shut off by the shut-off valve.

Setup



- A** Main leaving water temperature zone
- B** One single room
- a** Heat pump convectors (+ controllers)
- b** Safety thermostat (field supply)

- For more information about connecting the electrical wiring to the unit, see:
 - "[9.2 Connections to the outdoor unit](#)" [▶ 113]
 - "[9.3 Connections to the indoor unit](#)" [▶ 117]
- The heat pump convectors are directly connected to the indoor unit.
- A shut-off valve (field supply) is installed before the underfloor heating to prevent condensation on the floor during cooling operation.

- The desired room temperature is set via the controller of the heat pump convectors. There are different controllers and setups possible for the heat pump convectors. For more information, see:
 - The installation manual of the heat pump convectors
 - The installation manual of the heat pump convector options
 - The addendum book for optional equipment
- The space heating/cooling demand signal is sent to one digital input on the indoor unit. See addendum book for optional equipment for the correct reference (main zone: X43M/4 and X43M/5; for additional zone: X43M/4 and X43M/1).
- The space operation mode is sent by one digital output (see ["9.3.9 To connect the space cooling/heating ON/OFF output"](#) [▶ 134]) on the indoor unit to:
 - The heat pump convectors
 - The shut-off valve

The signal closes the shut-off valve to prevent condensation on the floor during cooling.

This is a **Field IO** connection (see ["9.1.6 Field IO connections"](#) [▶ 109]) where you can choose which terminal and pins you want to use.

Configuration

Setting	Value
Unit temperature control: ▪ #: [1.12] ▪ Field setting code: 041	1 (External room thermostat): Unit operation is decided by the external thermostat.
Number of water temperature zones: ▪ #: [3.6] ▪ Field setting code: 155	0 (Additional zone): Main zone only no additional zone
External room thermostat for the main zone: ▪ #: [1.13] ▪ Field setting code: 042	1 (1 contact): When the used external room thermostat or heat pump convector can only send a thermo ON/OFF condition. No separation between heating or cooling demand.
Safety thermostat: ▪ #: [13] Field setting code: Depends which terminal you choose (see "18 Field settings table" [▶ 248] for more information).	9 (Safety thermostat unit): This is a Field IO connection where you can choose which terminal and pins you want to use (see "9.3.13 To connect the safety thermostat" [▶ 137]).

Benefits

- **Cooling.** Heat pump convectors provide, besides heating capacity, also excellent cooling capacity.
- **Efficiency.** Underfloor heating has the best performance with the heat pump system.
- **Comfort.** The combination of the two heat emitter types provides:
 - The excellent heating comfort of the underfloor heating
 - The excellent cooling comfort of the heat pump convectors

6.2.2 Multiple rooms – One LWT zone

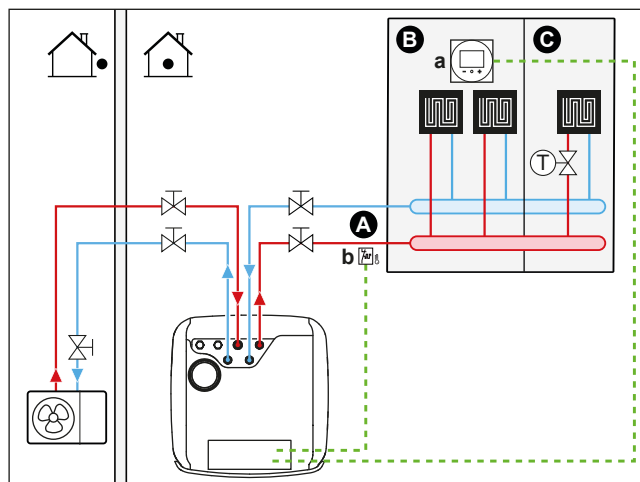
If only one leaving water temperature zone is needed because the design leaving water temperature of all heat emitters is the same, you do NOT need a mixing valve station (cost effective).

Example: If the heat pump system is used to heat up one floor where all the rooms have the same heat emitters.

Underfloor heating or radiators – Thermostatic valves

If you are heating up rooms with underfloor heating or radiators, a very common way is to control the temperature of the main room by using a thermostat (this can either be the dedicated Human Comfort Interface (BRC1HHDA) or an external room thermostat), while the other rooms are controlled by so-called thermostatic valves, which open or close depending on the room temperature.

Setup



- A Main leaving water temperature zone
- B Room 1
- C Room 2
- a Dedicated Human Comfort Interface (BRC1HHDA used as room thermostat)
- b Safety thermostat (field supply)

- For more information about connecting the electrical wiring to the unit, see:
 - "9.2 Connections to the outdoor unit" [▶ 113]
 - "9.3 Connections to the indoor unit" [▶ 117]
- A thermostatic valve is installed before the underfloor heating in each of the other rooms.



INFORMATION

Mind situations where the main room can be heated by another heating source. Example: Fireplaces.

Configuration

Setting	Value
Unit temperature control: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ #: [1.12] ▪ Field setting code: 041 	2 (Room): Unit operation is decided based on the ambient temperature of the dedicated Human Comfort Interface.

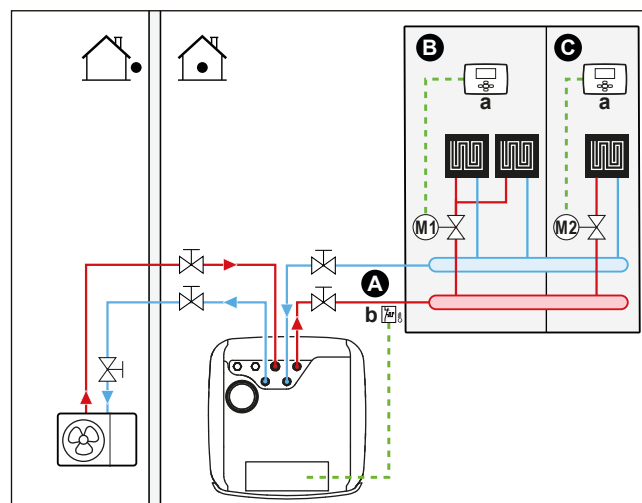
Setting	Value
Number of water temperature zones: ▪ #: [3.6] ▪ Field setting code: 155	0 (Additional zone): Main zone only no additional zone
Safety thermostat: ▪ #: [13] Field setting code: Depends which terminal you choose (see " 18 Field settings table " [▶ 248] for more information).	9 (Safety thermostat unit): This is a Field IO connection where you can choose which terminal and pins you want to use (see " 9.3.13 To connect the safety thermostat " [▶ 137]).

Benefits

- **Easy.** Same installation as for one room, but with thermostatic valves.

Underfloor heating or radiators – Multiple external room thermostats

Setup



- A** Main leaving water temperature zone
- B** Room 1
- C** Room 2
- a** External room thermostat
- b** Safety thermostat (field supply)

- For more information about connecting the electrical wiring to the unit, see:
 - "[9.2 Connections to the outdoor unit](#)" [▶ 113]
 - "[9.3 Connections to the indoor unit](#)" [▶ 117]
- For each room, a shut-off valve (field supplied) is installed to avoid leaving water supply when there is no heating or cooling demand.
- The user interface integrated in the indoor unit decides the space operation mode. Mind that the operation mode on each room thermostat must be set to match the indoor unit.
- The room thermostats are connected to the shut-off valves, but do NOT have to be connected to the indoor unit. The indoor unit will supply leaving water all the time, with the possibility to program a leaving water schedule.

Configuration

Setting	Value
Unit temperature control: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ #: [1.12] ▪ Field setting code: 041 	0 (Leaving water): Unit operation is decided based on the leaving water temperature.
Number of water temperature zones: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ #: [3.6] ▪ Field setting code: 155 	0 (Additional zone): Main zone only no additional zone
Safety thermostat: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ #: [13] Field setting code: Depends which terminal you choose (see " 18 Field settings table " [▶ 248] for more information).	9 (Safety thermostat unit): This is a Field IO connection where you can choose which terminal and pins you want to use (see " 9.3.13 To connect the safety thermostat " [▶ 137]).

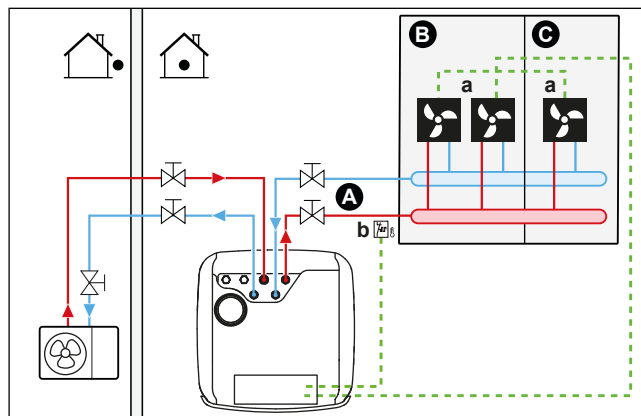
Benefits

Compared with underfloor heating or radiators for one room:

- **Comfort.** You can set the desired room temperature, including schedules, for each room via the room thermostats.

Heat pump convectors – Multiple rooms

Setup



- A Main leaving water temperature zone
- B Room 1
- C Room 2
- a Heat pump convectors (+ controllers)
- b Safety thermostat (field supply)

- For more information about connecting the electrical wiring to the unit, see:
 - "[9.2 Connections to the outdoor unit](#)" [▶ 113]
 - "[9.3 Connections to the indoor unit](#)" [▶ 117]
- The desired room temperature is set via the controller of the heat pump convectors. There are different controllers and setups possible for the heat pump convectors. For more information, see:
 - The installation manual of the heat pump convectors
 - The installation manual of the heat pump convector options
 - The addendum book for optional equipment

- The user interface integrated in the indoor unit decides the space operation mode.
- The heating or cooling demand signals of each heat pump convector are connected in parallel to the digital input on the indoor unit. See addendum book for optional equipment for the correct reference (main zone: X43M/4 and X43M/5; for additional zone: X43M/4 and X43M/1). The indoor unit will only supply leaving water temperature when there is an actual demand.



INFORMATION

To increase comfort and performance, we recommend to install the valve kit option EKVKHPC on each heat pump convector.

Configuration

Setting	Value
Unit temperature control: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ #: [1.12] ▪ Field setting code: 041 	1 (External room thermostat): Unit operation is decided by the external thermostat.
Number of water temperature zones: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ #: [3.6] ▪ Field setting code: 155 	0 (Additional zone): Main zone only no additional zone
Safety thermostat: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ #: [13] Field setting code: Depends which terminal you choose (see " 18 Field settings table " [▶ 248] for more information).	9 (Safety thermostat unit): This is a Field IO connection where you can choose which terminal and pins you want to use (see " 9.3.13 To connect the safety thermostat " [▶ 137]).

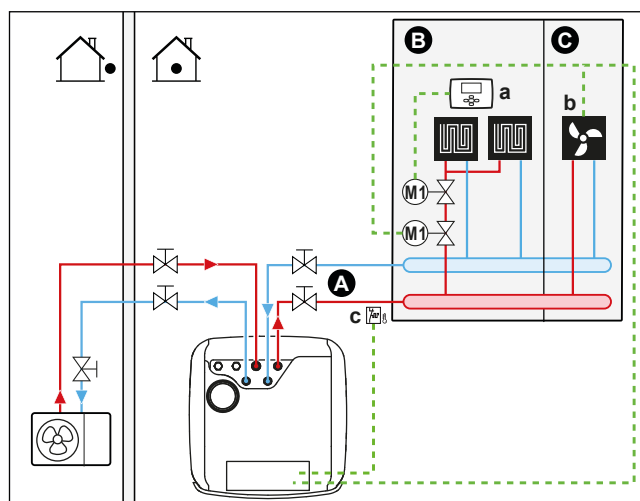
Benefits

Compared with heat pump convectors for one room:

- **Comfort.** You can set the desired room temperature, including schedules, for each room via the remote controller of the heat pump convectors.

Combination: Underfloor heating + Heat pump convectors – Multiple rooms

Setup



A Main leaving water temperature zone
 B Room 1

- C** Room 2
- a** External room thermostat
- b** Heat pump convectors (+ controllers)
- c** Safety thermostat (field supply)

- For more information about connecting the electrical wiring to the unit, see:
 - ["9.2 Connections to the outdoor unit"](#) [▶ 113]
 - ["9.3 Connections to the indoor unit"](#) [▶ 117]
- For each room with heat pump convectors: The heat pump convectors are directly connected to the indoor unit.
- For each room with underfloor heating: Two shut-off valves (field supply) are installed before the underfloor heating:
 - A shut-off valve to prevent hot water supply when the room has no heating demand. The room thermostats are connected to the shut-off valves for the heating demand, but do NOT have to be connected to the indoor unit. The indoor unit will supply leaving water all the time, with the possibility to program a leaving water schedule.
 - A shut-off valve to prevent condensation on the floor during cooling operation of the rooms with heat pump convectors.
- The space operation mode is sent by one digital output (see ["9.3.9 To connect the space cooling/heating ON/OFF output"](#) [▶ 134]) on the indoor unit to:
 - The heat pump convectors
 - The shut-off valve

The signal closes the shut-off valve to prevent condensation on the floor during cooling.

This is a **Field IO** connection (see ["9.1.6 Field IO connections"](#) [▶ 109]) where you can choose which terminal and pins you want to use.

- For each room with heat pump convectors: The desired room temperature is set via the controller of the heat pump convectors. There are different controllers and setups possible for the heat pump convectors. For more information, see:
 - The installation manual of the heat pump convectors
 - The installation manual of the heat pump convector options
 - The addendum book for optional equipment
- For each room with underfloor heating: The desired room temperature is set via the external room thermostat (wired or wireless).
- The user interface integrated in the indoor unit decides the space operation mode. Mind that the operation mode on each external room thermostat and controller of the heat pump convectors must be set to match the indoor unit.



INFORMATION

To increase comfort and performance, we recommend to install the valve kit option EKVKHPC on each heat pump convector.

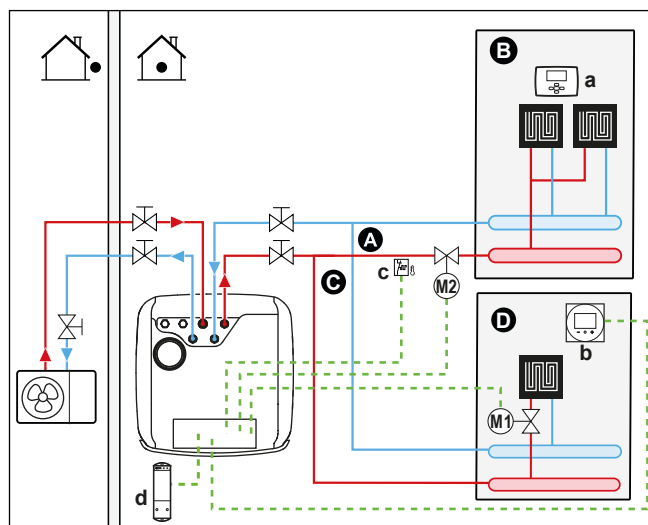
Configuration

Setting	Value
Unit temperature control: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ #: [1.12] ▪ Field setting code: 041 	0 (Leaving water): Unit operation is decided based on the leaving water temperature.

Setting	Value
Number of water temperature zones: ▪ #: [3.6] ▪ Field setting code: 155	0 (Additional zone): Main zone only no additional zone
Safety thermostat: ▪ #: [13] Field setting code: Depends which terminal you choose (see " 18 Field settings table " [▶ 248] for more information).	9 (Safety thermostat unit): This is a Field IO connection where you can choose which terminal and pins you want to use (see " 9.3.13 To connect the safety thermostat " [▶ 137]).

Two zones via shut-off valves

Setup



- A Additional leaving water temperature zone
- B Room 1
- C Main leaving water temperature zone
- D Room 2
- E Room 3
- a External room thermostat
- b Dedicated Human Comfort Interface (BRC1HHDA used as room thermostat)
- c Safety thermostat (field supply)
- d Receiver for wireless external room thermostat

- For more information about connecting the electrical wiring to the unit, see:
 - "[9.2 Connections to the outdoor unit](#)" [▶ 113]
 - "[9.3 Connections to the indoor unit](#)" [▶ 117]
- For each floor with underfloor heating: The desired room temperature is set via the external room thermostat (wired or wireless).
- For the main zone:
 - The room temperature is controlled by the dedicated Human Comfort Interface (BRC1HHDA used as room thermostat). It is recommended that the setpoint for the main zone and the additional zone be set to the same temperature and make sure NOT too low (typically: 20°C).
 - Ensure water circulation is possible in main zone when shut-off valves are closed.

- For the additional zone:
 - The room temperature is controlled by the wireless external room thermostat (optional equipment EKRTTB).
- In cooling mode, you can allow the underfloor heating (main or additional zone) to provide refreshment (no real cooling), or NOT allow it.
 - **If allowed:**

For main zone: Install a shut-off valve (field supply) and connect it to the indoor unit (see ["9.3.5 To connect the shut-off valve"](#) [▶ 129]). The shut of valve will close if the request of the main zone drops.

For additional zone: Install a shut-off valve (field supply) and connect it to the indoor unit (see ["9.3.5 To connect the shut-off valve"](#) [▶ 129]). The shut of valve will close if the request of the additional zone drops.
 - **If NOT allowed:**

For main zone: Install a shut-off valve (field supply) and connect it to the indoor unit (see ["9.3.5 To connect the shut-off valve"](#) [▶ 129]). The shut of valve will close if the request of the main zone drops or if cooling is requested.

For additional zone: Install a shut-off valve (field supply) and connect it to the indoor unit (see ["9.3.5 To connect the shut-off valve"](#) [▶ 129]). The shut of valve will close if the request of the additional zone drops or if cooling is requested.

These connections are Field IO connections (see ["9.1.6 Field IO connections"](#) [▶ 109]) where you can choose which terminal and pins you want to use.

**NOTICE**

If there is a cooling request and the cooling allowance for that zone is OFF, the pump will not operate. However, if you want to enable cooling in that zone while keeping the pump running and only blocking the emitter which doesn't allow cooling via shut-off valve, you need to select the heating/cooling output for that valve in the Field IO (see ["9.3.9 To connect the space cooling/heating ON/OFF output"](#) [▶ 134]).

Configuration

Setting	Value
Unit temperature control main zone <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ #: [1.12] ▪ Field setting code: 041 	2 (Room): Unit operation is decided based on the ambient temperature of the dedicated Human Comfort Interface.
Additional zone: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ #: [2.12] ▪ Field setting code: 057 	1 (External room thermostat): Unit operation is decided by the external thermostat.
In case of heat pump convectors: External room thermostat for the additional zone <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ #: [2.13] ▪ Field setting code: 146 	1 (1 contact): When the used external room thermostat or heat pump convector can only send a thermo ON/OFF condition. No separation between heating or cooling demand. This setting will be standard active.
Number of water temperature zones: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ #: [3.6] ▪ Field setting code: 155 	1 (Additional zone): Main zone + additional zone

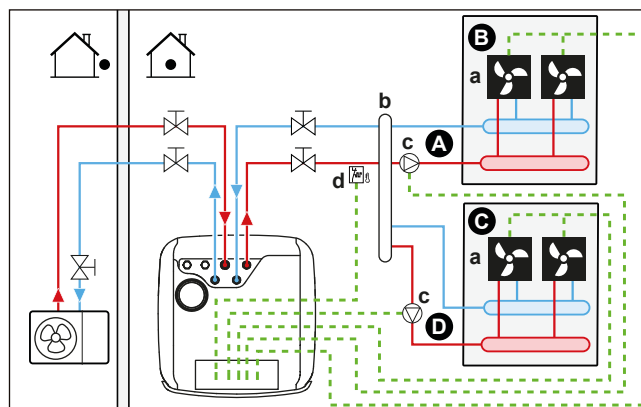
Setting	Value
Shut-off valve <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ #: [13] Field setting code: Depends which terminal and pins you choose (see "18 Field settings table" [▶ 248] for more information).	Main zone: 1 (Main zone shut-off valve) Additional zone: 2 (Add. zone shut-off valve) This is a Field IO connection (see "9.3.5 To connect the shut-off valve" [▶ 129])
Shut-off valve during cooling: Main zone: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ #: [1.16] ▪ Field setting code: 050 Additional zone: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ #: [2.33] ▪ Field setting code: 147 	The shut off valve will close or not during cooling once this setting is ON or OFF for main or additional zone. If NOT allowed: 0 (Cooling allowance): Cooling allowance is OFF. Install a shut-off valve (field supply)(see "9.3.5 To connect the shut-off valve" [▶ 129]). If allowed: 1 (Cooling allowance) Cooling allowance is ON.
Safety thermostat: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ #: [13] Field setting code: Depends which terminal and pins you choose (see "18 Field settings table" [▶ 248] for more information).	9 (Safety thermostat unit) This is a Field IO connection (see "9.3.13 To connect the safety thermostat" [▶ 137]).

Benefits

- **Comfort.** The combination of the two heat emitter types provides:
 - The excellent heating comfort of the underfloor heating
 - The excellent cooling comfort of the heat pump convectors
- **Efficiency.**
 - Zones can be excluded if the requirement for this zone falls via shut-off valves.

Two zones via buffer vessel and 2 pumps

Setup



- A Additional leaving water temperature zone
- B Room 1

- C** Room 2
- D** Main leaving water temperature zone
- a** Heat pump convectors (+ controllers)
- b** Buffer vessel
- c** Pump
- d** Safety thermostat (field supply)

- For more information about connecting the electrical wiring to the unit, see:
 - ["9.2 Connections to the outdoor unit"](#) [▶ 113]
 - ["9.3 Connections to the indoor unit"](#) [▶ 117]
- For each room with heat pump convectors: The heat pump convectors are directly connected to the indoor unit.
- Install a buffer vessel (field supply) before the main and additional zone.
- For the main zone:
 - Install an external pump (field supply) in the main zone and connected to the indoor unit (see ["9.3.6 To connect the pumps \(DHW pump and/or external pumps\)"](#) [▶ 131]).
 - It is recommended that the setpoint for the main zone and the additional zone be set to the same temperature and make sure NOT too low (typically:20°C).
 - The desired room temperature is set via the controller of the heat pump convectors. There are different controllers and setups possible for the heat pump convectors. For more information, see:
The installation manual of the heat pump convectors
The installation manual of the heat pump convector options
The addendum book for optional equipment
 - The heating or cooling demand signals of each heat pump convector are connected in parallel to the digital input on the indoor unit. See addendum book for optional equipment for the correct reference (main zone: X43M/4 and X43M/5; for additional zone: X43M/4 and X43M/1).The indoor unit will only supply the desired additional leaving water temperature when there is an actual demand.
- For the additional zone:
 - Install an external pump (field supply) in the additional zone and connected to the indoor unit (see ["9.3.6 To connect the pumps \(DHW pump and/or external pumps\)"](#) [▶ 131]).
 - The desired room temperature is set via the controller of the heat pump convectors. There are different controllers and setups possible for the heat pump convectors. For more information, see:
The installation manual of the heat pump convectors
The installation manual of the heat pump convector options
The addendum book for optional equipment
 - The heating or cooling demand signals of each heat pump convector are connected in parallel to the digital input on the indoor unit. See addendum book for optional equipment for the correct reference (main zone: X43M/4 and X43M/5; for additional zone: X43M/4 and X43M/1).The indoor unit will only supply the desired additional leaving water temperature when there is an actual demand.

Configuration

Setting	Value
Unit temperature control main zone <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ #: [1.12] ▪ Field setting code: 041 	2 (Room): Unit operation is decided based on the ambient temperature of the dedicated Human Comfort Interface.
Additional zone: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ #: [2.12] Field setting code: 057	1 (External room thermostat): Unit operation is decided by the external thermostat.
In case of heat pump convectors: External room thermostat for the additional zone <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ #: [2.13] ▪ Field setting code: 146 	1 (1 contact): When the used external room thermostat or heat pump convector can only send a thermo ON/OFF condition. No separation between heating or cooling demand. This setting will be standard active.
Number of water temperature zones: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ #: [3.6] ▪ Field setting code: 155 	1 (Additional zone): Main zone + additional zone
External pump main zone: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ #: [13] ▪ Field setting code: Depends which terminal and pins you choose (see "18 Field settings table" [▶ 248] for more information). 	12 (C/H pump ext. main) This is a Field IO connection (see "9.3.6 To connect the pumps (DHW pump and/or external pumps)" [▶ 131])
External pump additional zone: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ #: [13] ▪ Field setting code: Depends which terminal and pins you choose (see "18 Field settings table" [▶ 248] for more information). 	13 (C/H pump ext. add.) This is a Field IO connection (see "9.3.6 To connect the pumps (DHW pump and/or external pumps)" [▶ 131])
Bizone system type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ #: [3.13.1] Field setting code: 008	1 (Decoupled)
Safety thermostat: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ #: [13] ▪ Field setting code: Depends which terminal and pins you choose (see "18 Field settings table" [▶ 248] for more information). 	9 (Safety thermostat unit) This is a Field IO connection (see "9.3.13 To connect the safety thermostat" [▶ 137]).



NOTICE


If only one pump is included which is commonly used for the main or additional zone, then install a pump (field supply) and connect it to the correct **Field IO** ([13] - C/H secondary pump). The pump will be activated when there is a request from one of the zones (main or additional).

6.2.3 Multiple rooms – Two LWT zones

If the heat emitters selected for each room are designed for different leaving water temperatures, you can use different leaving water temperature zones (maximum 2).

In this document:

- Main zone = Zone with the lowest design temperature in heating, and the highest design temperature in cooling
- Additional zone = Zone with the highest design temperature in heating, and the lowest design temperature in cooling



CAUTION

If there is more than one leaving water zone, ALWAYS install a mixing valve station in the main zone to decrease (in heating)/increase (in cooling) the leaving water temperature when the additional zone has demand.

Typical example:

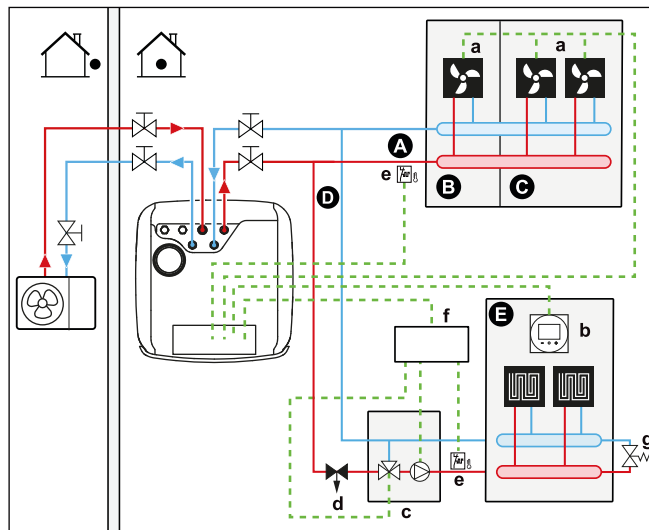
Room (zone)	Heat emitters: Design temperature
Living room (main zone)	Underfloor heating: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ In heating: 35°C ▪ In cooling^(a): 20°C (only refreshment, no real cooling allowed)
Bed rooms (additional zone)	Heat pump convectors: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ In heating: 45°C ▪ In cooling: 12°C

^(a) In cooling mode, you can allow the underfloor heating (main zone) to provide refreshment (no real cooling), or NOT allow it. See setup below.

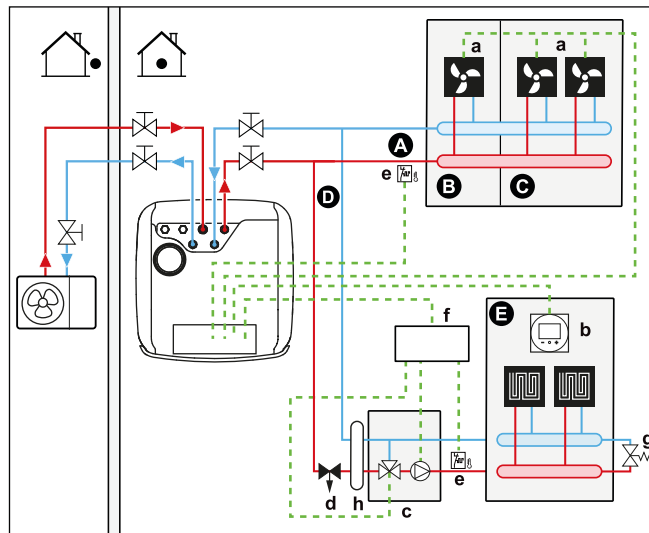
Setup

Three bizon system kit system variations are possible:

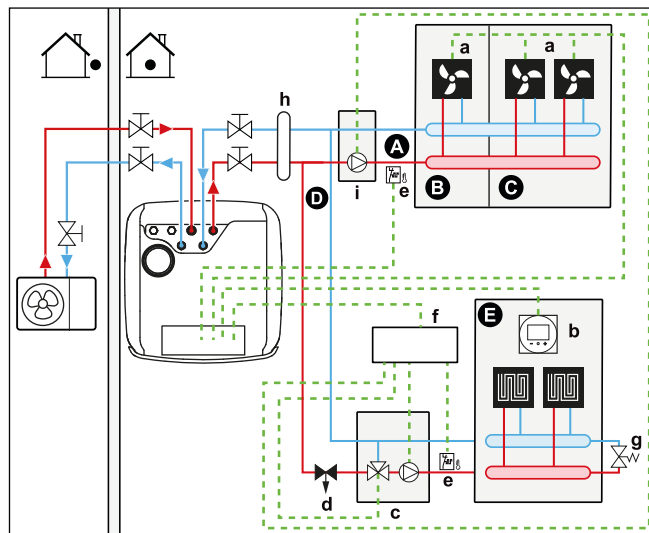
- 1 System without hydraulic separator:



- 2 System with hydraulic separator for main zone:



- 3 System with hydraulic separator for both zones:
For this system, a direct pump is required for the additional zone.



- A Additional leaving water temperature zone
- B Room 1
- C Room 2
- D Main leaving water temperature zone
- E Room 3
- a Heat pump convectors (+ controllers)
- b Dedicated Human Comfort Interface (BRC1HHDA used as room thermostat)
- c Mixing valve station
- d Pressure regulating valve (field supply)
- e Safety thermostat (field supply)
- f Bizon kit control box (EKMIKPOA)
- g Bypass valve
- h Hydraulic separator (balancing bottle)
- i Direct pump (for additional zone) (e.g. unmixed pump group EKMIKHUA)



INFORMATION

A pressure regulating valve should be implemented before the mixing valve station. This is to guarantee the correct water flow balance between the main leaving water temperature zone and the additional leaving water temperature zone in relation to the required capacity of both water temperature zones.

- For the main zone:
 - The mixing valve station (including pump + mixing valve) is installed before the underfloor heating.
 - The mixing valve station is controlled by the bizona kit controller (EKMIKPOA) based on the heating request of the room.
 - The room temperature is controlled by the dedicated Human Comfort Interface (BRC1HHDA used as room thermostat).
 - Ensure water circulation is possible in main zone when shut-off valves are closed
- For the additional zone:
 - The desired room temperature is set via the controller of the heat pump convectors. There are different controllers and setups possible for the heat pump convectors. For more information, see:
 - The installation manual of the heat pump convectors
 - The installation manual of the heat pump convector options
 - The addendum book for optional equipment
 - The heating or cooling demand signals of each heat pump convector are connected in parallel to the digital input on the indoor unit. See addendum book for optional equipment for the correct reference (main zone: X43M/4 and X43M/5; for additional zone: X43M/4 and X43M/1). The indoor unit will only supply the desired additional leaving water temperature when there is an actual demand.
- In cooling mode, you can allow the underfloor heating (main or additional zone) to provide refreshment (no real cooling), or NOT allow it.
 - **If allowed:**
 - Do NOT install a shut-off valve.
 - **If NOT allowed:**
 - For main zone: The pump of the mixing kit will not operate if the request of the main zone drops or if cooling is requested.
 - For additional zone: Install a shut-off valve (field supply) when no direct pump (field supply) is connected. Connect the shut-off valve to the indoor unit (see ["9.3.5 To connect the shut-off valve"](#) [▶ 129]). The shut-off valve will close if the request of the additional zone drops or if cooling is requested. If a direct pump is installed, the pump will stop if the request of the additional zone drops or if cooling is requested. Connect the direct pump to the Bizona kit control box (EKMIKPOA).
 - This connections are Field IO connections (see ["9.1.6 Field IO connections"](#) [▶ 109]) where you can choose which terminal pins you want to use.



NOTICE

When using high volume buffer vessels, it is NOT recommended to use normally open shut-off valves. When a communication error occurs, normally open shut-off valves will go into an open position, in which case it is possible that cold water can enter the circuit which does NOT allow cooling.

Configuration

Setting	Value
Unit temperature control main zone <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ #: [1.12] ▪ Field setting code: 041 	2 (Room): Unit operation is decided based on the ambient temperature of the dedicated Human Comfort Interface.
Additional zone: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ #: [2.12] Field setting code: 057	1 (External room thermostat): Unit operation is decided by the external thermostat.
In case of heat pump convectors: External room thermostat for the additional zone <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ #: [2.13] Field setting code: 146	1 (1 contact): When the used external room thermostat or heat pump convector can only send a thermo ON/OFF condition. No separation between heating or cooling demand. This setting will be standard active.
Number of water temperature zones: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ #: [3.6] ▪ Field setting code: 155 	1 (Additional zone): Main zone + additional zone
Bizone kit installed: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ #: [3.13.5] ▪ Field setting code: 099 	1 (Yes): A bizone kit is installed in order to add an additional temperature zone.
Bizone system type: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ #: [3.13.1] ▪ Field setting code: 008 	0 (Not decoupled): See system variation 1 described above 1 (Decoupled): See system variation 2 and 3 described above
Shut-off valve (if cooling is not allowed) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ #: [13] Field setting code: Depends on which terminal you choose (see " 18 Field settings table " [▶ 248] for more information).	Additional zone: 2 (Add. zone shut-off valve) This is a Field IO connection where you can choose which terminal and pins you want to use (see " 9.3.5 To connect the shut-off valve " [▶ 129]).
Pump during cooling for main zone: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ #: [1.16] ▪ Field setting code: 050 Pump or shut-off valve during cooling for additional zone: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ #: [2.33] ▪ Field setting code: 147 	Main zone: the pump will stop during cooling if the cooling allowance for the main zone is OFF. Additional zone: the pump will stop or the shut-off valve will close during cooling if the cooling allowance for the main zone is OFF. If NOT allowed: 0 (Cooling allowance): Cooling allowance is OFF. If allowed: 1 (Cooling allowance) Cooling allowance is ON.
Safety thermostat main zone:	To be connected to the Bizone kit control box (EKMIKPOA).

Setting	Value
Safety thermostat additional zone: ▪ #: [13] Field setting code: Depends on which terminal you choose (see " 18 Field settings table " [▶ 248] for more information).	To be connected to the unit 9 (Safety thermostat unit): This is a Field IO connection where you can choose which terminal and pins you want to use (see " 9.3.13 To connect the safety thermostat " [▶ 137]).

For more information on configuration of the bizon kit, see [3.13] **Bizone kit** in the "Settings" chapter of the configuration reference guide.

Benefits

- **Comfort.**
 - The combination of the two heat emitter systems provides the excellent heating comfort of the underfloor heating, and the excellent cooling comfort of the heat pump convectors.
- **Efficiency.**
 - Depending on the demand, the indoor unit supplies different leaving water temperature matching the design temperature of the different heat emitters.
 - Underfloor heating has the best performance with the heat pump system.

6.3 Setting up bivalent heat sources

The unit with integrated energy storage tank offers various possibilities to incorporate auxiliary and bivalent heat sources for domestic hot water and space heating. This allows to optimize the system for minimum energy consumption and maximum user comfort for each individual installation.

6.3.1 Setting up a direct auxiliary heat source for space heating



INFORMATION

Direct (SH) is only possible in case of 1 leaving water temperature zone with:

- room thermostat control, OR
- external room thermostat control.

- Space heating can be done by:
 - The indoor unit
 - An auxiliary boiler (field supply) connected to the system
- When there is a heating request, the indoor unit or the auxiliary boiler starts operating. Which of these units operates, depends on the outdoor temperature (status of the changeover to external heat source). When the permission is given to the auxiliary boiler, the space heating by the indoor unit is turned OFF.
- Bivalent operation is only possible if space heating is turned ON.
- Domestic hot water is always produced by the storage tank from the indoor unit.



INFORMATION

- During heating operation of the heat pump, the heat pump operates to achieve the desired temperature set via the user interface. When weather-dependent operation is active, the water temperature is determined automatically depending on the outdoor temperature.
- During heating operation of the auxiliary boiler, the auxiliary boiler operates to achieve the desired water temperature set via the auxiliary boiler controller.
- Make sure the boiler target temperature is in line with the unit target temperature, which depends on the overheating setpoint.



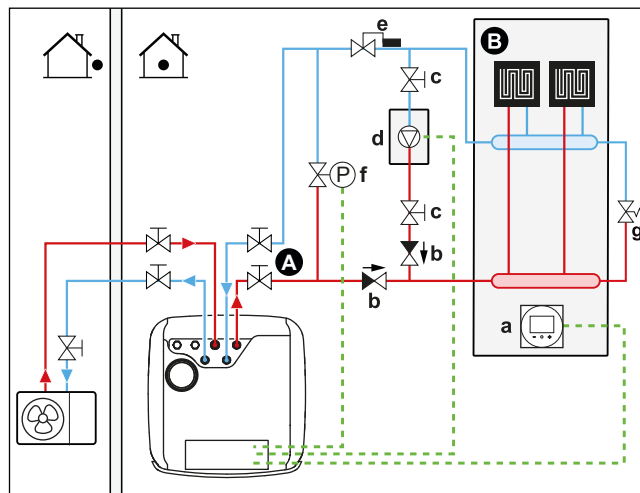
INFORMATION

The maximum leaving water temperature is decided based on setting [3.12] **Overheating setpoint**. This limit defines the maximum leaving water **in the system**. Depending on the value of this setting, the maximum LWT setpoint will also be reduced by 5°C to allow stable control towards the setpoint.

The maximum leaving water temperature **in the main zone** is decided based on setting [1.19] **Overheating water circuit**, only in case [3.13.5] **Bizone kit installed** is enabled. This limit defines the maximum leaving water **in the main zone**. Depending on the value of this setting, the maximum LWT setpoint will also be reduced by 5°C to allow stable control towards the setpoint.

Setup

- Integrate the direct (SH) auxiliary boiler as follows:



- A Main leaving water temperature zone
- B One single room
- a Dedicated Human Comfort Interface (BRC1HHDA used as room thermostat)
- b Non-return valve (field supply)
- c Shut-off valve (field supply)
- d Auxiliary boiler (field supply)
- e Aquastat valve (field supply)
- f Bypass valve controlled (field supply)
- g Bypass valve mechanical (field supply)



NOTICE

- Make sure the auxiliary boiler and its integration in the system complies with applicable legislation.
- Daikin is NOT responsible for incorrect or unsafe situations in the auxiliary boiler system.

- Make sure the return water to the heat pump does NOT exceed 75°C. To do so:
 - Set the desired water temperature via the auxiliary boiler controller to maximum 75°C.
 - Install an aquastat valve in the return water flow of the heat pump. Set the aquastat valve to close above 75°C and to open below 75°C.
- Install non-return valves.
- Install a 2-way valve (bypass valve controlled by the indoor unit). See ["9.3.11 To connect the bivalent bypass valve"](#) [▶ 135]. This is a **Field IO** connection (**Bivalent bypass valve**).
 During bivalent operation of the auxiliary boiler and during the post-run time of the boiler pump (setting [5.14.6] **Post-run timer**, make sure this setting matches the post-run time of the boiler pump), the indoor unit will open this valve. When opened, the heat pump can bypass the auxiliary boiler, thereby maintaining the minimum water flow required for the water pipe freeze protection.
- The external heat source (auxiliary boiler) is controlled by the ON/OFF signal on the indoor unit. See ["9.3.10 To connect the changeover to external heat source"](#) [▶ 134]. This is a **Field IO** connection (see ["9.1.6 Field IO connections"](#) [▶ 109]) where you can choose which terminal and pins you want to use.
- To setup the heat emitters, see ["6.2 Setting up the space heating/cooling system"](#) [▶ 36].

Configuration

Setting	Value
Bivalent boiler: ▪ #: [5.37] Field setting code: 093	1(Bivalent present) : The bivalent boiler for space heating is installed and allowed to operate.
Hysteresis on the outdoor temperature: ▪ #: [5.14.4] Field setting code: 021	3 (Bivalent hysteresis) : Hysteresis on the outdoor temperature for the changeover from heat pump to bivalent/tank boiler. Range 2~10°C, step range 1°C
Operation range: ▪ #: [5.14.2] Field setting code: Lower temperature limit: 024 Higher temperature limit: 023	Lower temperature limit: 0 Higher temperature limit: 5 Choose the low and high outdoor temperature limit where the heat pump changeover to the auxiliary heat source. For more information see configuration reference guide.

Setting	Value
Post-run timer: ▪ #: [5.14.6] Field setting code: 025	600 seconds (Post-run timer): Defines the minimum time the bivalent boiler pump in space heating stays on after the request has stopped. This timer is triggered from the moment bivalent is switched OFF. It prevents going to another mode as long as the timer is running. During this time the bivalent bypass valve remains open to ensure flow over the indoor unit. Note: It is possible that when two pumps operate in parallel circuits, one of the two circuits may experience no flow. This setting will have to be adapted according to the post-run timer of the boiler pump when the request stops. Please check with the boiler manufacturer for the correct value. Range 0~1500 seconds, step range 1 second
External heat source: ▪ #: [13] Field setting code: Depends which terminal and pins you choose (see "18 Field settings table" [▶ 248] for more information).	4 (External heat source) This is a Field IO connection (see "9.3.10 To connect the changeover to external heat source" [▶ 134])
Bivalent bypass valve: ▪ #: [13] Field setting code: Depends which terminal and pins you choose (see "18 Field settings table" [▶ 248] for more information).	9 (Bivalent bypass valve) This is a Field IO connection (see "9.3.11 To connect the bivalent bypass valve" [▶ 135])



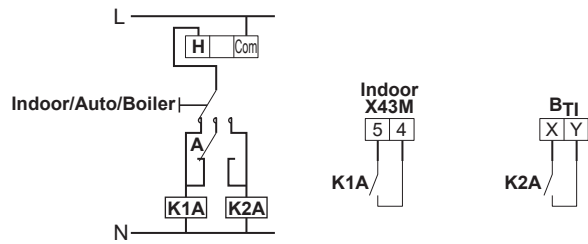
NOTICE

- Make sure the bivalent hysteresis has enough differential to prevent frequent changeover between indoor unit and auxiliary boiler.
- Because the outdoor temperature is measured by the outdoor unit air thermistor, install the outdoor unit in the shadow so that it is NOT influenced or turned ON/OFF by direct sunlight.
- Frequent changeover may cause corrosion of the auxiliary boiler. Contact the manufacturer of the auxiliary boiler for more information.

Changeover to external heat source decided by an auxiliary contact

- The auxiliary contact can be:
 - An outdoor temperature thermostat
 - An electricity tariff contact
 - A manually operated contact
 - ...

- Setup: Connect the following field wiring:



- B_{Ti}** Boiler thermostat input
- A** Auxiliary contact (normally closed)
- H** Heating demand room thermostat (optional)
- K1A** Auxiliary relay for activation of indoor unit (field supply)
- K2A** Auxiliary relay for activation of boiler (field supply)
- Indoor** Indoor unit
- Auto** Automatic
- Boiler** Boiler



NOTICE

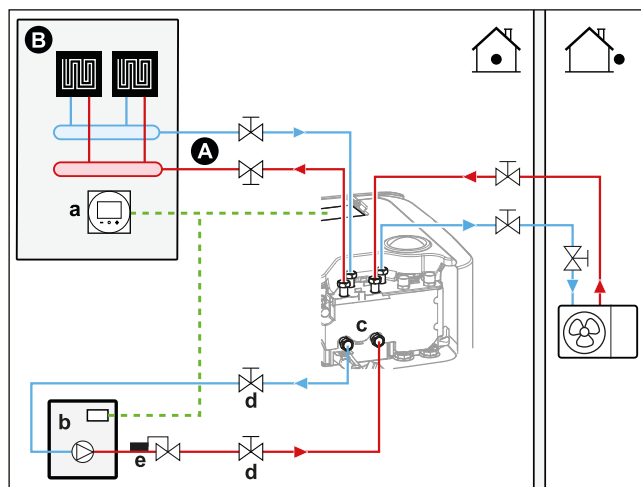
- Make sure the auxiliary contact has enough differential or time delay to prevent frequent changeover between indoor unit and auxiliary boiler.
- If the auxiliary contact is an outdoor temperature thermostat, install the thermostat in the shadow so that it is NOT influenced or turned ON/OFF by direct sunlight.
- Frequent changeover may cause corrosion of the auxiliary boiler. Contact the manufacturer of the auxiliary boiler for more information.

6.3.2 Setting up an indirect auxiliary heat source for domestic hot water and space heating

The auxiliary boiler (field supply) is connected to the storage tank and controlled by the ON/OFF signal on the indoor unit. It can do the domestic hot water heating and, if allowed by the user, space heating via tank heating support. Whether heat pump or auxiliary boiler operates, depends on outdoor and storage tank temperatures.

Setup

- 1 Integrate the auxiliary boiler as follows:



- A** Main leaving water temperature zone
- B** One single room
- a** Dedicated Human Comfort Interface (BRC1HHDA used as room thermostat)
- b** Auxiliary boiler (field supply)
- d** Shut-off valve (field supply)

e Aquastat valve (field supply)

**NOTICE**

- Make sure the auxiliary boiler and its integration in the system complies with applicable legislation.
- Daikin is NOT responsible for incorrect or unsafe situations in the auxiliary boiler system.

- Make sure the return water to the storage tank does NOT exceed 95°C. To do so:
 - Set the desired water temperature via the auxiliary boiler controller to maximum 95°C.
 - Install an aquastat valve in the return water flow of the heat pump. Set the aquastat valve to close above 95°C and to open below 95°C.
- The external heat source (auxiliary boiler) is controlled by the ON/OFF signal on the indoor unit. See "[9.3.10 To connect the changeover to external heat source](#)" [▶ 134]. This is a **Field IO** connection (see "[9.1.6 Field IO connections](#)" [▶ 109]) where you can choose which terminal and pins you want to use.

Configuration

Setting	Value
Bivalent boiler: ▪ #: [5.37] Field setting code: 093	1(Bivalent present): The bivalent boiler for space heating is installed and allowed to operate.
Hysteresis on the outdoor temperature: ▪ #: [5.14.4] Field setting code: 021	3 (Bivalent hysteresis): Hysteresis on the outdoor temperature for the changeover from heat pump to bivalent/tank boiler. Range 2~10°C, step range 1°C
Operation range: ▪ #: [5.14.2] Field setting code: Lower temperature limit: 024 Higher temperature limit: 023	Lower temperature limit: 0 Higher temperature limit: 5 Choose the low and high outdoor temperature limit where the heat pump changeover to the auxiliary heat source. For more information see configuration reference guide.

Setting	Value
Post-run timer: ▪ #: [5.14.6] Field setting code: 025	600 seconds (Post-run timer): Defines the minimum time the bivalent boiler pump in space heating stays on after the request has stopped. This timer is triggered from the moment bivalent is switched OFF. It prevents going to another mode as long as the timer is running. During this time the bivalent bypass valve remains open to ensure flow over the indoor unit. Note: It is possible that when two pumps operate in parallel circuits, one of the two circuits may experience no flow. This setting will have to be adapted according to the post-run timer of the boiler pump when the request stops. Please check with the boiler manufacturer for the correct value. Range 0~1500 seconds, step range 1 second
External heat source: ▪ #: [13] Field setting code: Depends which terminal and pins you choose (see "18 Field settings table" [▶ 248] for more information).	4 (External heat source) This is a Field IO connection (see "9.3.10 To connect the changeover to external heat source" [▶ 134])



NOTICE

- Because the outdoor temperature is measured by the outdoor unit air thermistor, install the outdoor unit in the shadow so that it is NOT influenced or turned ON/OFF by direct sunlight.
- Frequent changeover may cause corrosion of the auxiliary boiler.

6.3.3 Setting up a solar system via drainback connection

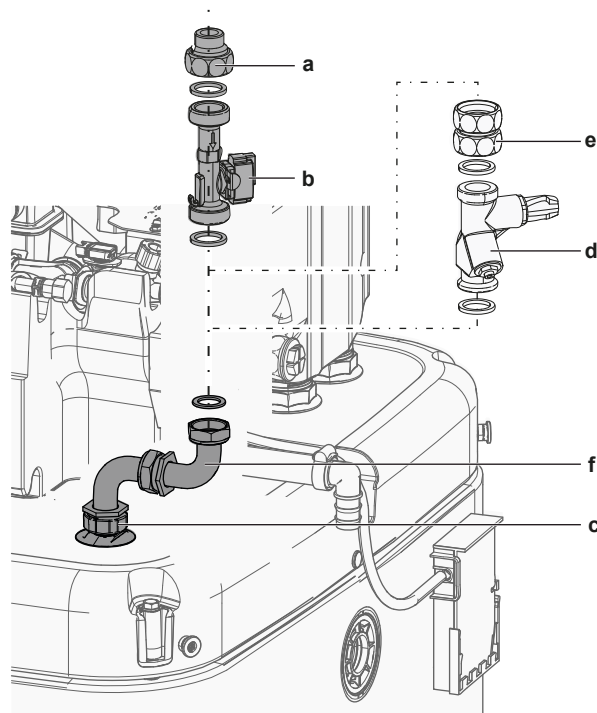
A pressureless solar system can be directly connected to the storage tank via drainback connection.

For installation instructions, see the installation manual of the regulation and pump unit for solar systems (EKS RPS4*).

For installation instructions, see the installation manual of the solar drainback kit (EKECDBCO3A*).

Setup

- 1 Integrate the solar system as follows:



- a Drainback solar flow connection (EKSRRS4*)
- b Flow sensor (EKSRRS4*)
- c Drainback connection (EKECDBC03A*)
- d Flow regulating valve (optional)
- e Coupling assy (optional)
- f Drainback connection kit (EKECDBC03A*)



CAUTION

The solar panels **MUST** be installed higher than the indoor unit. A downward slope with minimum gradient of the solar piping **MUST** be guaranteed. This is to allow the solar system to completely drain and thereby to avoid frost damages.

Configuration



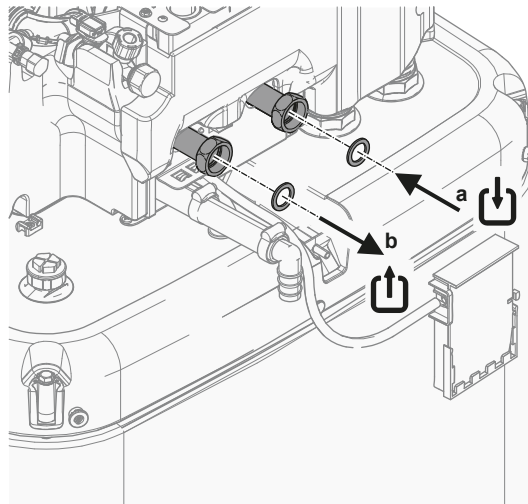
INFORMATION

This functionality is **NOT** available in early versions of the user interface software.

6.3.4 Setting up a solar system via bivalent heat exchanger

Setup

- 1 Integrate the solar system as follows:



- a Bivalent heat exchanger IN
- b Bivalent heat exchanger OUT

Configuration

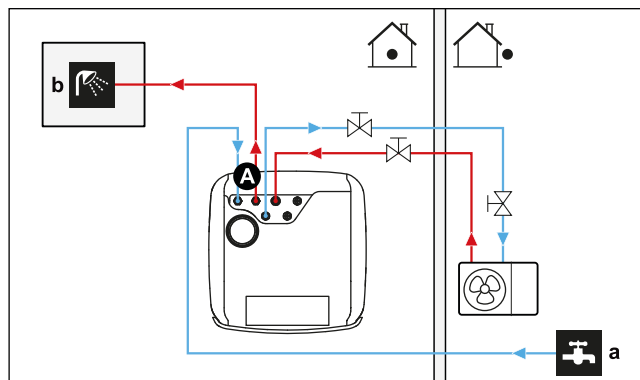
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INFORMATION

This functionality is NOT available in early versions of the user interface software.

6.4 Setting up the storage tank

6.4.1 System layout – Integrated storage tank



- A Domestic hot water
- a Cold water IN
- b Hot water OUT

6.4.2 Selecting the volume and desired temperature for the storage tank

People experience water as hot when its temperature is 40°C. Therefore, the DHW consumption is always expressed as equivalent hot water volume at 40°C. However, you can set the storage tank temperature at a higher temperature (example: 53°C), which is then mixed with cold water (example: 15°C). The resulting domestic hot water temperature depends on this setpoint as well as the actual storage tank temperature.

Determining the DHW consumption

Answer the following questions and calculate the DHW consumption (equivalent hot water volume at 40°C) using typical water volumes:

Question	Typical water volume
How many showers are needed per day?	1 shower = 10 min×10 l/min = 100 l
How many baths are needed per day?	1 bath = 150 l
How much water is needed at the kitchen sink per day?	1 sink = 2 min×5 l/min = 10 l
Are there any other domestic hot water needs?	—

Example: If the DHW consumption of a family (4 persons) per day is as follows:

- 3 showers
- 1 bath
- 3 sink volumes

Then the DHW consumption = (3×100 l)+(1×150 l)+(3×10 l)=480 l

Possible storage tank volumes

Type	Equivalent hot water volume at 40°C
Integrated storage tank	Approximate values of equivalent hot water volume at 40°C for setpoint of the storage tank in average climate <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ 300 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 48°C: ~155 l of mixed water at 40°C ▪ 500 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 47°C: ~236 l of mixed water at 40°C

Energy saving tips

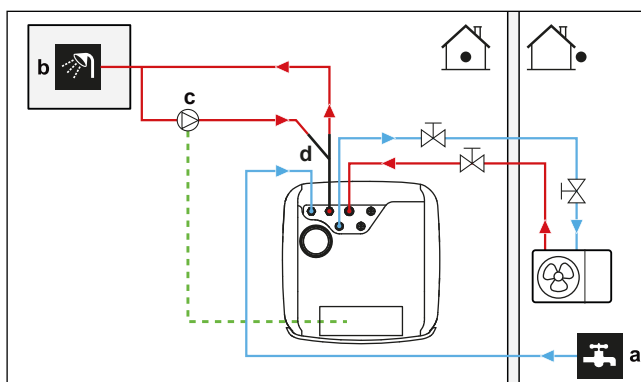
- If the DHW consumption differs from day to day, you can program a weekly schedule with different desired storage tank temperatures for each day.
- The lower the desired storage tank temperature, the more cost effective. By selecting a larger storage tank, you can lower the desired storage tank temperature.
- The heat pump itself can produce domestic hot water of maximum 63°C (57°C if outdoor temperature is low). The electrical resistance integrated in the heat pump can increase this temperature. However, this consumes more energy. We recommend to set the desired DHW tank temperature below 63°C to avoid using the electrical resistance.
- The higher the outdoor temperature, the better the performance of the heat pump.
 - If energy prices are the same during the day and the night, we recommend to heat up the storage tank during the day.
 - If energy prices are lower during the night, we recommend to heat up the storage tank during the night.
- When the heat pump produces domestic hot water, it cannot heat up a space. In case you need domestic hot water and space heating at the same, we recommend to produce the domestic hot water during the night when there is lower space heating demand.

6.4.3 Setup and configuration – storage tank

- For large DHW consumptions, you can heat up the storage tank several times during the day.
- To heat up the storage tank to the desired storage tank temperature, you can use the following energy sources:
 - Thermodynamic cycle of the heat pump
 - Electrical backup heater
 - Bivalent heat source, see "6.3 Setting up bivalent heat sources" [▶ 56]
- For more information about optimizing the energy consumption for producing domestic hot water, see "10 Configuration" [▶ 147].

6.4.4 DHW pump for instant hot water

Setup



- a Cold water IN
- b Hot water OUT (shower (field supply))
- c DHW pump (field supply)
- d Recirculation kit (141554) (optional)

- By connecting a DHW pump, instant hot water can be available at the tap.
- The DHW pump and the installation are field supply and the responsibility of the installer. For the electrical wiring, see "9.3.6 To connect the pumps (DHW pump and/or external pumps)" [▶ 131].
- For installation instructions of the optional recirculation connection, see the installation manual of the recirculation kit (141554).

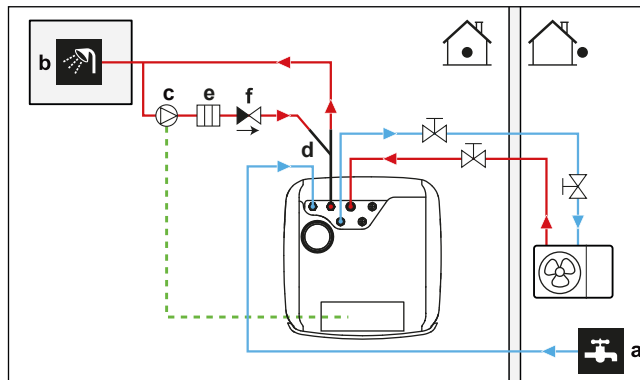
Configuration

Setting	Value
DHW pump:	1 (Instant hot water): DHW pump will start running when the instant hot water schedule is active.
▪ #: [4.13]	
▪ Field setting code: 149	

- You can program a schedule to control the DHW pump via the user interface. For more information, see the configuration reference guide.

6.4.5 DHW pump for disinfection

Setup



- a Cold water IN
- b Hot water OUT (shower (field supply))
- c DHW pump (field supply)
- d Recirculation kit (141554) (optional)
- e Heater element (field supply)
- f Non-return valve (field supply)

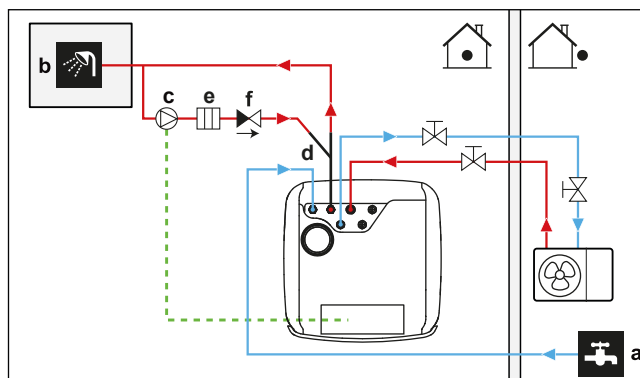
- The DHW pump and the installation are field supply and the responsibility of the installer. For the electrical wiring, see "9.3.6 To connect the pumps (DHW pump and/or external pumps)" [▶ 131].
- If the applicable legislation requires a higher temperature than the maximum tank setpoint during disinfection (see field setting 073), you can connect a DHW pump and heater element as shown above.
- If applicable legislation requires disinfection of the water piping until the tapping point, you can connect a DHW pump and heater element (if needed) as shown above.

Configuration

Setting	Value
DHW pump:	2 (Disinfection): DHW pump will start running when the disinfection operation is active
▪ #: [4.13]	
▪ Field setting code: 149	

6.4.6 DHW pump for instant hot water and disinfection

Setup



- a Cold water IN
- b Hot water OUT (shower (field supply))
- c DHW pump (field supply)
- d Recirculation kit (141554) (optional)
- e Heater element (field supply)

f Non-return valve (field supply)

- The DHW pump and the installation are field supply and the responsibility of the installer. For the electrical wiring, see "9.3.6 To connect the pumps (DHW pump and/or external pumps)" [▶ 131].
- If the applicable legislation requires a higher temperature than the maximum tank setpoint during disinfection (see field setting 073), you can connect a DHW pump and heater element as shown above.
- If applicable legislation requires disinfection of the water piping until the tapping point, you can connect a DHW pump and heater element (if needed) as shown above.

Configuration

Setting	Value
DHW pump: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ #: [4.13] ▪ Field setting code: 149 	3 (Both): DHW pump will start running when the disinfection operation is active or when the instant hot water schedule is active.

- You can program a schedule to control the DHW pump via the user interface. For more information, see the configuration reference guide.

6.5 Setting up the power consumption control



NOTICE

Imposed power limit. You can define a maximum limit to the power consumption of the heat pump and the electrical heat sources in different ways.

1. Via hardware contact:

- Install a Smart Grid meter.
- Set [9.14.1] = **Smart Meter Contact**.
- Define the imposed power limit in [9.14.7] **Smart meter limit**.

2. Via Modbus:

- Use holding register 58: Imposed power limit.

3. Via Cloud: Momentarily, only available for business-to-business integrators. For more information, see <https://developer.cloud.daikineurope.com>.

- Use the ONECTA cloud API to define the imposed power limit.

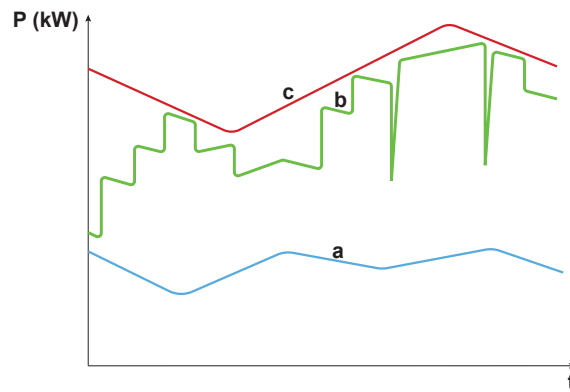
Note:

- The imposed power limit can be ignored when the unit runs protective functions (defrost, water pipe freeze prevention, start-up control, maintenance mode).
- If the power limit is too strict to allow start-up or defrost operation, the heat pump will not operate.
- If the power limit is not too strict to allow start-up or defrost operation, the heat pump will operate. However, if the limit is exceeded for too long during operation modes other than start-up or defrost, the unit will stop operating.
- If the backup heater needs to support for protective reasons, the backup heater will kick in with at least a capacity of 2 kW (to ensure reliable operation) even if the power limit would be exceeded.

The imposed power limit command can come from multiple inputs:

- From a Smart Meter Contact control system.
- From an external communication input, like Modbus or Cloud. These inputs can come from, for example, some EMS (Energy Management Systems).

Note: The smart meter limit and the Modbus/Cloud limit cannot be combined.



- a** Heat pump
- b** Backup heater
- c** Imposed power limit
- t** Time
- P** Power (kW)

The imposed power limit is applied dynamically. The moment that the limit is applied, the power consumption of the different heat sources is checked. Depending on the power consumption at that time, the heat source is enabled or disabled. All available heat sources are used as much as possible, up to the imposed limit value, based on different priority levels.

- Level 1 (high priority) = heat pump. This heat source is the most efficient.
- Level 2 (low priority) = backup heater.

6.5.1 Power limitation by smart meter

Power limitation is useful to assure a maximum power input of the system. In some countries, legislation limits the maximum power consumption for space heating, space cooling and DHW production.

The power or current of the entire system is limited dynamically by a digital input. The power limitation level is set via the user interface.

Setup

- In case of low voltage Smart Grid meter no additional equipment needed.
- In case of high voltage Smart Grid meter. This requires the installation of **1 relay** from the Smart Grid relay kit (EKRELSG) (see "[9.3.14 Smart Grid](#)" [▶ 138]).

Configuration

Setting	Value
Operation mode: ▪ #: [9.14.1] ▪ Field setting code: 040	3 (Smart Meter Contact)
Smart meter limit: ▪ #: [9.14.7] ▪ Field setting code: 135	4.2 kW (Smart meter limit): Range 2~20 kW, step range 0.1 kW
Smart meter contact: ▪ #: [13] ▪ Field setting code: Depends which terminal and pins you choose (see " 18 Field settings table " [▶ 248] for more information).	3 (Smart Meter Contact) This is a Field IO connection (see " 9.3.14 Smart Grid " [▶ 138]).

The incoming **Smart Meter Contact** (see ["9.3.14 Smart Grid"](#) [▶ 138]) will activate a power limit which will reduce the heat pump power defined in [9.14.7] **Smart meter limit**.

6.6 Setting up an external temperature sensor

You can connect one external temperature sensor. It measures the indoor or outdoor ambient temperature. We recommend to use an external temperature sensor in the following cases:

Indoor ambient temperature

- In room thermostat control, the dedicated Human Comfort Interface (BRC1HHDA used as room thermostat) measures the indoor ambient temperature. Therefore, the Human Comfort Interface must be installed on a location:
 - Where the average temperature in the room can be detected
 - That is NOT exposed to direct sunlight
 - That is NOT near a heat source
 - That is NOT affected by outside air or air draught because of, for example, door opening/closing
- If this is NOT possible, we recommend to connect a remote indoor sensor (option KRCS01-1).
- Setup: For installation instructions, see the installation manual of the remote indoor sensor, and the addendum book for optional equipment.
- Configuration:

Setting	Value
External indoor sensor: ▪ #: [13] Field setting code: Depends which terminal you choose (see "18 Field settings table" [▶ 248] for more information).	2 (External indoor sensor): This is a Field IO connection where you can choose which terminal and pins you want to use (see "9.1.6 Field IO connections" [▶ 109]).
External room sensor offset ▪ #: [1.33]	0°C (External room sensor offset): Offset that can be applied to the room temperature, measured by the optional sensor. Range -5°C ~ 5°C, step range 0,5°C

Outdoor ambient temperature

- In the outdoor unit, the outdoor ambient temperature is measured. Therefore, the outdoor unit must be installed on a location:
 - At the north side of the house or at the side of the house where the most heat emitters are located
 - That is NOT exposed to direct sunlight
- If this is NOT possible, we recommend to connect a remote outdoor sensor (option EKRSCA1).
- Setup: For installation instructions, see the installation manual of the remote outdoor sensor, and the addendum book for optional equipment.
- Configuration:

Setting	Value
External outdoor sensor: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> #: [13] Field setting code: Depends which terminal you choose (see " 18 Field settings table " [▶ 248] for more information).	1 (External outdoor sensor): This is a Field IO connection where you can choose which terminal and pins you want to use (see " 9.1.6 Field IO connections " [▶ 109]).
External ambient sensor offset <ul style="list-style-type: none"> #: [5.22] Field setting code: 175	0°C (Ext. amb. sensor offset): Offset that can be applied to the outdoor ambient temperature, measured by the optional sensor. Range -5°C ~ 5°C, step range 0,5°C

- If the desired leaving water temperature is weather dependent, the full time outdoor temperature measurement is important. This is another reason to install the optional outdoor ambient temperature sensor.



INFORMATION

The external outdoor ambient sensor data (either averaged or instantaneous) is used in the weather-dependent control curves and in the automatic heating/cooling changeover logic. To protect the outdoor unit, the internal sensor of the outdoor unit is always used.

7 Unit installation

In this chapter

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7.1 Preparing the installation site



WARNING

The appliance shall be stored in a room without ignition sources (neither permanent ignition sources nor ignition sources for a short period of time) (example: open flames, an operating gas appliance or an operating electric heater).



WARNING

The appliance shall be installed in an area without ignition sources (neither permanent ignition sources nor ignition sources for a short period of time) (example: open flames, an operating gas appliance or an operating electric heater).



NOTICE

The gas sensor in the outdoor unit, designed to detect R290 refrigerant leaks, is also sensitive to various other gases. To ensure accurate detection and prevent interference, keep the following substances away from the unit:

- Silicone glue, organic solvents, chlorine-based gases, alkali metals, and other inorganic compounds.
- Aromatic compounds such as benzene, toluene, and ortho-/para-xylene.

Choose an installation location with sufficient space to transport the unit in and out of the site.

Do NOT install the unit in places often used as work place. In case of construction works (e.g. grinding works) where a lot of dust is created, the unit MUST be covered.

**WARNING**

Make sure installation, servicing, maintenance and repair comply with instructions from Daikin and with applicable legislation (for example national gas regulation) and are executed ONLY by authorised persons.

7.1.1 Installation site requirements of the outdoor unit

**INFORMATION**

Also read the precautions and requirements in the "[2 General safety precautions](#)" [▶ 10].

Mind the spacing guidelines. See "[16.1 Service space: Outdoor unit](#)" [▶ 228].

The outdoor unit is designed for outdoor installation only, and for the following ambient temperatures:

Cooling mode	10~43°C
Heating mode	-28~25°C
Domestic hot water production	Up to 40°C

Make sure to comply with the following guidelines:

- Choose an installation location with sufficient space.
- Do NOT install the unit in locations often used as work location.
- Do NOT install the unit in locations near a road or parking area where it can be damaged by passing traffic.
- Do NOT install the unit in a basement.
- Do NOT install the unit in sound sensitive areas (e.g. near a bedroom), so that the operation noise will cause no trouble. **Note:** If the sound is measured under actual installation conditions, the measured value might be higher than the sound pressure level mentioned in Sound spectrum in the data book due to environmental noise and sound reflections.
- Do NOT install the unit in locations where a mineral oil mist, spray or vapour may be present in the atmosphere. Plastic parts may deteriorate and fall off or cause water leakage.

It is NOT recommended to install the unit in the following places because it may shorten the life of the unit:

- Where the voltage fluctuates a lot
- In vehicles or vessels
- Where acidic or alkaline vapour is present

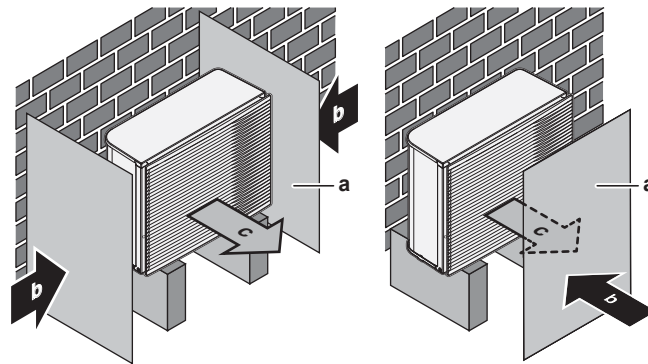
Winds blowing against the outdoor unit's air in- and outlet causes short circuit (suction of discharge air). This may result in:

- drop of the operational capacity;
- additional backup heater consumption and usage is possible;
- increased frequency of frost formation on the outdoor heat exchanger;
- insufficient defrosting of the outdoor heat exchanger;
- a broken fan (if a strong wind blows continuously on the fan, it may start rotating very fast, until it breaks).

When installing the outdoor unit on a location that is unprotected from wind (e.g. a rooftop), install the outdoor unit so that the air in- and outlet is perpendicular to the main wind direction. If necessary, provide on-site measures for wind protection, e.g. walls, baffle plates etc.

Conditions: It is important to follow the restrictions of the minimum installation spacing guidelines. See "16.1 Service space: Outdoor unit" [▶ 228].

Two possible examples of on-site measures for wind protection are shown below.

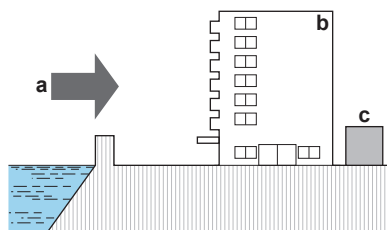


- a Baffle plate
- b Prevailing wind direction
- c Air outlet

Seaside installation. Make sure the outdoor unit is NOT directly exposed to sea winds. This is to prevent corrosion caused by high levels of salt in the air, which might shorten the life of the unit.

Install the outdoor unit away from direct sea winds.

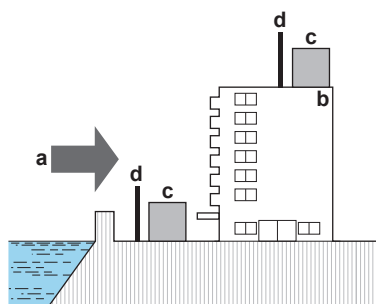
Example: Behind the building.



- a Sea wind
- b Building
- c Outdoor unit

If the outdoor unit is exposed to direct sea winds, install a windbreaker.

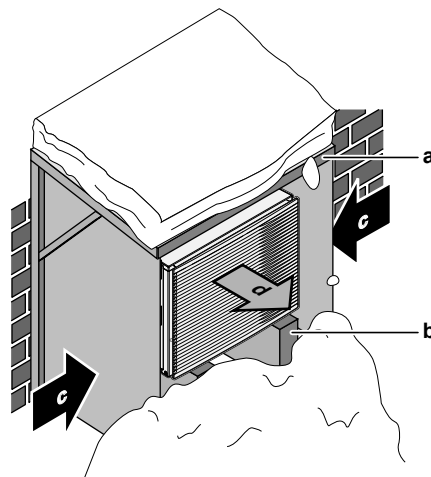
- Height of windbreaker $\geq 1.5 \times$ height of outdoor unit
- Mind the service space requirements when installing the windbreaker.



- a Sea wind
- b Building
- c Outdoor unit
- d Windbreaker

7.1.2 Additional installation site requirements of the outdoor unit in cold climates

Protect the outdoor unit against direct snowfall and take care that the outdoor unit is NEVER snowed up.



- a** Snow cover or shed
- b** Pedestal
- c** Prevailing wind direction
- d** Air outlet

In any case, provide at least 150 mm of free space below the unit. Additionally, make sure the unit is positioned at least 100 mm above the maximum expected level of snow. See "7.3 Mounting the outdoor unit" [▶ 83] for more details.

In heavy snowfall areas it is very important to select an installation site where the snow will NOT affect the unit. If lateral snowfall is possible, make sure that the heat exchanger coil is NOT affected by the snow. If necessary, install a snow cover or shed and a pedestal.

7.1.3 Installation site requirements of the indoor unit



INFORMATION


Also read the precautions and requirements in the "2 General safety precautions" [▶ 10].

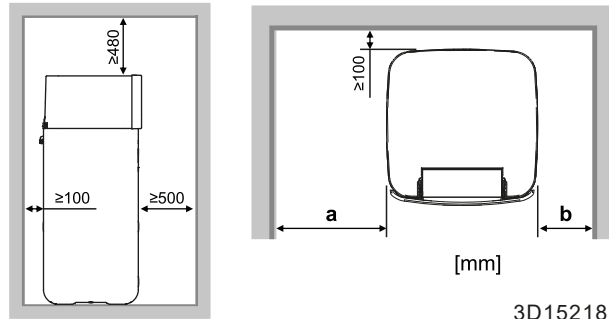
- The indoor unit is designed for indoor installation only and for the following ambient temperatures:
 - Space heating operation: 5~30°C
 - Space cooling operation: 5~35°C
 - Domestic hot water production: 5~35°C.
- Mind the measurement guidelines:

Maximum height difference between indoor unit and outdoor unit	10 m
Maximum water piping length (single run) between outdoor unit and indoor unit in case of...	
EPSKS04+06	
1" field piping	20 m ^(a)
EPSKS07	
1" field piping	7 m ^(a)
1 1/4" field piping	20 m ^(a)


^(a) The precise water piping length can be determined using the Hydronic Piping Calculation tool. The Hydronic Piping Calculation tool is part of the Heating Solutions Navigator which can be reached via <https://professional.standbyme.daikin.eu>. Contact your dealer if you have no access to the Heating Solutions Navigator.


- Mind the following spacing installation guidelines:

 **CAUTION**
 Install the indoor unit at a minimum distance of 1 m from other heat sources (>80°C) (e.g. electrical heater, oil heater, chimney) and combustible materials. Otherwise the unit may be damaged or in extreme cases catch fire.



a	≥400 mm
b	≥100 mm
a+b	≥500 mm

 **INFORMATION**
 Serviceability may be impacted, if the indicated clearances cannot be maintained.

 **INFORMATION**
 If you have limited installation space, do the following before installing the unit in its final position: "7.4.4 To connect the drain hose to the drain" [▶ 87].


- The foundation must be strong enough to bear the weight of the unit. Take the weight of the unit with a storage tank full of water into account. Make sure, in the event of a water leak, water cannot cause any damage to the installation space and surroundings.
- The foundation must be level and smooth.

7.2 Opening and closing the units


7.2.1 About opening the units

At certain times, you have to open the unit. **Example:**

- When connecting the electrical wiring
- When maintaining or servicing the unit

 **DANGER: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION**
 Do NOT leave the unit unattended when the service cover is removed.

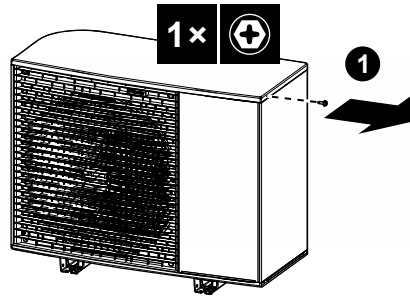
7.2.2 To open the outdoor unit

 **DANGER: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION**

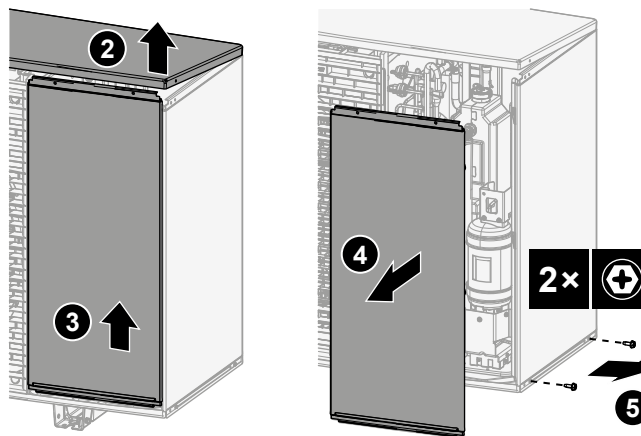


DANGER: RISK OF BURNING/SCALDING

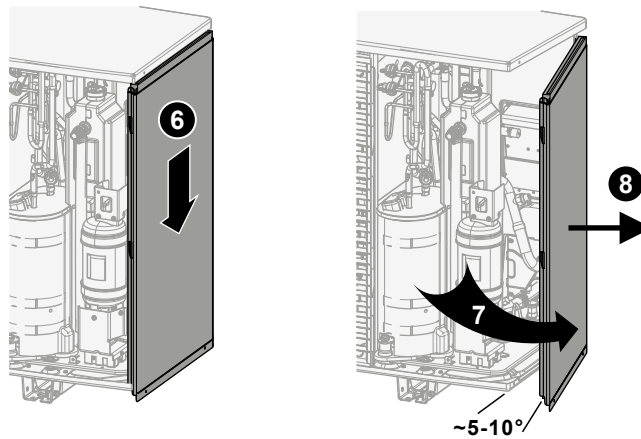
- 1 Open the screw of the top plate.



- 2 Lift the top plate slightly, then slide out the front plate and remove it. Open the screws of the side plate

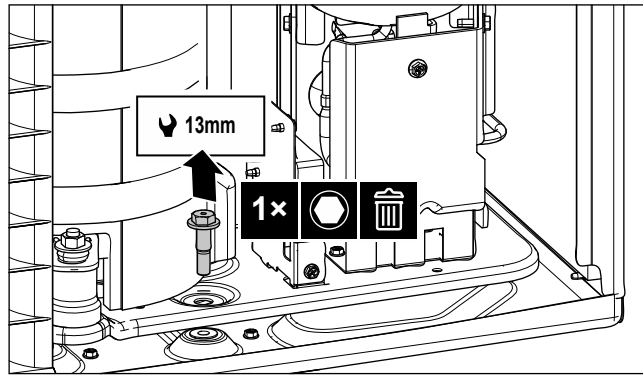


- 3 Slide out the side plate and remove it.



7.2.3 To remove the transportation bolt (+ washer)

The transportation bolt (+ washer) protects the unit during transport. During installation it must be removed (and disposed of).



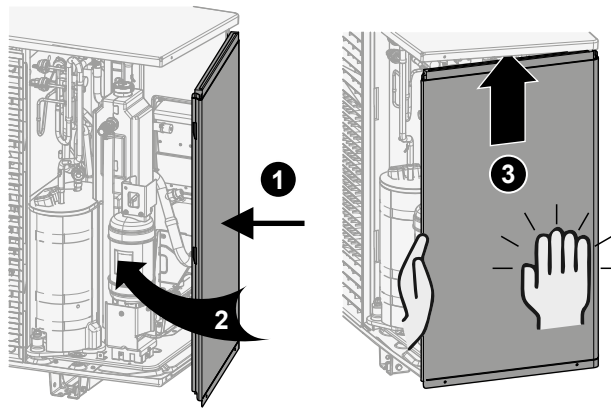
7.2.4 To close the outdoor unit



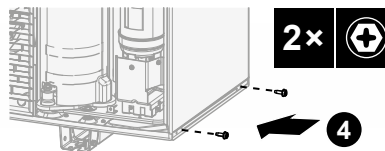
NOTICE

When closing the outdoor unit cover, make sure that the tightening torque does NOT exceed 4.1 N•m.

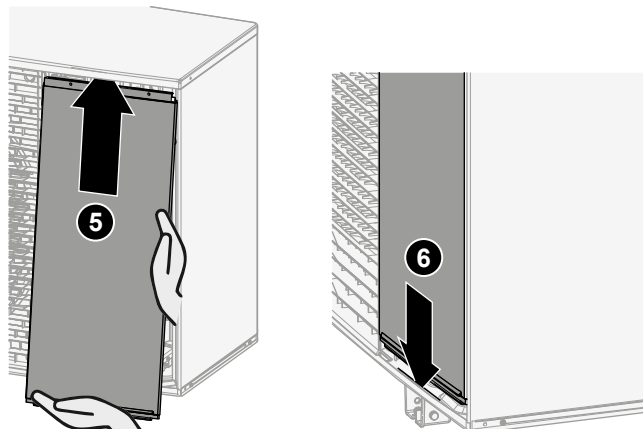
- 1 Slide in the side panel.



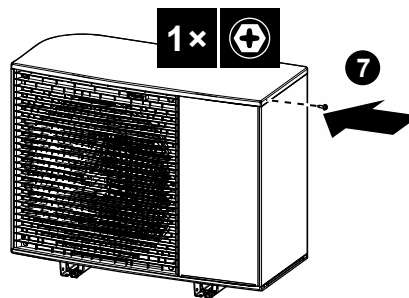
- 2 Close the screws of the side panel.



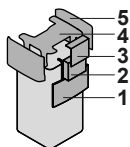
- 3 Slide in the front panel and close the top plate.



- 4 Close the screw of the top plate.



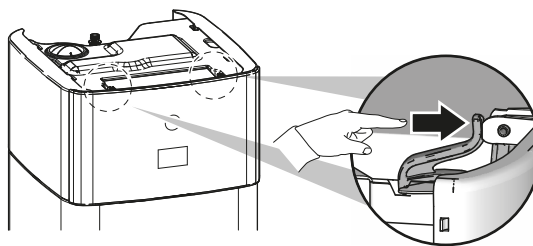
7.2.5 To open the indoor unit



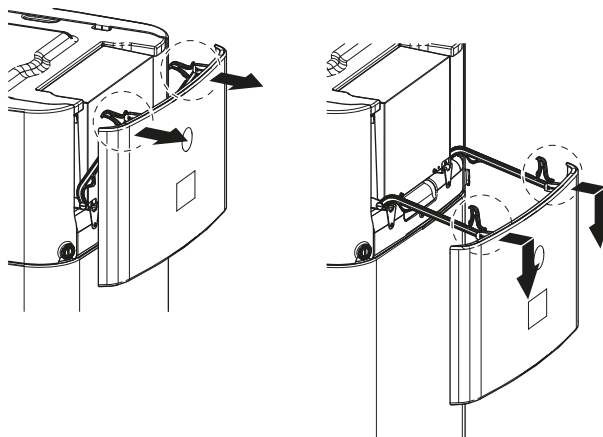
- 1 User interface panel
- 2 Switch box
- 3 Switch box cover
- 4 Top cover
- 5 Side panel

Lower the user interface panel

- 1 Open the hinges at the top the user interface panel.



- 2 Lower the user interface panel downwards with both hands.



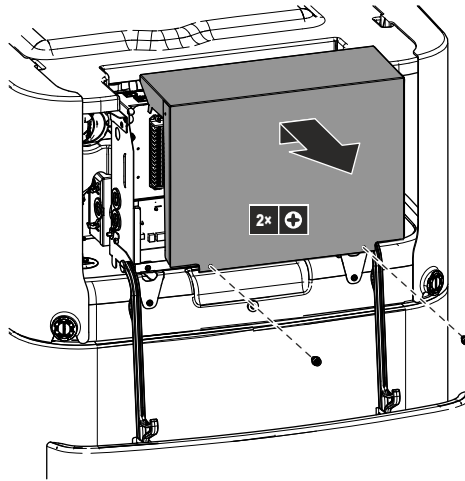
Open the switchbox cover

- 1 Loosen the screws and open the switch box cover.



NOTICE

Do NOT damage or remove the foam sealing of the switch box.

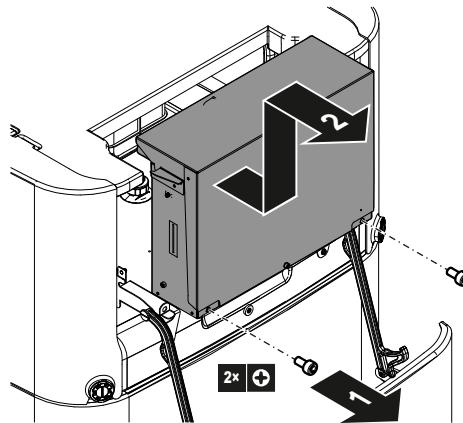


To lower the switch box and open the switch box cover

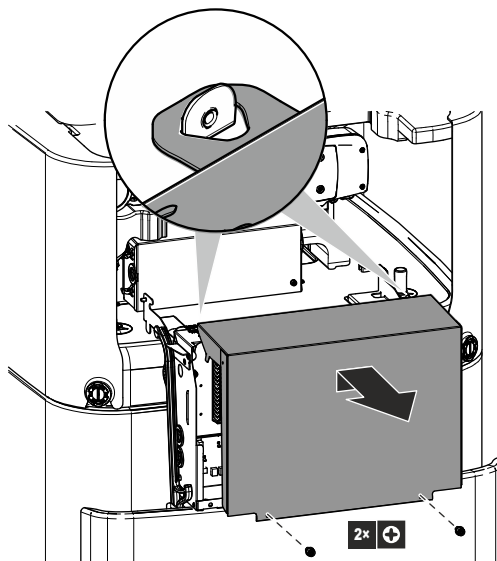
During the installation, you will need access to the inside of the indoor unit. To have easier front access, lower the switch box of the unit as follows:

Prerequisite: The user interface panel has been lowered.

- 1 Loosen the screws of the switch box.
- 2 Lift up the switch box.



- 3 Lower the switch box.
- 4 Loosen the screws and open the switch box cover.



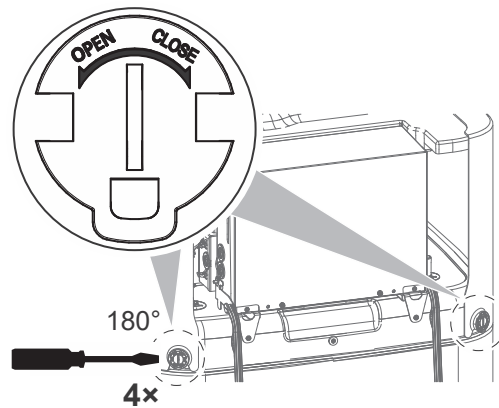
Remove the top cover

During the installation, you will need access to the inside of the indoor unit. To have easier top access, remove the top cover of the unit. This is necessary in the following cases:

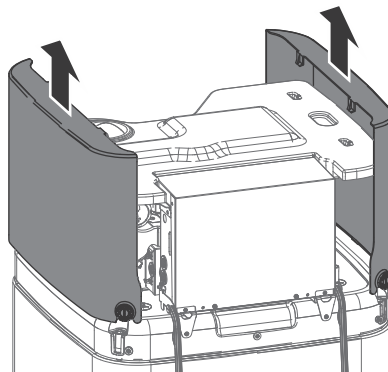
- Installation DB-kit
- Installation expansion vessel
- Fill the heating system

Prerequisite: The user interface panel has been lowered.

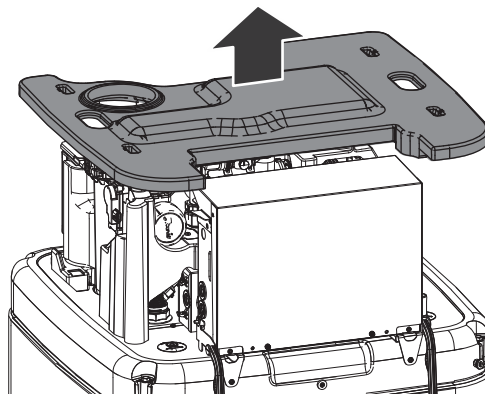
- 1 Open the locking parts of the side panels with a screw driver.

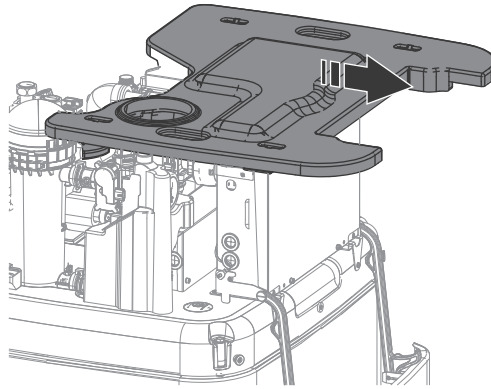


- 2 Lift up the side panels.



- 3 Remove the top cover





7.2.6 To close the indoor unit

- 1 Place the top cover on the top of the unit.
- 2 Hang the side panels into the top cover.
- 3 Check that the hooks of the side panel slide correctly into the cut-outs in the top cover.
- 4 Check that the locking parts of the side panels slide onto the plugs of the tank.
- 5 Close the locking parts of the side panels.
- 6 Close the cover of the switch box.
- 7 Put the switch box back into place.
- 8 Close the user interface panel.



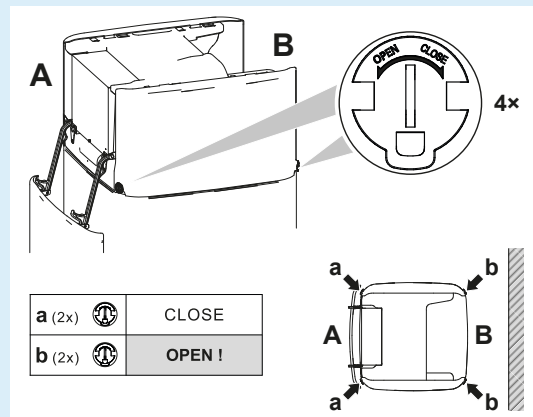
NOTICE

When closing the indoor unit, make sure that the tightening torque does NOT exceed 2.9 N•m.



NOTICE

Close at least one locking part per side panel. If you cannot reach the locking parts on the back of the indoor unit, it is sufficient to close only the locking parts on the front.



7.3 Mounting the outdoor unit

7.3.1 About mounting the outdoor unit

When

You have to mount the outdoor and indoor unit before you can connect the water piping.

Typical workflow

Mounting the outdoor unit typically consists of the following stages:

- 1 Providing the installation structure.
- 2 Installing the outdoor unit.
- 3 Providing drainage.
- 4 Protecting the unit against snow and wind by installing a snow cover and baffle plates. See "[7.1 Preparing the installation site](#)" [[▶ 72](#)].

7.3.2 Precautions when mounting the outdoor unit



INFORMATION

Also read the precautions and requirements in the following chapters:

- "[2 General safety precautions](#)" [[▶ 10](#)]
- "[7.1 Preparing the installation site](#)" [[▶ 72](#)]

7.3.3 To provide the installation structure

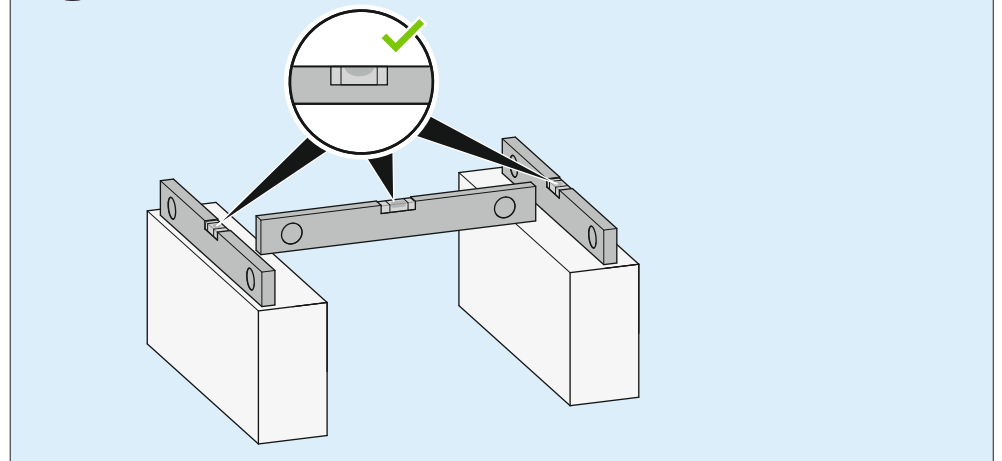
Check the strength and level of the installation ground so that the unit will not cause any operating vibration or noise.

Fix the unit securely by means of foundation bolts in accordance with the foundation drawing.



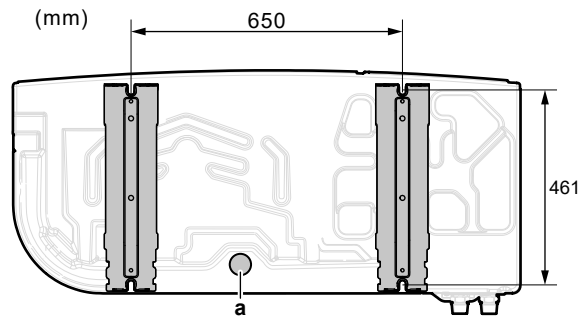
NOTICE

Level. Make sure the unit is leveled in all directions. Recommended:



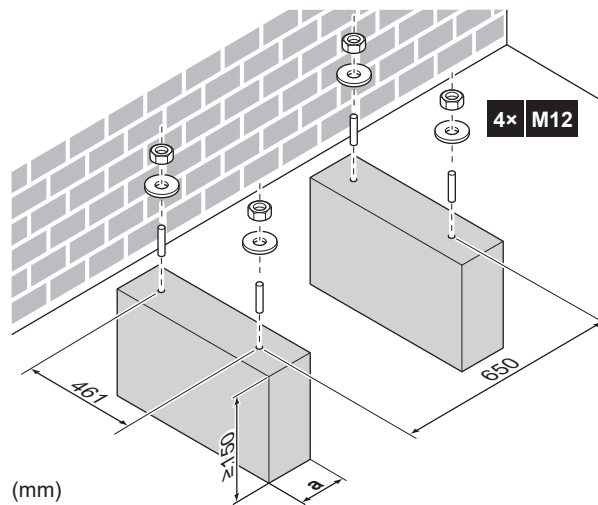
Use 4 sets of M12 anchor bolts, nuts and washers. Provide at least 150 mm of free space below the unit. Additionally, make sure the unit is positioned at least 100 mm above the maximum expected level of snow.

Anchor points + drain hole



a Drain hole

Pedestal



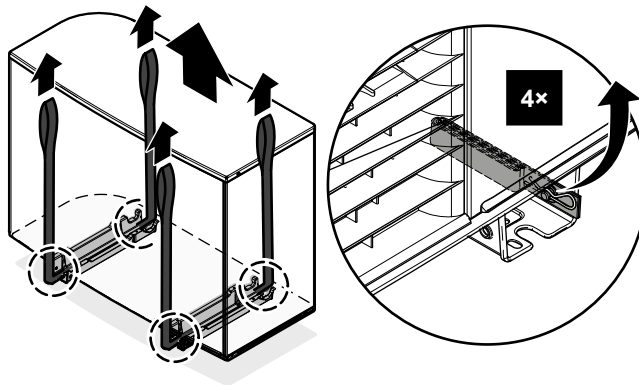
a Make sure not to cover the drain hole in the bottom plate of the unit.

7.3.4 To install the outdoor unit

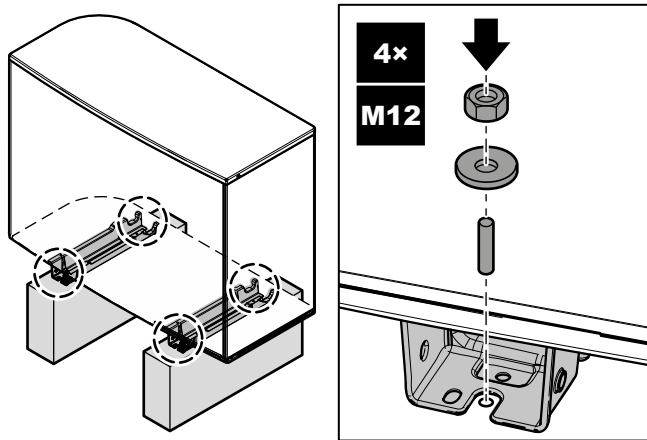
CAUTION
 To avoid injury, do NOT touch the air inlet or aluminium fins of the unit.

NOTICE
 Do NOT pull the unit by the slings from the side.

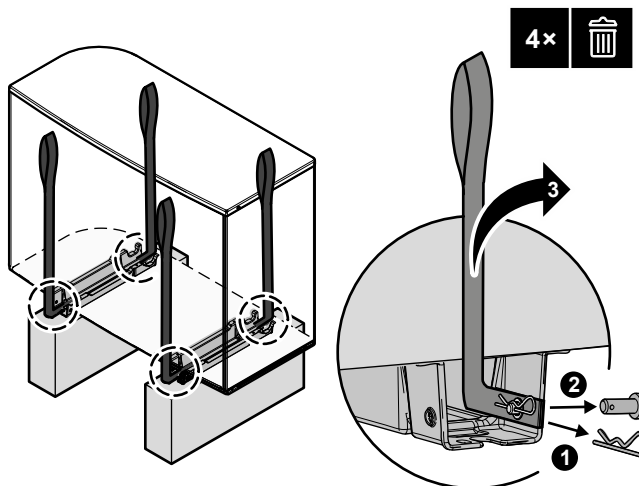
- 1 Carry the unit by its slings, and put it onto the installation structure.



2 Fix the unit to the installation structure.



3 Remove the slings (+ clips + pins), and dispose of them.



7.3.5 To provide drainage

- Make sure that condensation water can be evacuated properly.
- Install the unit on a base to make sure that there is proper drainage in order to avoid ice accumulation.
- Prepare a water drainage channel around the foundation to drain waste water away from the unit.
- Avoid drain water flowing over the footpath, so that it does NOT become slippery in case of ambient freezing temperatures.

- If you install the unit on a frame, install a waterproof plate within 150 mm of the bottom side of the unit in order to prevent water from getting into the unit and to avoid drain water dripping (see the following figure).

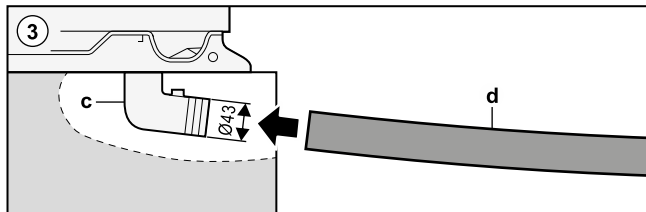
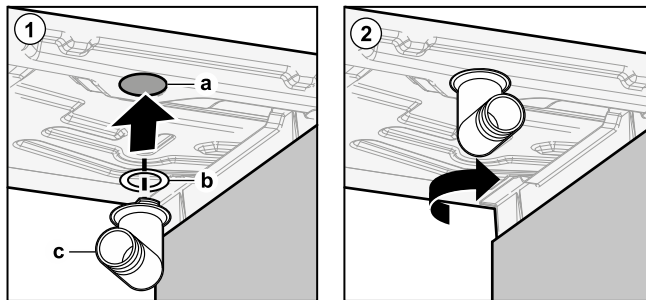
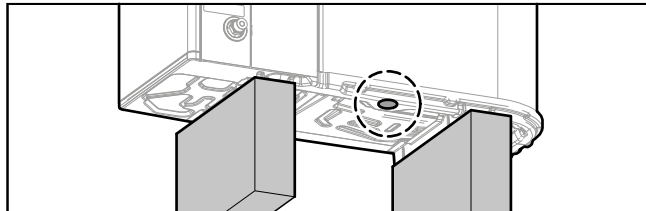


NOTICE

If the unit is installed in a cold climate, take adequate measures so that the evacuated condensate CANNOT freeze. We recommend to do the following:

- Insulate the drain hose.
- Install a drain tube heater (field supply). To connect the drain tube heater, see "9.2.2 To connect the electrical wiring to the outdoor unit" [▶ 114].

Use the drain plug (with O-ring) and a hose for drainage.



- a Drain hole
- b O-ring (delivered as accessory)
- c Drain plug (delivered as accessory)
- d Hose (field supply)



NOTICE

O-ring. Make sure the O-ring is installed correctly to prevent leakage.

7.4 Mounting the indoor unit

7.4.1 About mounting the indoor unit

When

You have to mount the outdoor and indoor unit before you can connect the water piping.

Typical workflow

Mounting the indoor unit typically consists of the following stages:

- 1 Installing the indoor unit.

7.4.2 Precautions when mounting the indoor unit



INFORMATION

Also read the precautions and requirements in the following chapters:

- "2 General safety precautions" [▶ 10]
- "7.1 Preparing the installation site" [▶ 72]

7.4.3 To install the indoor unit

- 1 Lift the indoor unit from the pallet and place it on the floor. Also see "4.2.3 To handle the indoor unit" [▶ 28].
- 2 Connect the drain hose to the drain. See "7.4.4 To connect the drain hose to the drain" [▶ 87].
- 3 Slide the indoor unit into position.



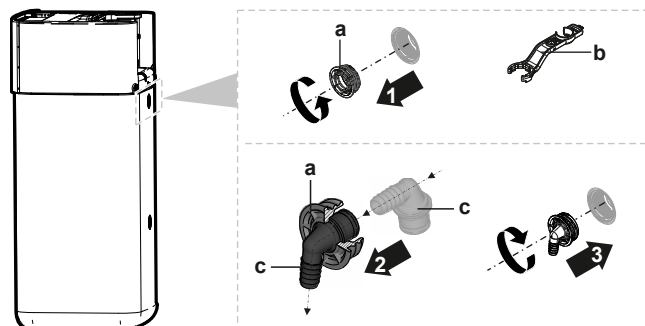
NOTICE

Level. Make sure the unit is level.

7.4.4 To connect the drain hose to the drain

Spillover water from the water storage tank as well as water collecting in the drain pan must be drained. You must connect the drain hoses to an appropriate drain according to the applicable legislation.

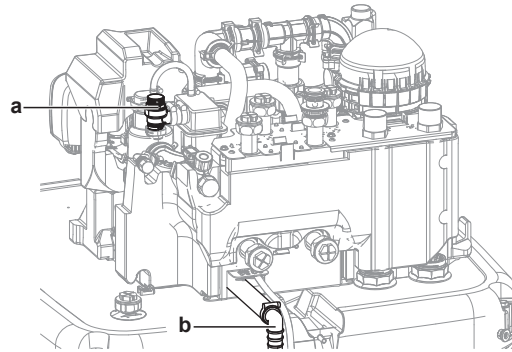
- 1 Open the screw plug.



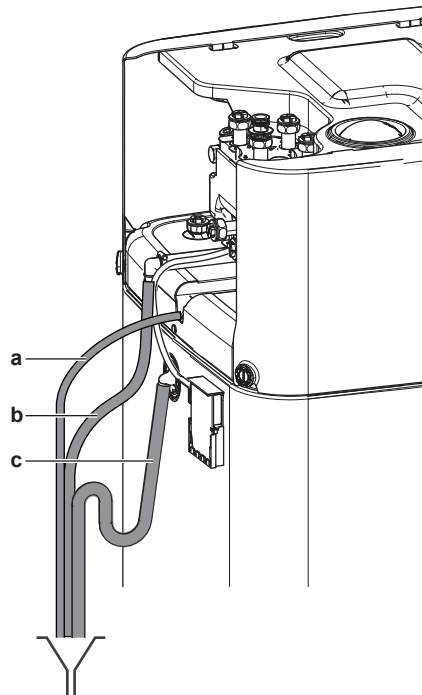
- a Screw plug
- b Assembly wrench
- c Spillover connector

- 2 Insert the spillover connector into the screw plug.
- 3 Mount the spillover connector.
- 4 Attach a drain hose to the spillover connector.

- 5 Connect the drain hose to an appropriate drain. Ensure the water can flow through the drain hose. Ensure that the water level cannot mount above the overspill.
- 6 Connect the drain pan hose to the drain pan connection and connect to an appropriate drain.
- 7 Connect the drain hose to the pressure relief valve connection and connect to an appropriate drain in accordance with the applicable legislation. Ensure that any steam or water that may escape is drained in a frost-protected, safe and observable manner.



- a Pressure relief valve
- b Pressure relief valve connection



- a Drain pan hose (delivered as accessory)
- b Drain hose pressure relief valve (field supply)
- c Drain hose tank (field supply)

8 Piping installation

In this chapter

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8.1 Preparing water piping

8.1.1 Water circuit requirements



INFORMATION

Also read the precautions and requirements in the "[2 General safety precautions](#)" [▶ 10].



NOTICE

In case of plastic pipes, make sure they are fully oxygen diffusion tight according to DIN 4726. The diffusion of oxygen into the piping can lead to excessive corrosion.

- **Connecting piping – Legislation.** Make all piping connections in accordance with the applicable legislation and the instructions in the "Installation" chapter, respecting the water inlet and outlet.
- **Connecting piping – Force.** Do NOT use excessive force when connecting the piping. Deformation of the piping can cause malfunctioning of the unit.
- **Connecting piping – Tools.** Only use appropriate tooling to handle brass, which is a soft material. If NOT, pipes will get damaged.
- **Connecting piping – Air, moisture, dust.** If air, moisture or dust gets into the circuit, problems may occur. To prevent this:
 - ONLY use clean pipes.
 - Hold the pipe end downwards when removing burrs.
 - Cover the pipe end when inserting it through a wall, to prevent dust and/or particles from entering the pipe.
 - Use a decent thread sealant to seal connections.
 - When using non-brass metallic piping, make sure to insulate both materials from each other to prevent galvanic corrosion.
 - Because brass is a soft material, use appropriate tooling for connecting the water circuit. Inappropriate tooling will cause damage to the pipes.
- **Insulation.** Insulate up to the base of the heat exchanger.
- **Freeze.** Protect against freezing.

- **Closed circuit.** Use the indoor unit ONLY in a closed water system. Using the system in an open water system will lead to excessive corrosion.
- **Piping length.** It is recommended to avoid long runs of piping between the domestic hot water tank and the hot water end point (shower, bath,...) and to avoid dead ends.
- **Piping length.** It is recommended to avoid long runs of piping between the storage tank and the hot water end point (shower, bath,...) and to avoid dead ends.
- **Piping diameter.** Select the water piping diameter in relation to the required water flow and the available external static pressure of the pump. See "[16 Technical data](#)" [▶ 227] for the external static pressure curves of the indoor unit.
- **Water flow.** You can find the minimum required water flow for indoor unit operation in the following table. In all cases, this flow needs to be guaranteed. When the flow is lower, the indoor unit will stop operation and display error 7H.

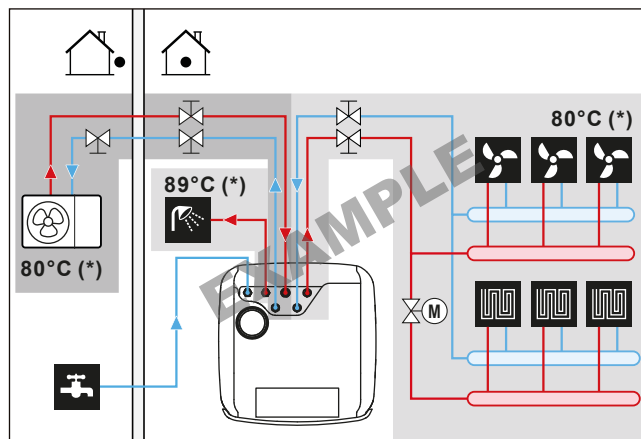
If operation is...	Then the minimum flow rate is...
Cooling / heating start-up / defrost / backup heater operation	Required: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ For EPSX(B)07: 20 l/min

- **Field supply components – Water.** Only use materials that are compatible with water used in the system and with the materials used in the indoor unit.
- **Field supply components – Water pressure and temperature.** Check that all components in the field piping can withstand the water pressure and water temperature.
- **Water pressure – Domestic hot water.** The maximum water pressure is 10 bar (=1.0 MPa), and must be in accordance with the applicable legislation. Provide adequate safeguards in the water circuit to ensure that the maximum pressure is NOT exceeded (see "[8.2.3 To connect the water piping](#)" [▶ 94]). The minimum water pressure to operate is 1 bar (=0.1 MPa).
- **Water pressure – Space heating/cooling circuit.** The maximum water pressure is 3 bar (=0.3 MPa). Provide adequate safeguards in the water circuit to ensure that the maximum pressure is NOT exceeded. The minimum water pressure to operate is 1 bar (=0.1 MPa).
- **Water pressure – Storage tank.** The water inside the storage tank is not pressurized. Therefore, a visual check via level indicator on the storage tank must be carried out annually, see "[13.2.3 Yearly maintenance indoor unit: overview](#)" [▶ 185].
- **Water temperature.** All installed piping and piping accessories (valve, connections,...) MUST withstand the following temperatures:



INFORMATION

The following figure is an example and may NOT completely match your system layout.



(*) Maximum temperature for piping and accessories



INFORMATION

The maximum leaving water temperature is decided based on setting [3.12] **Overheating setpoint**. This limit defines the maximum leaving water **in the system**. Depending on the value of this setting, the maximum LWT setpoint will also be reduced by 5°C to allow stable control towards the setpoint.

The maximum leaving water temperature **in the main zone** is decided based on setting [1.19] **Overheating water circuit**, only in case [3.13.5] **Bizone kit installed** is enabled. This limit defines the maximum leaving water **in the main zone**. Depending on the value of this setting, the maximum LWT setpoint will also be reduced by 5°C to allow stable control towards the setpoint.

- **Drainage – Low points.** Provide drain taps at all low points of the system in order to allow complete drainage of the water circuit.
- **Drainage – Pressure relief valve.** Connect the drain hose properly to the drain to avoid water dripping out of the unit. See "[7.4.4 To connect the drain hose to the drain](#)" [▶ 87].
- **Air vents.** Provide air vents at all high points of the system, which must also be easily accessible for servicing.

When automatic air purge valves are installed in the field piping, aware the instructions on how to handle these air purge valves. For more information, see "[8.2.9 To fill the storage tank](#)" [▶ 103].

- Between the outdoor unit and the indoor unit (on the entering water pipe of the indoor unit)
- after the indoor unit (on the emitter side)

Two automatic air purges are provided in the indoor unit. Check that these air purges are NOT tightened too much, so that automatic release of air in the water circuit is possible.

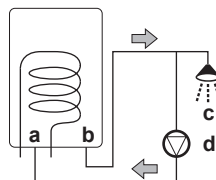
- **Zn-coated parts.** NEVER use zinc coated parts in the water circuit. Because the internal water circuit of the unit uses copper piping, excessive corrosion may occur.
- **Non-brass metallic piping.** When using non-brass metallic piping, insulate the brass and non-brass properly so that they do NOT make contact with each other. This is to prevent galvanic corrosion.
- **Expansion vessel.** A suitably sized expansion vessel must be installed in the water circuit in accordance with the applicable legislation. No blocking elements (shut-off valves or similar) are allowed between the expansion vessel and the indoor unit.

- **Circulation stop valves.** We recommend to use circulation stop valves at the connections of the heat exchanger for domestic hot water. This minimizes heat losses due to temperature-induced circulation in the connecting pipes.
- **Storage tank – Water quality.** Minimum requirements regarding the quality of water used to fill the storage tank:
 - Water hardness (calcium and magnesium, calculated as calcium carbonate): ≤ 3 mmol/l
 - Conductivity: ≤ 1500 (ideal: ≤ 100) $\mu\text{S/cm}$
 - Chloride: ≤ 250 mg/l
 - Sulphate: ≤ 250 mg/l
 - pH value: 6.5~8.5

For properties deviating from the minimum requirements, suitable conditioning measures have to be taken.

- **Storage tank – Shut-off valve.** For easy filling and draining of the storage tank we recommend to install a shut-off valve. See option kit: Fill and drain kit (165215)
- **Thermostatic mixing valves.** In accordance with the applicable legislation, it may be necessary to install thermostatic mixing valves.
- **Hygienic measures.** The installation must be in compliance with the applicable legislation and may require additional hygienic installation measures.
- **Recirculation pump.** In accordance with the applicable legislation, it may be required to connect a recirculation pump in between the hot water end point and the optional recirculation connection of the storage tank (i.e. between **c** and **a**). See "[6.4.4 DHW pump for instant hot water](#)" [▶ 66].

Requirement for France (Arrêté du 30/11/05): If the water volume between the tank hot water outlet and the tap point (i.e. between **b** and **c**) exceeds 3 litres, the water temperature must be maintained at or above 50°C throughout the entire distribution system.



- a** Recirculation connection
- b** Hot water connection
- c** Shower
- d** Recirculation pump

8.1.2 To check the water volume and flow rate

To make sure that the unit operates properly:

- You **MUST** check the minimum water volume and the minimum flow rate.

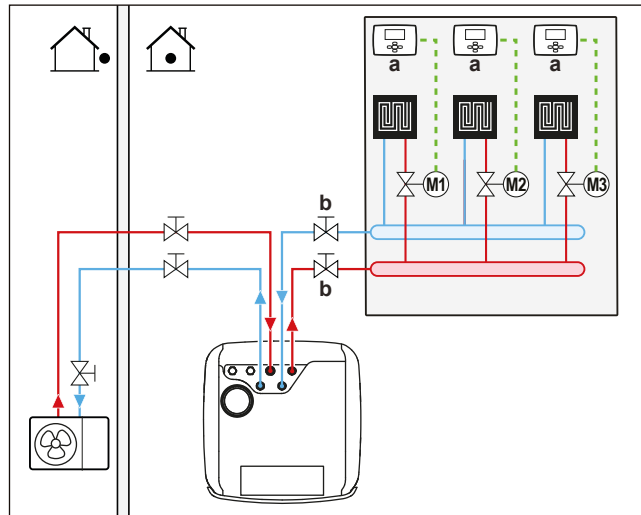
Minimum water volume

The installation needs to be made in such a way that a minimum water volume (see table below) is always available in the space heating/cooling loop of the unit, even when the available volume towards the unit is reduced because of closure of valves (heat emitters, thermostatic valves, etc.) in the space heating/cooling circuit. The internal water volume of the outdoor unit is NOT considered for this minimum water volume.

If...	Then the minimum water volume is...
Cooling operation	For EPSX(B)07: 13 l
Heating/defrost operation	For EPSX(B)07: 0 l

**INFORMATION**

In critical processes, or in rooms with a high heat load, extra water might be required.



- a** Individual room thermostat (optional)
- b** Shut-off valve
- M1...3** Individual motorised valves to control each loop (field supply)

Minimum flow rate

Check that the minimum flow rate in the installation is guaranteed in all conditions.

If operation is...	Then the minimum flow rate is...
Cooling / heating start-up / defrost / backup heater operation	Required: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ For EPSX(B)07: 20 l/min

**NOTICE**

When circulation in each or certain space heating loops is controlled by remotely controlled valves, it is important that the minimum flow rate is guaranteed, even if all valves are closed. In case the minimum flow rate cannot be reached, a flow error 7H will be generated.

See the recommended procedure as described in "[11.4 Checklist during commissioning](#)" [▶ 168].

8.2 Connecting water piping

8.2.1 About connecting the water piping

Before connecting the water piping

Make sure the outdoor and indoor unit are mounted.

Typical workflow

Connecting the water piping typically consists of the following stages:

- 1 Connecting the water piping to the outdoor unit.
- 2 Connecting the water piping to the indoor unit.
- 3 Connecting the recirculation piping.
- 4 Install pressure vessel at special connection.
- 5 Connecting the drain hose to the drain.
- 6 Filling the water circuit.
- 7 Filling the heat exchanger coils inside the storage tank.
- 8 Filling the storage tank.
- 9 Insulating the water piping.

8.2.2 Precautions when connecting the water piping



INFORMATION

Also read the precautions and requirements in the following chapters:

- "2 General safety precautions" [▶ 10]
- "8.1 Preparing water piping" [▶ 89]

8.2.3 To connect the water piping



NOTICE

Do NOT use excessive force when connecting the field piping and make sure the piping is aligned properly. Deformed pipes can cause the unit to malfunction.

Outdoor unit



NOTICE

About the shut-off valve with integrated filter and check valve (delivered as accessory):

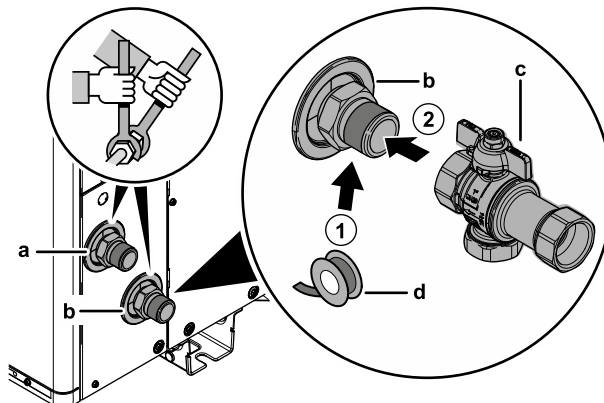
- The installation of the valve at the water inlet is mandatory.
- Mind the flow direction of the valve.



NOTICE

Install air purge valves at all local high points.

- 1 Connect the O-rings and shut-off valve to the outdoor unit water inlet. Mind the flow direction.



- a Water OUT (screw connection, male, 1")
- b Water IN (screw connection, male, 1")
- c Shut-off valve with integrated filter and check valve (delivered as accessory)(screw connections, female 1" – female 1")

d Thread sealant (field supply)

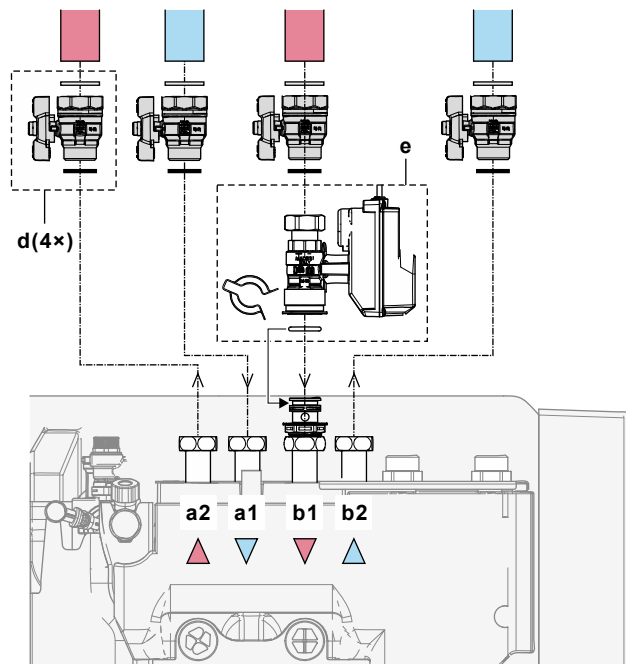
- 2 Connect the field piping to the shut-off valve.
- 3 Connect the field piping to the outdoor unit water outlet.

Indoor unit

Delivered as accessory:

1 normally closed shut-off valve (inlet leak stop) (O-ring + quick clip)	To prevent refrigerant from entering the indoor unit in case of a refrigerant leak in the outdoor unit.
4 shut-off valves (+ flat gaskets)	To facilitate service and maintenance.

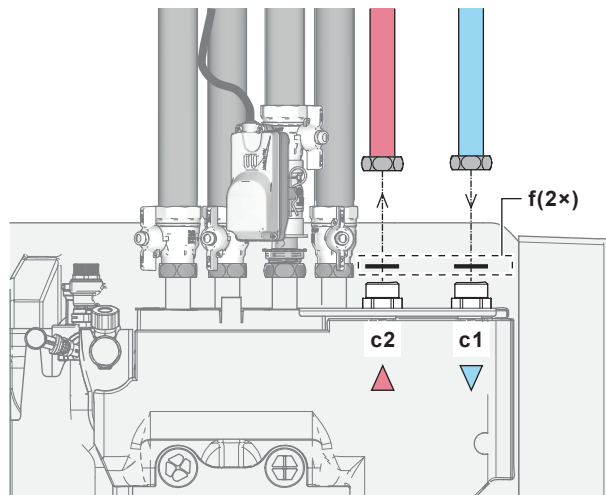
- 1 Install the normally closed shut-off valve (inlet leak stop) with the O-ring and the quick clip. (Connect the wiring see "9.3.4 To connect the normally closed shut-off valve (inlet leak stop)" [▶ 129]).
- 2 Install the shut-off valves with the flat gaskets:



- a1** Space heating/cooling – Water IN
- a2** Space heating/cooling – Water OUT
- b1** Water IN from outdoor unit
- b2** Water OUT to outdoor unit
- d** Shut-off valve with flat gaskets

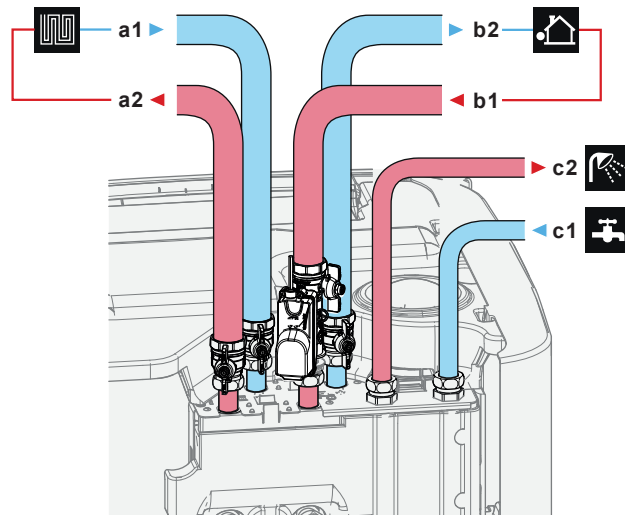
M4S Normally closed shut-off valve (inlet leak stop) with quick clip and O-ring

- 3 Install the domestic water piping using the special flat gaskets for DWH:



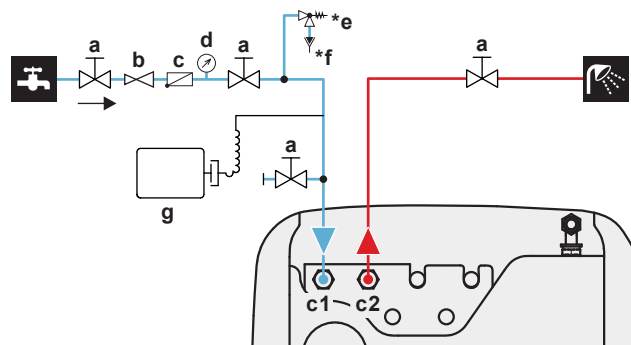
- c1** DHW – Cold water IN
- c2** DHW – Hot water OUT
- f** Flat gaskets for DHW

4 Install the piping as follows:



- a1** Space heating/cooling – Water IN (female, 1")
- a2** Space heating/cooling – Water OUT (female, 1")
- b1** Water IN from outdoor unit (female, 1")
- b2** Water OUT to outdoor unit (female, 1")
- c1** DHW – Cold water IN (male, 1")
- c2** DHW – Hot water OUT (male, 1")

5 Install the following components (field supply) on the cold water inlet of the DHW tank:



- a** Shut-off valve (recommended)
- c1** DHW – Cold water IN (male, 1")
- c2** DHW – Hot water OUT (male, 1")
- b** Pressure reducing valve (recommended)
- c** Non-return valve (recommended)

- d** Pressure gauge (recommended)
- *e** Pressure relief valve (max. 10 bar (=1.0 MPa))(mandatory)
- *f** Tundish (mandatory)
- g** Expansion vessel (recommended)

Do NOT exceed the maximum tightening torque (Thread size 1", 25-30 N•m). To avoid damage, apply the necessary counter torque with a suitable tool.

**NOTICE**

Install air purge valves at all local high points.

**NOTICE**

A pressure relief valve (field supply) with an opening pressure of maximum 10 bar (=1 MPa) must be installed on the domestic cold water inlet connection in accordance with the applicable legislation.

**NOTICE**

- A drain device and pressure relief device must be installed on the cold water inlet connection of the storage tank.
- To avoid back siphonage, it is recommended to install a non-return valve on the water inlet of the storage tank in accordance with the applicable legislation. Make sure it is NOT between the pressure relief valve and the storage tank.
- It is recommended to install a pressure reducing valve on the cold water inlet in accordance with the applicable legislation.
- It is recommended to install an expansion vessel on the cold water inlet in accordance with the applicable legislation.
- It is recommended to install the pressure relief valve on a higher position than the top of the storage tank. Heating of the storage tank causes water to expand and without pressure relief valve the water pressure of the domestic hot water heat exchanger inside the tank can rise above design pressure. Also the field installation (piping, tapping points, etc.) connected to the tank is subjected to this high pressure. To prevent this, a pressure relief valve needs to be installed. The overpressure prevention depends on the correct operation of the field installed pressure relief valve. If this is NOT working correctly, water leakage may occur. To confirm good operation, regular maintenance is required.

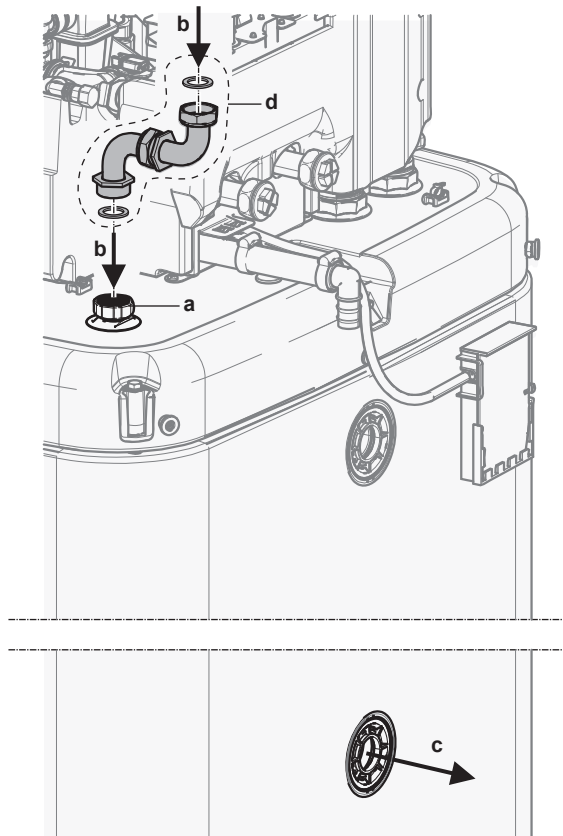
**NOTICE**

To avoid damage to the surroundings in case of water leakage, it is recommended to close the domestic cold water inlet shut-off valves during periods of absence.

8.2.4 To connect the additional piping

To connect the drainback piping

- 1** Install the piping as follows:

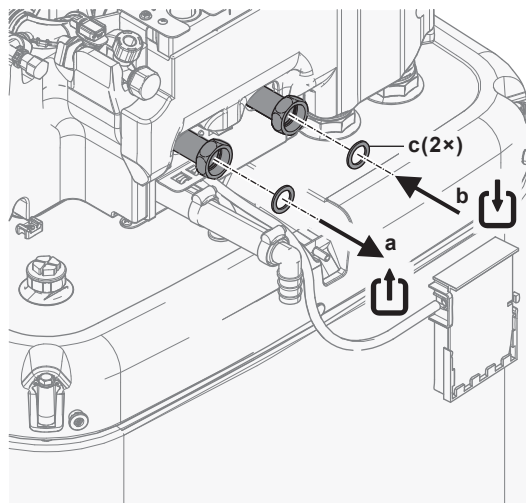


- a** Drainback connection
- b** Drainback – Water IN
- c** Drainback – Water OUT
- d** Drainback connection kit (EKECDBC03A*)

To connect the bivalent piping

In case of a bivalent unit with heat exchanger inside the tank.

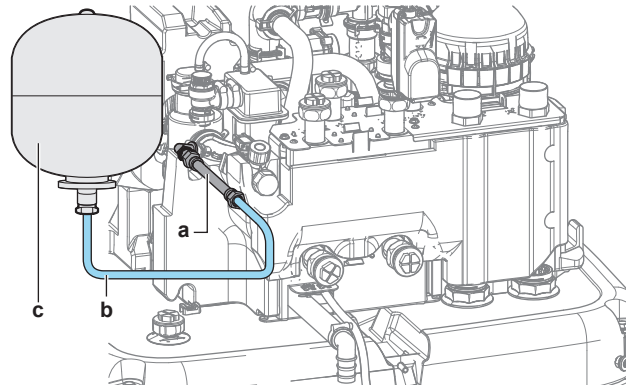
2 Install the piping as follows:



- a** Bivalent – Water OUT (screw connection, 1 ")
- b** Bivalent – Water IN (screw connection, 1 ")
- c** Flat gaskets for DHW (delivered as accessory)

8.2.5 To connect the expansion vessel

- 1 Connect a suitably dimensioned and preset expansion vessel for the heating system. There may not be any hydraulic blocking elements between the heat generator and the safety valve.
- 2 Position the pressure vessel in an easily accessible place (maintenance, parts replacement).



- a Flexible hose (delivered as accessory)
- b Hose (field supply)
- c Expansion vessel (field supply)

8.2.6 To fill the heating system



DANGER: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION

During the filling process, water can escape from any leaking point and can cause an electrical shock if it comes into contact with live parts.

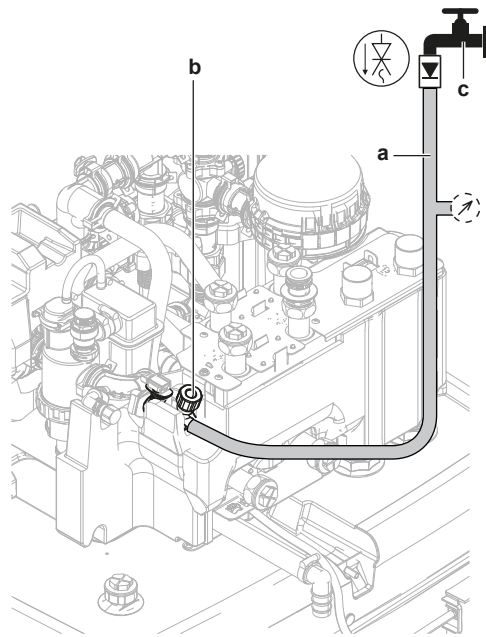
- Before the filling process, de-energise the unit.
- After the first filling and before switching on the unit with the mains switch, check whether all electric parts and connection points are dry.



NOTICE

When filling the heating system check the water pressure at the domestic water supply. If the pressure in the domestic water supply is higher than 3 bar (= 0.3 MPa), install a pressure reducing valve and limit the water pressure to a maximum of 3 bar (= 0.3 MPa).

- 1 Connect a hose with a non-return valve (1/2") and an external manometer (field supply) to a water tap and the fill and drain valve. Secure the hose against slipping off.



- a Hose with a non-return valve (1/2") and an external manometer (field supply)
- b Fill and drain valve
- c Water tap

- 2 Open the water tap.
- 3 Open fill and drain valve and monitor the manometer.
- 4 Fill the system with water until the external manometer shows that the system target pressure is reached (system height +2 m; 1 m water column = 0.1 bar). Make sure that the pressure relief valve does not open.
- 5 Close the water tap. Keep the fill and drain valve open in case it is necessary to repeat the filling procedure after the air purging of the system. See "[11.4.5 To perform an air purge](#)" [▶ 174].
- 6 Close the fill and drain valve and remove the hose with non-return valve only after air purging is performed and the system is completely filled.

8.2.7 To protect the water circuit against freezing

About freeze protection

Frost can damage the system. To prevent the hydraulic components from freezing, the unit is equipped with the following:

- The software is equipped with special frost protection functions such as water pipe freeze prevention that include the activation of a pump in case of low temperatures. However, in case of a power failure, these functions cannot guarantee protection.
- The outdoor unit is equipped with two factory mounted freeze protection valves. Freeze protection valves drain the water from the outdoor unit before it can freeze and damage the unit. This is to prevent R290 leaks in the outdoor unit.
Note: The factory mounted freeze protection valves are designed to protect the outdoor unit, not the field piping.

To ensure protection of field piping, install **additional freeze protection valves** at all lowest points of the field piping. Insulate these field installed freeze protection valves in a similar way as the water piping, but do NOT insulate the inlet and outlet (release) of these valves.

Optionally, you can install **normally closed valves** (located indoors near the piping entry/exit points). These valves can prevent that all water from the indoor piping is

drained when the freeze protection valves open. **Note:** The normally closed shut-off valve that is delivered as accessory with the indoor unit, which is mandatory to install on the indoor unit for safety reasons (inlet leak stop), does NOT prevent drainage of the indoor piping when the freeze protection valves open. For this, you need additional normally closed valves (optional).

**NOTICE**

When freeze protection valves are installed, set the minimum cooling setpoint (default=7°C) at least 2°C higher than the maximum opening temperature of the freeze protection valves (the opening temperature of the factory-mounted freeze protection valves is 3°C ±1).

If you set the minimum cooling setpoint lower than the safe value (i.e. maximum opening temperature of freeze protection valves + 2°C), you risk that the freeze protection valves open when cooling to the minimum setpoint.

**INFORMATION**

The minimum leaving water temperature is decided based on setting [3.11] **Undercooling setpoint**. This limit defines the minimum leaving water **in the system**. Depending on the value of this setting, the minimum LWT setpoint will also be increased by 4°C to allow stable control towards the setpoint.

The minimum leaving water temperature **in the main zone** is decided based on setting [1.20] **Undercooling water circuit**, only in case [3.13.5] **Bizone kit installed** is enabled. This limit defines the minimum leaving water **in the main zone**. Depending on the value of this setting, the minimum LWT setpoint will also be increased by 4°C to allow stable control towards the setpoint.

**WARNING**

Adding anti-freeze solutions (e.g. glycol) to the water is NOT allowed.

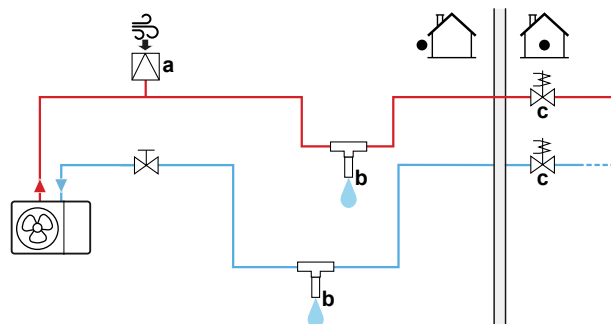
Freeze protection by freeze protection valves

About freeze protection valves

It is the responsibility of the installer to protect the field piping against freezing. Use freeze protection valves at all lowest points of the field piping to drain the water from the system before it can freeze.


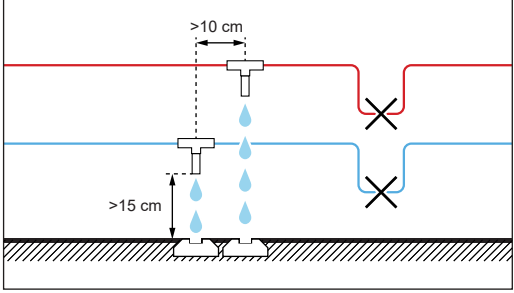

To install freeze protection valves

To protect the field piping against freezing, install the following parts:



- a Automatic air intake
- b Freeze protection valve (optional – field supply)
- c Normally closed valves (recommended – field supply)

Part	Description
	An automatic air intake (for air supply) should be installed at the highest point. For example, an automatic air purge.

Part	Description
	<p>Protection for the field piping.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Install the freeze protection valves: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - At all lowest points of the field piping. - In the coldest part of the field piping, away from heat sources. - Vertically to allow water to flow out properly. - >15 cm above the ground to prevent ice from blocking the water exit. Make sure there are no obstructions. - >10 cm away from other freeze protection valves. ▪ Prevent rain, snow and direct sunlight on the freeze protection valves. ▪ Insulate the freeze protection valves in a similar way as the water piping, but do NOT insulate the inlet and outlet (release) of these valves. ▪ Do NOT make traps in the field piping. 
	<p>Isolation of water inside the house when there is a power interruption. Normally closed valves (located indoors near the piping entry/exit points) can prevent that all water from indoor piping is drained when the freeze protection valves open.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ When there is a power interruption: The normally closed valves close and isolate the water inside the house. If the freeze protection valves open, only the water outside the house is drained. ▪ In other circumstances (example: when there is a pump failure): The normally closed valves remain open. If the freeze protection valves open, the water from inside the house is also drained.

8.2.8 To fill the heat exchanger inside the storage tank

Following heat exchanger has to be filled with water before the storage tank can be filled:

- The domestic hot water heat exchanger



NOTICE

To fill the domestic hot water heat exchanger, use a field supply filling kit. Make sure you comply with the applicable legislation.

- 1 Open the shut-off valve for the cold water supply.
- 2 Open all hot water taps in the system to make sure that the tapped water flow is as high as possible.
- 3 Keep the hot water taps open and the cold water supply running until no more air is vented from the taps.

- 4 Check for water leaks.
- The bivalent heat exchanger (only for some models)
- 5 Fill the bivalent heat exchanger with water by connecting the bivalent heating circuit. If the bivalent heating circuit will be installed on a later stage, fill the bivalent heat exchanger with a filling hose until water comes out of both connections.
- 6 Do air purge on the bivalent heating circuit.
- 7 Check for water leaks.

8.2.9 To fill the storage tank



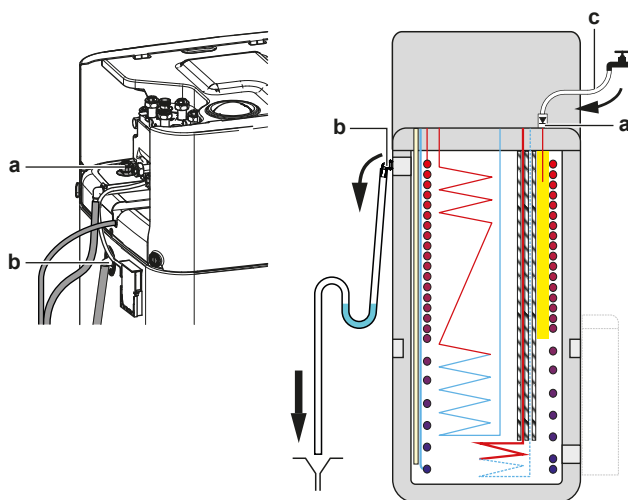
NOTICE

Before the storage tank can be filled, the heat exchangers inside the storage tank have to be filled, see previous chapters.

Fill the storage tank with a water pressure <6 bar and a flow speed <15 l/min.

Without installed drainback solar kit (option)

- 1 Connect a hose with non-return valve (1/2") to the drainback connection.
- 2 Fill the storage tank until water spills from the spillover connection.
- 3 Remove the hose.



- a Drainback connection
- b Spillover connection
- c Hose with non-return valve (1/2")

With installed drainback solar kit (option)

- 1 Combine the fill and drain kit (option) with the drainback solar kit (option) to fill the storage tank.
- 2 Connect the hose with non-return valve to the fill and drain kit.

Follow the steps described in the previous chapter.

8.2.10 To insulate the water piping

The piping in the complete water circuit MUST be insulated to prevent condensation during cooling operation and reduction of the heating and cooling capacity.

Outdoor water piping insulation



NOTICE

Outside piping. Make sure the outside piping is insulated as instructed to protect against hazards.

For piping in free air, it is recommended to use the insulation thickness as shown in below table as a minimum (with $\lambda=0.039$ W/(mK)).

Piping length (m)	Minimum insulation thickness (mm)
<30	32
30~40	40
40~50	50

For other cases the minimum insulation thickness can be determined using the Hydronic Piping Calculation tool.

The Hydronic Piping Calculation tool also calculates the maximum hydronic piping length from the indoor unit to the outdoor unit based on the emitter pressure drop or the other way around.

The Hydronic Piping Calculation tool is part of the Heating Solutions Navigator which can be reached via <https://professional.standbyme.daikin.eu>.

Please contact your dealer if you have no access to Heating Solutions Navigator.

This recommendation ensures good operation of the unit, however, local regulations may differ and shall be followed.

9 Electrical installation

In this chapter

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9.1 About connecting the electrical wiring

Before connecting the electrical wiring

Make sure the water piping is connected.

Typical workflow

Connecting the electrical wiring typically consists of the following stages:

- "9.2 Connections to the outdoor unit" [▶ 113]
- "9.3 Connections to the indoor unit" [▶ 117]

9.1.1 Precautions when connecting the electrical wiring



DANGER: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION



WARNING

- All wiring **MUST** be performed by an authorised electrician and **MUST** comply with the national wiring regulation.
- Make electrical connections to the fixed wiring.
- All components procured on-site and all electrical construction **MUST** comply with the applicable legislation.



WARNING

ALWAYS use multicore cable for power supply cables.



INFORMATION

Also read the precautions and requirements in the "2 General safety precautions" [▶ 10].



WARNING

- If the power supply has a missing or wrong N-phase, equipment might break down.
- Establish proper earthing. Do NOT earth the unit to a utility pipe, surge absorber, or telephone earth. Incomplete or incorrect earthing may cause electrical shocks.
- Install the required fuses or circuit breakers.
- Secure the electrical wiring with cable ties so that the cables do NOT come in contact with sharp edges or piping, particularly on the high-pressure side.
- Do NOT use taped wires, extension cords, or connections from a star system. They can cause overheating, electrical shocks or fire.
- Do NOT install a phase advancing capacitor, because this unit is equipped with an inverter. A phase advancing capacitor will reduce performance and may cause accidents.



CAUTION

Do NOT push or place redundant cable length into the unit.



NOTICE

The distance between the high voltage and low voltage cables should be at least 50 mm.



NOTICE

It is recommended to install a residual current device (RCD) having a rated residual operating current NOT exceeding 30 mA.



INFORMATION

When installing field supply or option cables, foresee sufficient cable length. This will make it possible to open the switch box and gain access to other components during service.



WARNING

If the supply cord is damaged, it MUST be replaced by the manufacturer, its service agent or similarly qualified persons in order to avoid a hazard.

9.1.2 Guidelines when connecting the electrical wiring



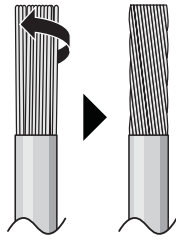
NOTICE

We recommend using solid (single-core) wires. If stranded wires are used, slightly twist the strands to consolidate the end of the conductor for either direct use in the terminal clamp or insertion in a round crimp-style terminal.

To prepare stranded conductor wire for installation

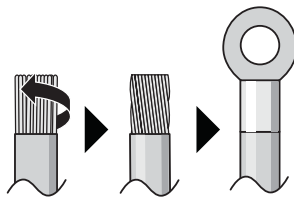
Method 1: Twisting conductor

- 1 Strip insulation (20 mm) from the wires.
- 2 Slightly twist the end of the conductor to create a "solid-like" connection.



Method 2: Using round crimp-style terminal (recommended)

- 1 Strip insulation from wires and slightly twist the end of each wire.
- 2 Install a round crimp-style terminal on the end of the wire. Place the round crimp-style terminal on the wire up to the covered part and fasten the terminal with the appropriate tool.



Use the following methods for installing wires:

Wire type	Installation method
Single-core wire Or Stranded conductor wire twisted to "solid-like" connection	<p>a Curled wire (single-core or twisted stranded conductor wire)</p> <p>b Screw</p> <p>c Flat washer</p>
Stranded conductor wire with round crimp-style terminal	<p>a Terminal</p> <p>b Screw</p> <p>c Flat washer</p> <p>✓ Allowed</p> <p>✗ NOT allowed</p>

Tightening torques

Outdoor unit:

Item	Tightening torque (N•m)
X1M (M5)	2.45 ±10%

Item	Tightening torque (N•m)
X2M (M3.5)	0.88 ±10%
M4 (earth)	1.31 ±10%

Indoor unit:

Item	Tightening torque (N•m)
M3.5 (X42M, X43M, X44M, X45M)	0.88 ±10%
M4 (X40M, X41M)	1.47 ±10%
M4 (earth)	1.47 ±10%

9.1.3 About electrical compliance

Only for EPSKS04~07A ▲ V3 ▼

Equipment complying with EN/IEC 61000-3-12 (European/International Technical Standard setting the limits for harmonic currents produced by equipment connected to public low-voltage systems with input current >16 A and ≤75 A per phase.).

Only for the backup heater of the indoor unit

See "9.3.3 To connect the backup heater power supply" [▶ 127].

9.1.4 About preferential kWh rate power supply

Electricity companies throughout the world work hard to provide reliable electric service at competitive prices and are often authorised to bill clients at benefit rates. E.g. time-of-use rates, seasonal rates, Wärmepumpentarif in Germany and Austria, ...

This equipment allows for connection to such preferential kWh rate power supply delivery systems.

Consult with the electricity company acting as provider at the site where this equipment is to be installed to know whether it is appropriate to connect the equipment in one of the preferential kWh rate power supply delivery systems available, if any.

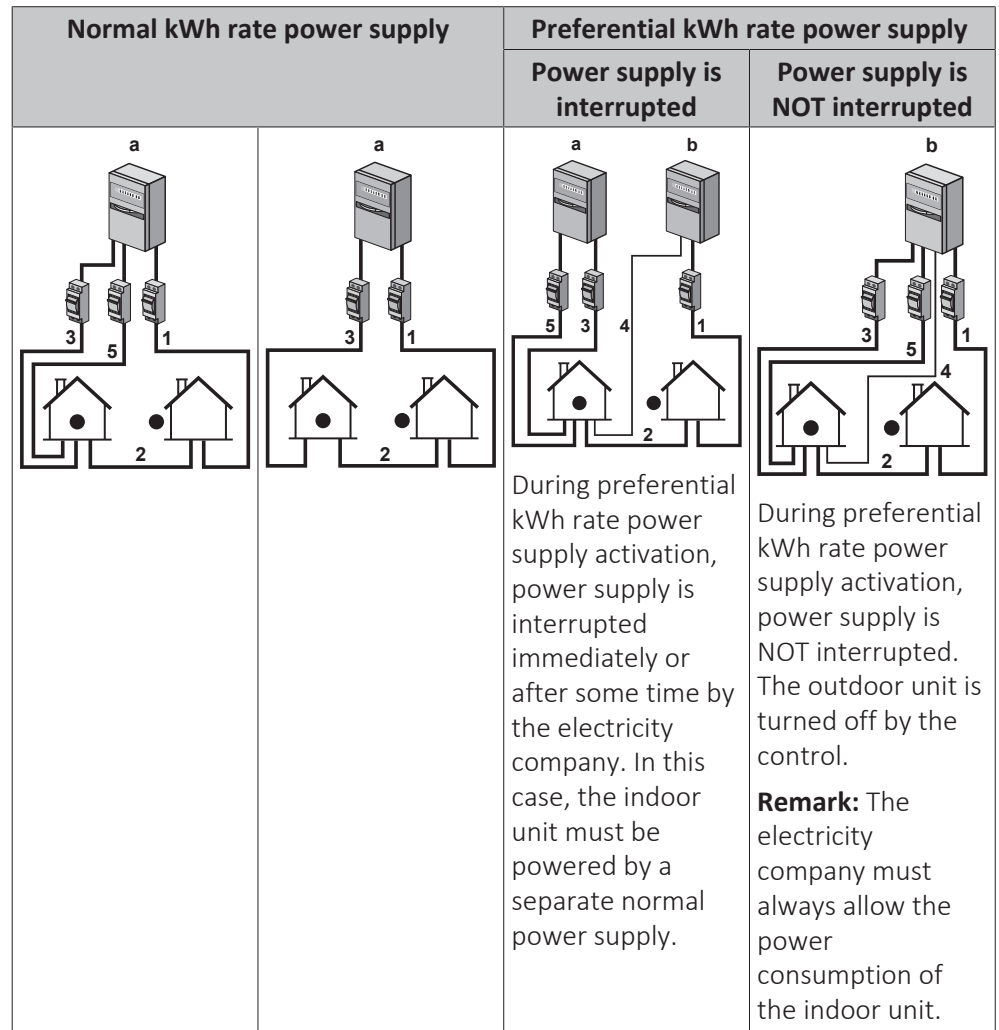
When the equipment is connected to such preferential kWh rate power supply, the electricity company is allowed to:

- interrupt power supply to the equipment for certain periods of time;
- demand that the equipment ONLY consumes a limited amount of electricity during certain periods of time.

The indoor unit is designed to receive an input signal by which the unit switches into forced OFF mode. At that moment, the outdoor unit compressor will NOT operate.

The wiring to the unit is different depending on whether the power supply is interrupted or NOT.

9.1.5 Overview of electrical connections except external actuators



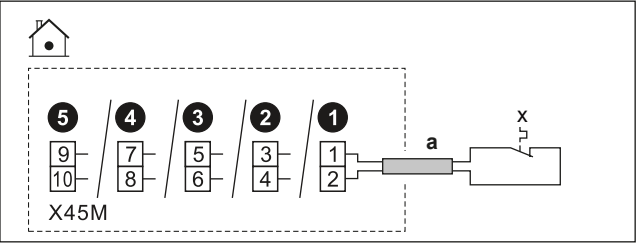
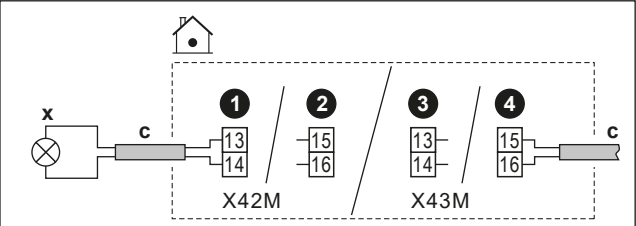
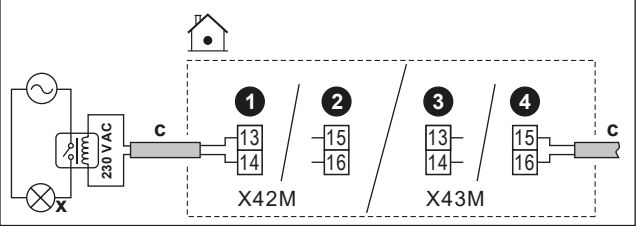
- a Normal kWh rate power supply
- b Preferential kWh rate power supply
- 1 Power supply for outdoor unit
- 2 Interconnection cable to indoor unit
- 3 Power supply for backup heater
- 4 Preferential kWh rate power supply (voltage free contact)
- 5 Power supply for indoor unit

9.1.6 Field IO connections

When connecting the electrical wiring, for certain components, you can choose which terminal pins to use. After connection, you must tell the user interface which terminal pins you used so that it matches your system layout:

- Preferably, via the breadcrumbs in [13] **Field IO**.
- Alternatively, via the field codes (see the field settings table in the installer reference guide).

1	Choose which terminal pins to use for which component.
----------	---

<p>1a</p>	<p>In case of Field IO inputs:</p> <p>Choose between the standard possibilities (12345 as shown in the respective topics of "9.3 Connections to the indoor unit" [▶ 117] and in the addendum book for optional equipment). For example:</p>  <p>The diagram shows a dashed box representing the indoor unit with terminals 1 through 5. Terminal 1 is connected to terminal 2 of a component 'a'. Terminal 2 is connected to terminal 3 of component 'a'. Terminal 3 is connected to terminal 4 of component 'a'. Terminal 4 is connected to terminal 5 of component 'a'. Terminal 5 is connected to terminal 6 of component 'a'. Terminal 6 is connected to terminal 7 of component 'a'. Terminal 7 is connected to terminal 8 of component 'a'. Terminal 8 is connected to terminal 9 of component 'a'. Terminal 9 is connected to terminal 10 of component 'a'. A house icon is shown above the dashed box. The label 'X45M' is at the bottom left.</p>
<p>1b</p>	<p>In case of Field IO outputs:</p> <p>You have multiple options.</p>
<p>1b.1</p>	<p>Option 1 (preferred; only possible if the running current and/or inrush current of the connected component does NOT exceed the maximum running current and/or inrush current of the terminals as listed in the respective topic):</p> <p>Choose between the standard possibilities (1234 as shown in the respective topics of "9.3 Connections to the indoor unit" [▶ 117] and in the addendum book for optional equipment). For example:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Maximum running current and/or inrush current of respective terminals = 0.3 A ▪ Maximum running current and/or inrush current of connected component is ≤ 0.3 A  <p>The diagram shows a dashed box representing the indoor unit with terminals 1 through 4. Terminal 1 is connected to terminal 13 of a component 'c'. Terminal 2 is connected to terminal 15 of component 'c'. Terminal 3 is connected to terminal 13 of component 'c'. Terminal 4 is connected to terminal 15 of component 'c'. A house icon is shown above the dashed box. The label 'X42M' is at the bottom left and 'X43M' is at the bottom right.</p>
<p>1b.2</p>	<p>Option 2 (in case the running current and/or inrush current of the connected component exceeds the maximum running current and/or inrush current of the terminals as listed in the respective topic):</p> <p>Choose between the standard possibilities (1234 as shown in the respective topics of "9.3 Connections to the indoor unit" [▶ 117] and in the addendum book for optional equipment), but instead of directly connecting to the component, install a relay (field supply) with an external power supply outside of the switch box in-between. For example:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Maximum running current and/or inrush current of respective terminals = 0.3 A ▪ Maximum running current and/or inrush current of connected component is > 0.3 A  <p>The diagram shows a dashed box representing the indoor unit with terminals 1 through 4. Terminal 1 is connected to terminal 13 of a relay 'c'. Terminal 2 is connected to terminal 15 of component 'c'. Terminal 3 is connected to terminal 13 of component 'c'. Terminal 4 is connected to terminal 15 of component 'c'. A house icon is shown above the dashed box. The label 'X42M' is at the bottom left and 'X43M' is at the bottom right. An external power supply is shown connected to the relay 'c'.</p>

1b.3	<p>Option 3:</p> <p>Alternatively, instead of choosing one of the standard possibilities (1 2 3 4), you can use the terminal pins of any of the other Field IO outputs. However, you must also check if the running current and/or inrush current of the connected component exceeds the maximum running current and/or inrush current of the terminals as listed in the respective topic. If exceeded, you must install a relay in-between (similar to Option 2).</p>								
2	<p>Tell the user interface which terminal pins you used for which component.</p>								
2.1	<p>Go to [13] Field IO.</p>								
2.2	<p>Select the used terminal block.</p> <p>Result: The screen with the connections on that terminal block is shown. For example:</p> <div data-bbox="627 723 1281 1115" style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p style="text-align: center;">Field IO</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 50%;">Terminal block X43M</th> <th style="width: 50%;">Function</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Pin 1-3</td> <td>Shut off valve</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="background-color: #cccccc;">Pin 4-6</td> <td style="background-color: #cccccc;">External heat source</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Pin 10-11-12</td> <td>Alarm</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p style="margin-top: 10px;">Invert <input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> <p style="text-align: right; margin-top: 10px;"> </p> </div>	Terminal block X43M	Function	Pin 1-3	Shut off valve	Pin 4-6	External heat source	Pin 10-11-12	Alarm
Terminal block X43M	Function								
Pin 1-3	Shut off valve								
Pin 4-6	External heat source								
Pin 10-11-12	Alarm								
2.3	<p>On the left, select the used terminal pins.</p>								
2.4	<p>On the right, select the connected component:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Field IO inputs (see table below) ▪ Field IO outputs (see table below) 								
2.5	<p>Set whether the logic has to be inverted:</p> <p>Note: not all terminals / connected options can be inverted. If the selection is possible or not is visible in [13] Field IO.</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse; margin-top: 10px;"> <thead> <tr style="background-color: #cccccc;"> <th style="width: 50%;">If the component is...</th> <th style="width: 50%;">Then set...</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Normally open</td> <td>Invert = OFF</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Normally closed</td> <td>Invert = ON</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	If the component is...	Then set...	Normally open	Invert = OFF	Normally closed	Invert = ON		
If the component is...	Then set...								
Normally open	Invert = OFF								
Normally closed	Invert = ON								



NOTICE

Invert setting for shut-off valves:

If you connect the shut-off valve (normally open or normally closed) according to one of the standard possibilities (1 2 3 4), then in [13] **Field IO**, do NOT invert the logic (i.e. keep **Invert** = OFF).

If you connect the shut-off valve according to the terminal pins of any other **Field IO** output, then in [13] **Field IO**:

- In case of normally open shut-off valves: Do NOT invert the logic (i.e. keep **Invert** = OFF).
- In case of normally closed shut-off valves: Invert the logic (i.e. set **Invert** = ON).

Field IO inputs

If the connected component is...	Then select Function = ...
Remote outdoor sensor. See addendum book for optional equipment (and "9.3 Connections to the indoor unit" [▶ 117]).	External outdoor sensor
Remote indoor sensor. See addendum book for optional equipment (and "9.3 Connections to the indoor unit" [▶ 117]).	External indoor sensor
Smart Grid contacts. See "9.3.14 Smart Grid" [▶ 138].	HV/LV Smart Grid Contact 1
	HV/LV Smart Grid Contact 2
Preferential kWh rate power supply contact. See "9.3.2 To connect the main power supply" [▶ 124].	HP Tariff Contact
Safety thermostats for unit. See "9.3.13 To connect the safety thermostat" [▶ 137].	Safety thermostat unit
Smart Grid meter contact. See "9.3.14 Smart Grid" [▶ 138].	Smart Meter Contact
Solar input. See "9.3.17 To connect the solar input" [▶ 145].	Solar input

Field IO outputs

If the connected component is...	Then select Function = ...
Shut-off valves for main zone and additional zone. See "9.3.5 To connect the shut-off valve" [▶ 129]	Main zone shut-off valve
	Add. zone shut-off valve
Alarm output. See "9.3.8 To connect the alarm output" [▶ 133].	Alarm
Changeover to external heat source. See "9.3.10 To connect the changeover to external heat source" [▶ 134].	External heat source
Bivalent bypass valve. See "9.3.11 To connect the bivalent bypass valve" [▶ 135].	Bivalent bypass valve

If the connected component is...	Then select Function = ...
Space cooling/heating operation ON/OFF output for the main zone or additional zone. See "9.3.9 To connect the space cooling/heating ON/OFF output" [▶ 134].	Cooling/Heating mode
Heat pump convectors. See addendum book for optional equipment (and "9.3 Connections to the indoor unit" [▶ 117]).	
DHW pump + extra external pumps. See "9.3.6 To connect the pumps (DHW pump and/or external pumps)" [▶ 131].	DHW pump
	C/H secondary pump
	C/H pump ext. main
DHW ON signal. See "9.3.7 To connect the domestic hot water ON signal" [▶ 133].	C/H pump ext. add.
	DHW On signal

9.2 Connections to the outdoor unit

Item	Description
Power supply	See "9.2.2 To connect the electrical wiring to the outdoor unit" [▶ 114].
Interconnection cable	
(Optional) Drain tube heater	
"Do NOT turn OFF the circuit breaker" stickers	See "9.2.3 To fix the "Do NOT turn OFF the circuit breaker" stickers" [▶ 116].
Air thermistor	See "9.2.4 To reposition the air thermistor on the outdoor unit" [▶ 116].

9.2.1 Specifications of standard wiring components

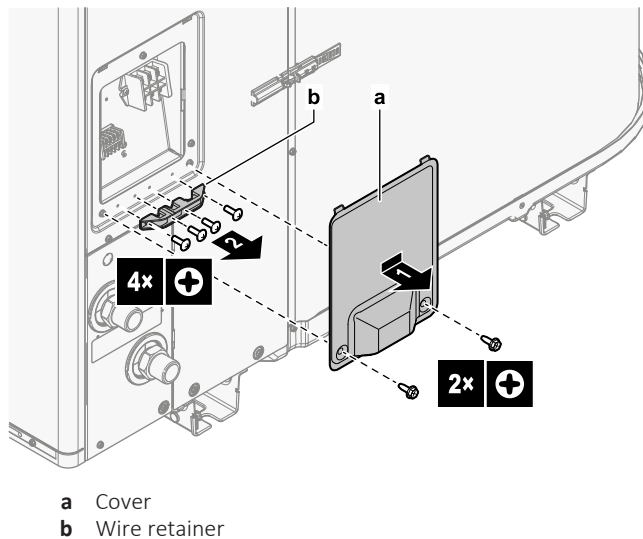
Component		V3
Power supply cable	MCA ^(a)	25.2 A
	Voltage	220-240 V
	Phase	1~
	Frequency	50 Hz
	Wire size	MUST comply with national wiring regulation. Wire size based on the current, but not less than 2.5 mm ²
		3-core cable

Component		V3
Interconnection cable (indoor ↔ outdoor)	Voltage	220-240 V
	Wire size	Only use harmonised wire providing double insulation and suitable for applicable voltage. 4-core cable Minimum 1.5 mm ²
(Optional) Drain tube heater cable		3-core cable 0.75 mm ² MUST be double insulated. Maximum power allowed for drain tube heater = 115 W (0.5 A) Drain tube heater MUST be suitable for R290 (explosion proof)
Recommended field fuse		25 A, C curve
Earth leakage circuit breaker		30 mA – MUST comply with national wiring regulation MUST be compatible with the harmonic currents produced by the unit

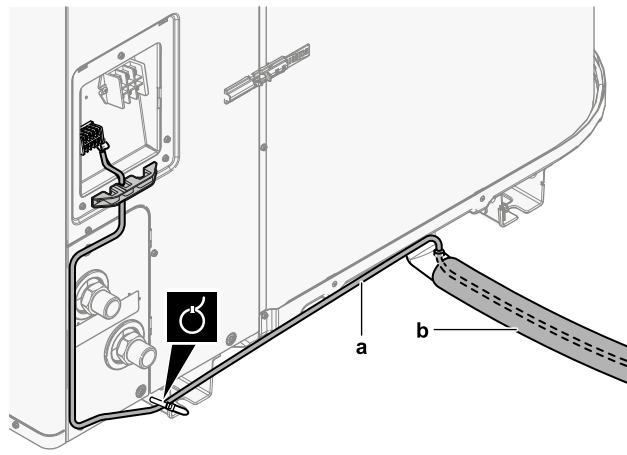
^(a) MCA=Minimum circuit ampacity. Stated values are maximum values (see electrical data of combination with indoor units for exact values).

9.2.2 To connect the electrical wiring to the outdoor unit

- 1 Remove the cover and the wire retainer.



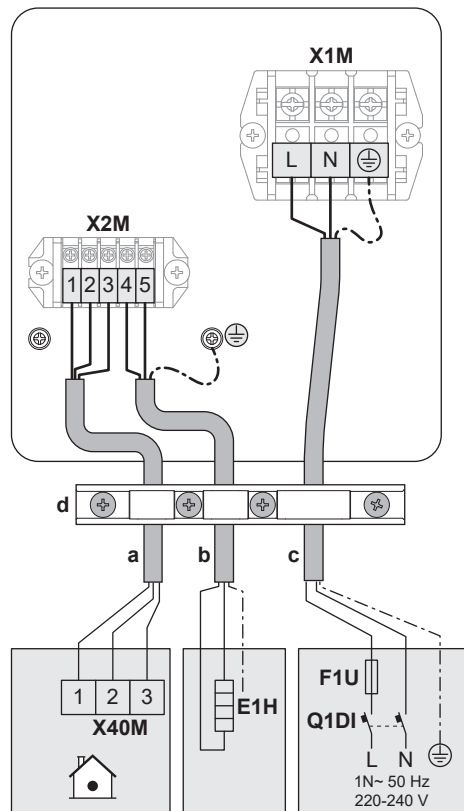
- 2 Connect the wiring (see wiring overviews below):
 - Power supply (1N~)
 - Interconnection cable (indoor↔outdoor)
 - (Optional) Drain tube heater. Make sure the heating element of the drain tube heater is completely inside the drain tube. Fix the cable with a cable tie to the unit's foot.



- a Drain tube heater cable
- b Drain tube

- 3 Reattach the wire retainer and the cover.
 - Check that the wires do NOT disconnect by pulling them lightly.
 - Firmly secure the wire retainer to avoid external stress on wire terminations.

Wiring overview: V3 models (1N~)



Legend of wiring overviews

(see also "9.2.1 Specifications of standard wiring components" [▶ 113])

a	Interconnection cable (indoor↔outdoor)
b	(Optional) Drain tube heater cable
c	Power supply cable in case of V3 models (1N~)
d	Wire retainer
E1H	Drain tube heater

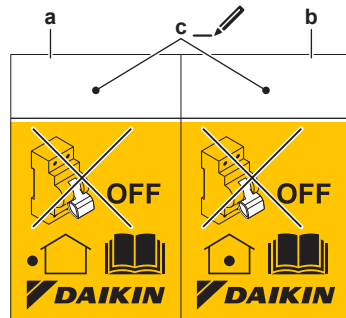
F1U	Field fuse
Q1DI	Earth leakage circuit breaker

9.2.3 To fix the "Do NOT turn OFF the circuit breaker" stickers

WARNING

After commissioning, do NOT turn OFF the circuit breakers (c) to the units so that the protection remains activated. In case of indoor unit supplied separately (a), there are two circuit breaker. In case of indoor unit supplied from the outdoor unit (b), there is one circuit breaker.

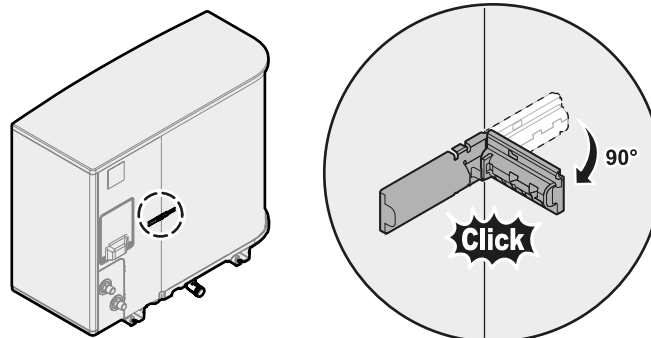
To warn the user, fix the 'Do NOT turn OFF the circuit breaker' stickers in the electrical cabinet and as close as possible to the circuit breakers of the heat pump. On the sticker, fill in the reference number of the circuit breaker to ensure maximum clarity.






- a Sticker for the circuit breaker to the outdoor unit
- b Sticker for the circuit breaker to the indoor unit (only in case of preferential kWh rate power supply)
- c Reference number of the circuit breaker in the electrical cabinet










9.2.4 To reposition the air thermistor on the outdoor unit







This procedure is only necessary in areas with low ambient temperatures.



9.3 Connections to the indoor unit

Item	Description
Power supply (main)	See "9.3.2 To connect the main power supply" [▶ 124].
Power supply (backup heater)	See "9.3.3 To connect the backup heater power supply" [▶ 127]
Normally closed shut-off valve (inlet leak stop)	See "9.3.4 To connect the normally closed shut-off valve (inlet leak stop)" [▶ 129]
Shut-off valve	See "9.3.5 To connect the shut-off valve" [▶ 129].
Domestic hot water pump or external pumps	See "9.3.6 To connect the pumps (DHW pump and/or external pumps)" [▶ 131]
Domestic hot water ON signal	See "9.3.7 To connect the domestic hot water ON signal" [▶ 133]
Alarm output	See "9.3.8 To connect the alarm output" [▶ 133].
Space cooling/heating operation control	See "9.3.9 To connect the space cooling/heating ON/OFF output" [▶ 134].
Changeover to external heat source control	See "9.3.10 To connect the changeover to external heat source" [▶ 134].
Bivalent bypass valve	See "9.3.11 To connect the bivalent bypass valve" [▶ 135]
Electricity meters	See "9.3.12 To connect the electricity meters" [▶ 136].
Safety thermostat	See "9.3.13 To connect the safety thermostat" [▶ 137].
Smart Grid	See "9.3.14 Smart Grid" [▶ 138].
WLAN cartridge	See "9.3.15 To connect the WLAN cartridge (delivered as accessory)" [▶ 143] .
Ethernet (Modbus) cable	See "9.3.16 To connect the Ethernet (Modbus) cable" [▶ 143].
Solar input	See "9.3.17 To connect the solar input" [▶ 145].
Gas meter	See "9.3.18 To connect the gas meter" [▶ 145]
Room thermostat (wired or wireless)	 See below table.
	 Wires: 0.75 mm ² Maximum running current: 100 mA
	 For the main zone: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ [1.12] Control ▪ [1.13] External room thermostat For the additional zone: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ [2.12] Control ▪ [2.13] External room thermostat

Item	Description	
Heat pump convector		<p>There are different controllers and setups possible for the heat pump convectors.</p> <p>Depending on the setup, implement a relay (field supply, see addendum book for optional equipment).</p> <p>For more information, see:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Installation manual of the heat pump convectors ▪ Installation manual of the heat pump convector options ▪ Addendum book for optional equipment
		<p>Wires: 0.75 mm²</p> <p>Maximum running current: 100 mA</p> <p>This is a Field IO output connection. See "9.1.6 Field IO connections" [▶ 109].</p>
		<p>[13] Field IO (Cooling/Heating mode)</p> <p>For the main zone:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ [1.12] Control ▪ [1.13] External room thermostat <p>For the additional zone:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ [2.12] Control ▪ [2.13] External room thermostat
Remote outdoor sensor		<p>See:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Installation manual of the remote outdoor sensor ▪ Addendum book for optional equipment
		<p>Wires: 2×0.75 mm²</p> <p>This is a Field IO input connection. See "9.1.6 Field IO connections" [▶ 109].</p>
		<p>[13] Field IO (External outdoor sensor)</p> <p>[5.22] External ambient sensor offset</p>
Remote indoor sensor		<p>See:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Installation manual of the remote indoor sensor ▪ Addendum book for optional equipment
		<p>Wires: 2×0.75 mm²</p> <p>This is a Field IO input connection. See "9.1.6 Field IO connections" [▶ 109].</p>
		<p>[13] Field IO (External indoor sensor)</p> <p>[1.33] External room sensor offset</p>

Item	Description	
Human Comfort Interface		See: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Installation and operation manual of the Human Comfort Interface Addendum book for optional equipment
		Wires: 2×(0.75~1.25 mm ²) Maximum length: 500 m
		[1.12] Control [1.38] Room sensor offset
Bizone kit		See: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Installation manual of the bizone kit Addendum book for optional equipment
		Use the cable delivered with the bizone kit.
		[3.13.5] Bizone kit installed



for room thermostat (wired or wireless):

In case of...	See...
Wireless room thermostat	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Installation manual of the wireless room thermostat Addendum book for optional equipment
Wired room thermostat without multi-zoning base unit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Installation manual of the wired room thermostat Addendum book for optional equipment
Wired room thermostat with multi-zoning base unit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Installation manual of the wired room thermostat (digital or analogue) + multi-zoning base unit Addendum book for optional equipment In this case: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> You need to connect the wired room thermostat (digital or analogue) to the multi-zoning base unit You need to connect the multi-zoning base unit to the outdoor unit For cooling/heating operation, you also need to implement a relay (field supply, see addendum book for optional equipment)

9.3.1 To connect the electrical wiring to the indoor unit

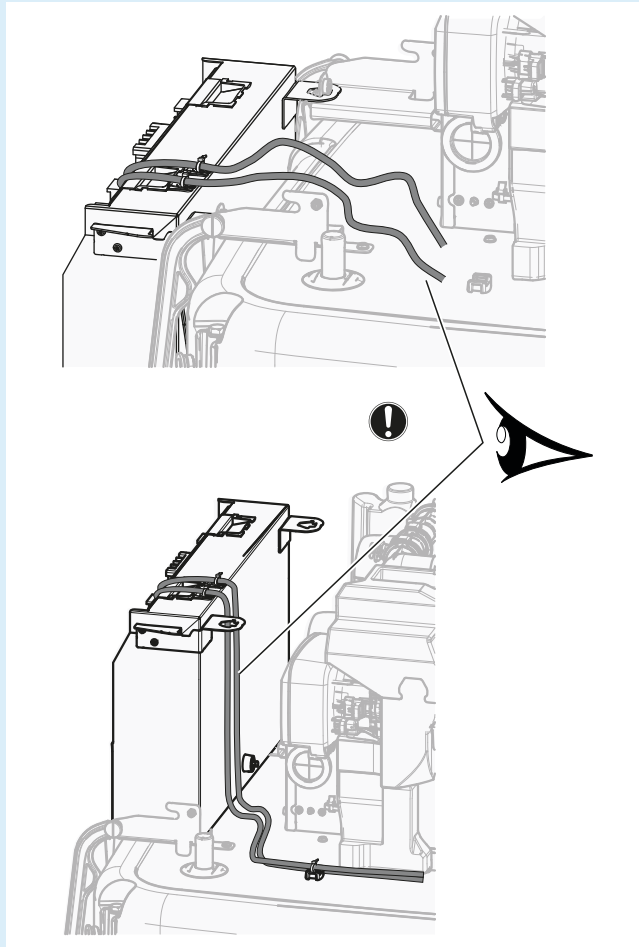
Remark: All cables which will be connected to the switch box of the ECH₂O must be fixed by strain relief.

To have easier access to the switch box itself and the routing of cables the switch box can be lowered (see "7.2.5 To open the indoor unit" [▶ 79]).



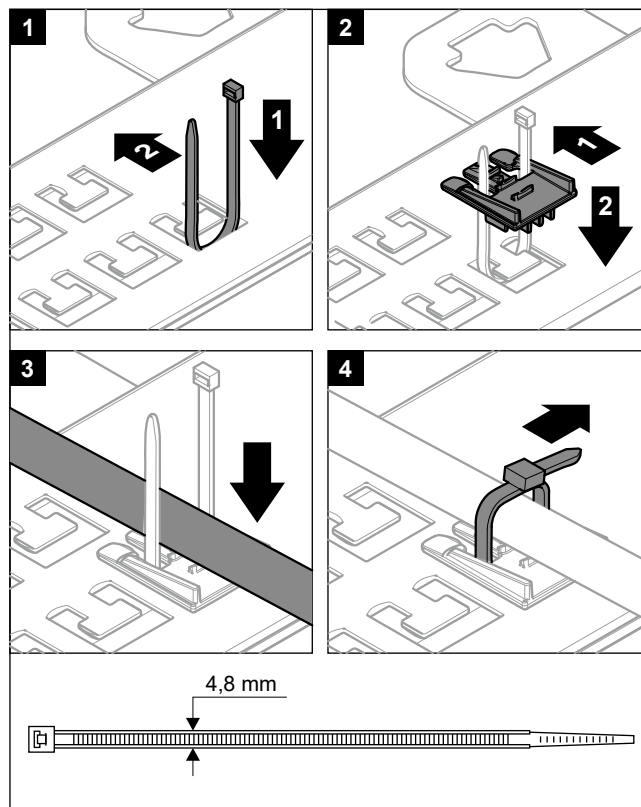
NOTICE

If the switch box is lowered in service position while the electrical installation is done, additional cable length has to be taken into account adequately. The cable routing in normal position is longer than in service position.

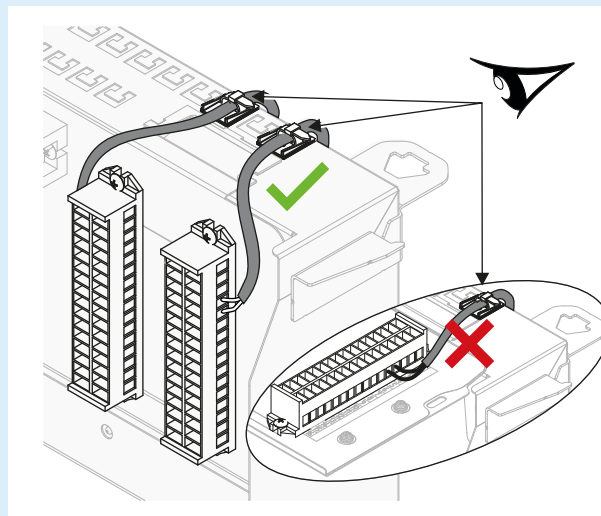


Cable fixation for strain relief

Install the cable with cable fixation and cable tie on the top of the switch box as follows:

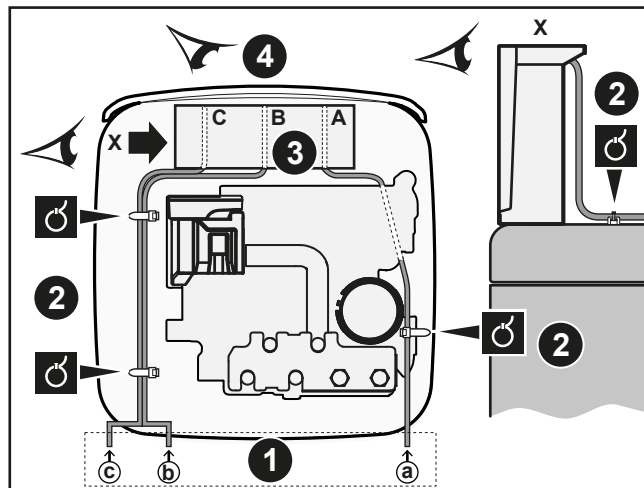


It is not allowed to connect cables to the terminals while the mounting plate for the terminals is in the service position.



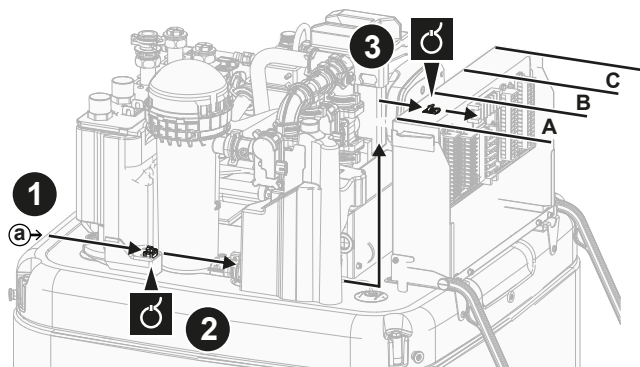
Cable routing

Note: For the Ethernet (Modbus) cable, see "9.3.16 To connect the Ethernet (Modbus) cable" [▶ 143].

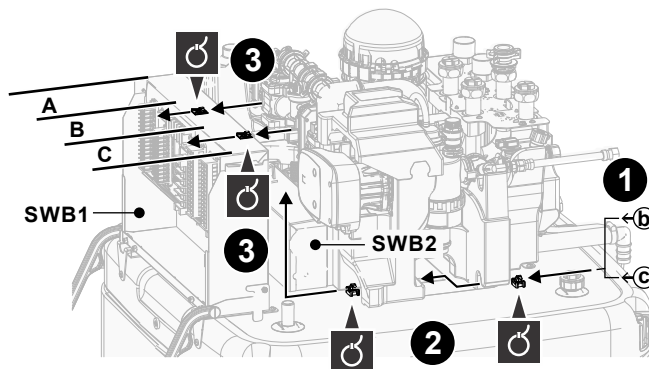


- ❶ Entry into unit
- ❷ Strain relief (cable ties)
- ❸ Entry into switch box + strain relief (cable ties or cable glands)
- ❹ Front view switch box (terminal blocks and PCBs)

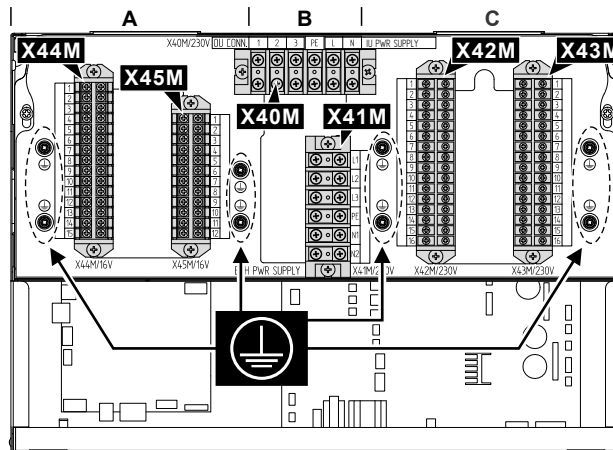
Follow cable route ❶:



Follow cable route ❷ and ❸:

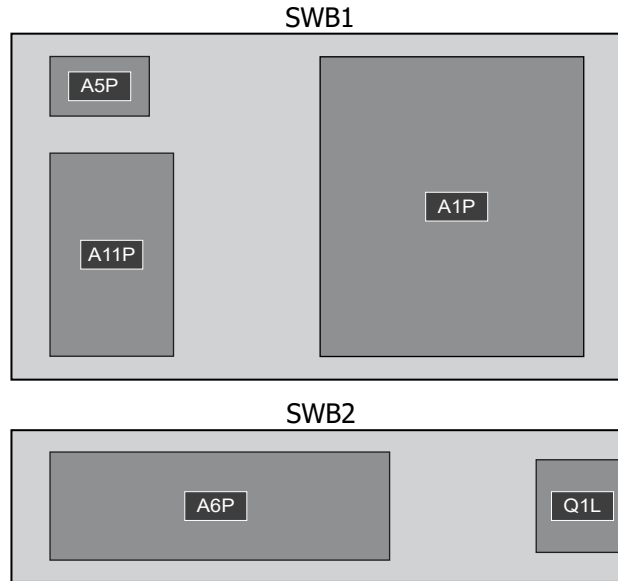


Terminal blocks (SWB1)



#	Cable	Terminal block
A	Low voltage options: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Preferential power supply contact (field supply) ▪ Human Comfort Interface (option kit) ▪ Outdoor ambient temperature sensor (option kit) ▪ Indoor ambient temperature sensor (option kit) ▪ Electrical meters (field supply) ▪ Safety thermostat (field supply) ▪ Smart Grid (low voltage contacts) (field supply) ▪ Bizone mixing kit (option kit) ▪ Solar input (field supply) ▪ Gas meter (field supply) 	X44M+ X45M
B	Main power supply	X40M
	Interconnection cable	X40M
	Backup heater power supply	X41M
C	High voltage options: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Heat pump convector (option kit) ▪ Room thermostat (option kit) ▪ Shut-off valve (field supply) ▪ Domestic hot water pump + extra external pumps (field supply) ▪ Domestic hot water ON signal (field supply) ▪ Alarm output (field supply) ▪ Changeover to external heat source control (field supply) ▪ Bivalent bypass pass valve (field supply) ▪ Space heat/cool operation control (field supply) ▪ Smart Grid (high voltage contacts) (option kit) 	X42M + X43M

PCBs (inside the switch boxes):



Switchbox	PCB
SWB1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A1P: Hydro PCB A5P: Power supply PCB A11P: Interface PCB
SWB2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A6P: Multistep backup heater PCB Q1L: Thermal protector backup heater

INFORMATION
 When installing field supply or option cables, foresee sufficient cable length. This will make it possible to remove/reposition the switch box and gain access to other components during service.

CAUTION
 Do NOT push or place redundant cable length into the unit.

9.3.2 To connect the main power supply

NOTICE
 The pump is equipped with an anti-blockage safety routine. This means that the pump operates for a short period of time every 24 hours during long periods of inactivity to ensure it does not get stuck. To enable this function, the unit must be connected to the power supply all year round.

This chapter describes 2 possible ways to connect the main power supply:

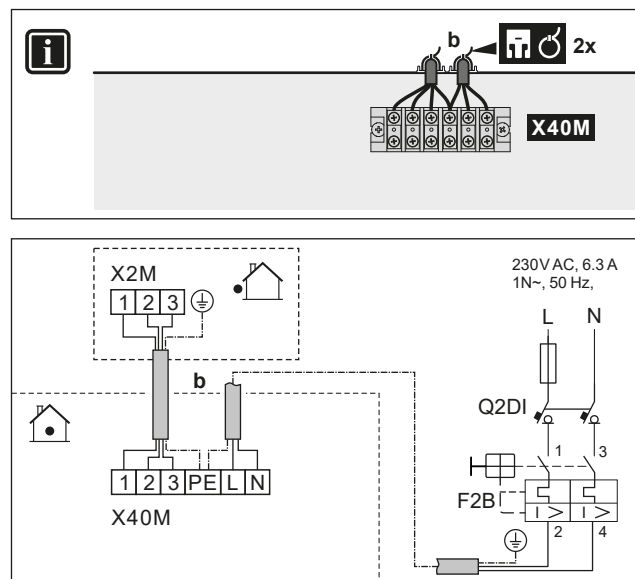
- In case of indoor unit supplied separately:
 - with normal kWh rate power supply
 - with preferential kWh rate power supply
- In case of indoor unit supplied from the outdoor unit

In case of indoor unit supplied separately (Standard):

Specifications of wiring components

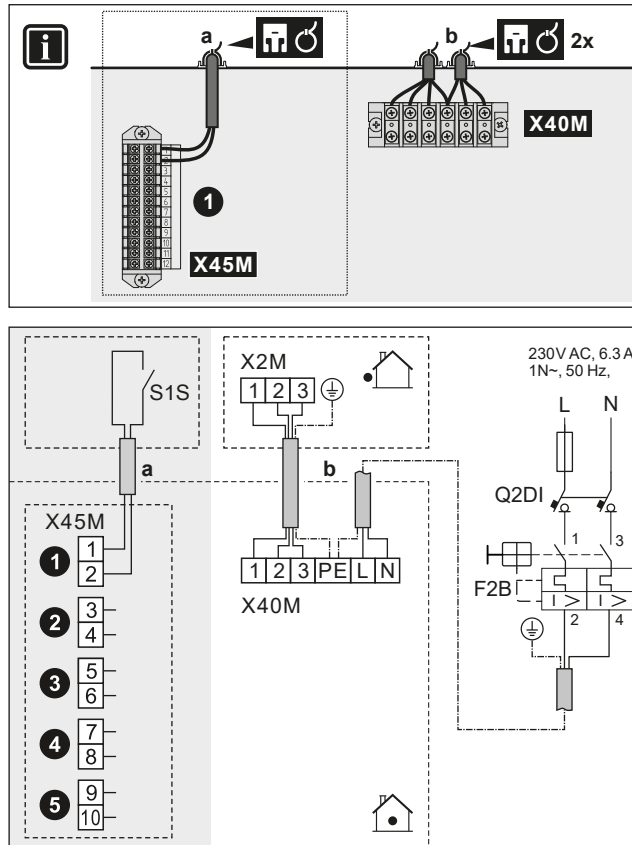
Normal kWh rate power supply for the indoor unit (= main power supply)	
Maximum running current	6,3 A
Voltage	220-240 V
Phase	1~
Frequency	50 Hz
Wire size	MUST comply with national wiring regulation. Wire size based on the current, but not less than 1.5 mm ² 3-core cable
Recommended field fuse	6 A
Earth leakage circuit breaker	30 mA – MUST comply with national wiring regulation MUST be compatible with the harmonic currents produced by the unit

With normal kWh rate power supply



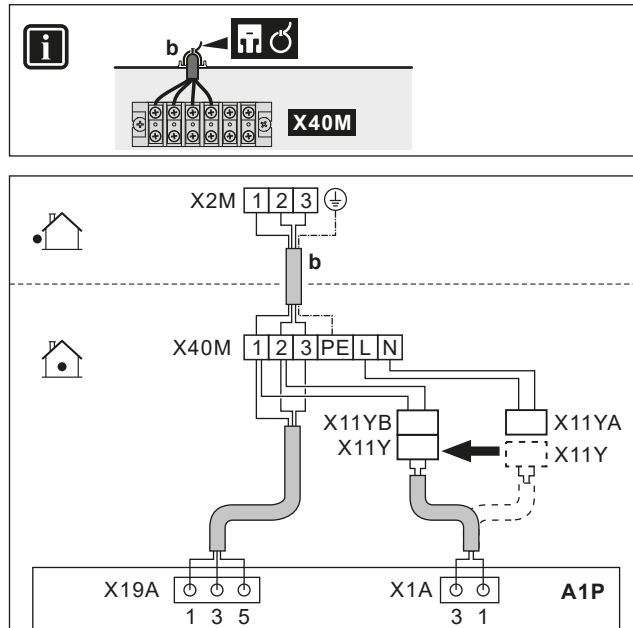
	b Interconnection cable	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Follow cable route in "9.3.1 To connect the electrical wiring to the indoor unit" [▶ 119]. Wires: (3+GND)×1.5 mm²
	Indoor unit power supply (= main power supply)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Follow cable route in "9.3.1 To connect the electrical wiring to the indoor unit" [▶ 119]. Wires: 1N + GND F2B: Overcurrent fuse (field supply) Q2DI: Earth leakage circuit breaker (field supply)

With preferential kWh rate power supply



	<p>a Preferential kWh rate power supply contact (S1S)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Follow cable route a in "9.3.1 To connect the electrical wiring to the indoor unit" [▶ 119]. ▪ Wires: 2×(0.75~1.25 mm²) ▪ Maximum length: 50 m. ▪ Preferential kWh rate power supply contact: 16 V DC detection (voltage supplied by PCB). The voltage-free contact shall ensure the minimum applicable load of 15 V DC, 10 mA. ▪ This is a Field IO input connection. See "9.1.6 Field IO connections" [▶ 109].
	<p>b Interconnection cable</p> <p>Indoor unit power supply (= main power supply)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Follow cable route b in "9.3.1 To connect the electrical wiring to the indoor unit" [▶ 119]. ▪ Wires: (3+GND)×1.5 mm² ▪ Follow cable route b in "9.3.1 To connect the electrical wiring to the indoor unit" [▶ 119]. ▪ Wires: 1N + GND ▪ F2B: Overcurrent fuse (field supply) ▪ Q2DI: Earth leakage circuit breaker (field supply)
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ [13] Field IO (HP Tariff Contact) ▪ [9.14.1] Operation mode (Heat pump tariff) 	

In case of indoor unit supplied from the outdoor unit



	b	Interconnection cable (= main power supply)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Follow cable route b in "9.3.1 To connect the electrical wiring to the indoor unit" [▶ 119]. Wires: (3+GND)×1.5 mm²
	X11Y		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Disconnect X11Y from X11YA. Connect X11Y to X11YB.
	—		

9.3.3 To connect the backup heater power supply



WARNING

The backup heater **MUST** have a dedicated power supply and **MUST** be protected by the safety devices required by the applicable legislation.



CAUTION

To guarantee the unit is completely earthed, **ALWAYS** connect the backup heater power supply and the earth cable.



NOTICE

If the backup heater is not powered, then:

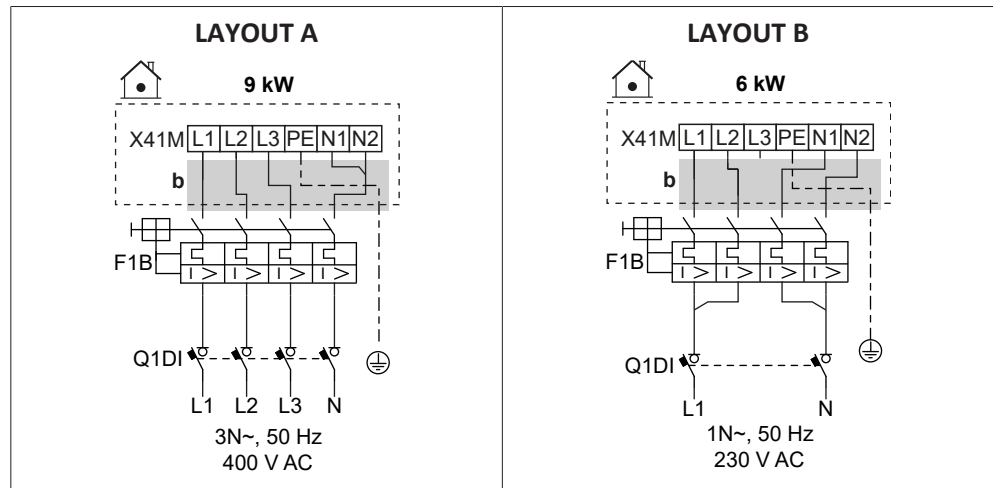
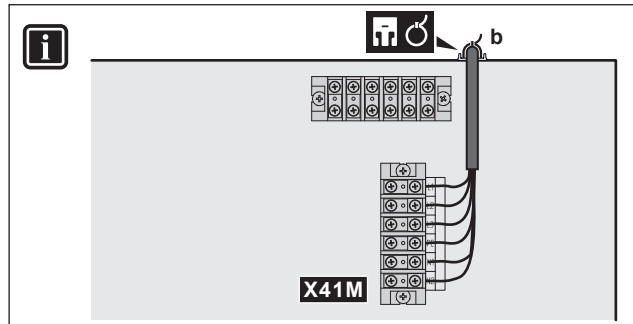
- Space heating and tank heat-up is not allowed.
- Error AA-01 (Backup heater overheated or BUH power cable not connected) is generated.



NOTICE

The output of the backup heater depends on the wiring and the selection in the user interface. Make sure that the power supply matches the selection in the user interface.

Possible layouts in case of 9 kW multistep backup heater



	b	Follow cable route b in "9.3.1 To connect the electrical wiring to the indoor unit" [▶ 119].
	F1B	Overcurrent fuse (field supply). Rating in tables.
	Q1DI	Earth leakage circuit breaker (field supply)
	[5.5] Backup heater	

Specifications of wiring components

Component	LAYOUT	
	A	B
Power supply		
Voltage	390-410 V	220-240 V
Power	9 kW	6 kW
Rated current	13 A	13 A
Phase	3N~	1N~
Frequency	50 Hz	
Wire size	MUST comply with national wiring regulation	
	Wire size based on the current, but minimum 2.5 mm ²	
	5-core cable	
	3L+N+GND	2L+2N+GND

Component	LAYOUT	
	A	B
Recommended overcurrent fuse	4-pole 16A	
Earth leakage circuit breaker	MUST comply with national wiring regulation ^(a)	

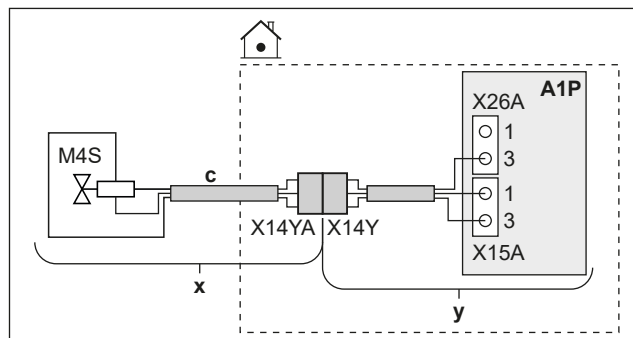
^(a) A rated residual operating current not exceeding 30 mA is advisable.

9.3.4 To connect the normally closed shut-off valve (inlet leak stop)

NOTICE

The shut-off valve (inlet leak stop) is equipped with an anti-blockage safety routine. To enable this routine, the unit must be connected to the power supply all year round. This routine operates as follows every 14 days after the last execution:

- If the unit is not operational, the anti-blockage safety routine is executed (i.e. the valve closes for a short period of time).
- If the unit is operational, the anti-blockage safety routine is postponed for a maximum of 7 days. If the unit is still operational after these 7 days, the unit will be temporarily forced to stop in order to execute the anti-blockage safety routine.



	x	Delivered as accessory
	y	Factory-mounted
	c	Follow cable route in "9.3.1 To connect the electrical wiring to the indoor unit" [▶ 119].
	M4S	Normally closed shut-off valve (inlet leak stop)
	X14Y	Connect X14YA to X14Y.
	—	

9.3.5 To connect the shut-off valve

NOTICE

Wiring is different for a NC (normally closed) valve and a NO (normally open) valve.

INFORMATION

Shut-off valve usage example. In case of one LWT zone, and a combination of underfloor heating and heat pump convectors, install a shut-off valve before the underfloor heating to prevent condensation on the floor during cooling operation.



NOTICE

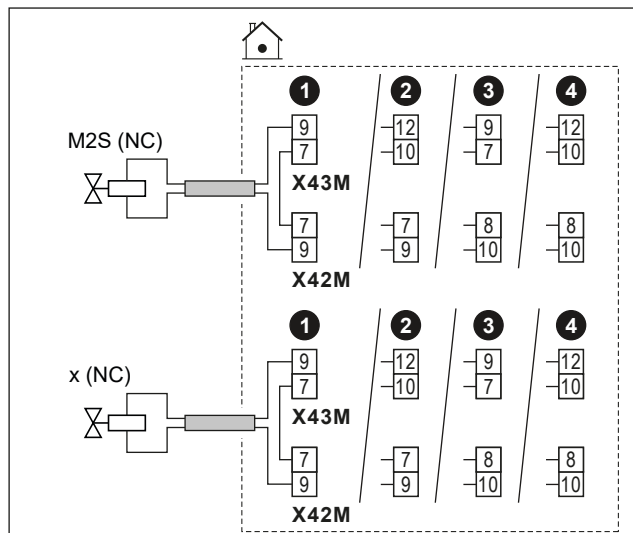
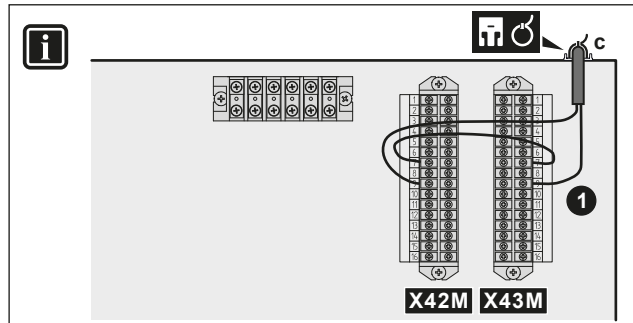
Invert setting for shut-off valves:

If you connect the shut-off valve (normally open or normally closed) according to one of the standard possibilities (1 2 3 4), then in [13] **Field IO**, do NOT invert the logic (i.e. keep **Invert** = OFF).

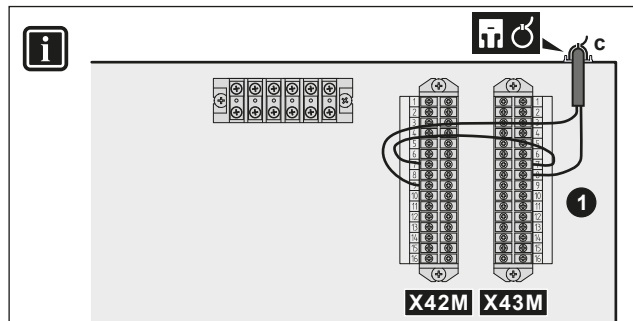
If you connect the shut-off valve according to the terminal pins of any other **Field IO** output, then in [13] **Field IO**:

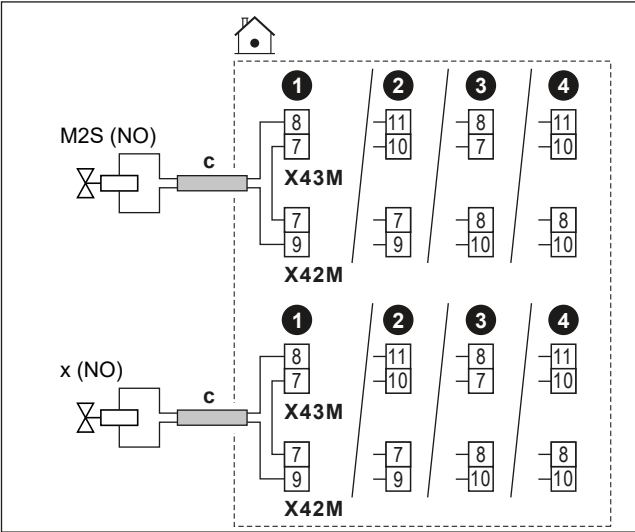
- In case of normally open shut-off valves: Do NOT invert the logic (i.e. keep **Invert** = OFF).
- In case of normally closed shut-off valves: Invert the logic (i.e. set **Invert** = ON).

In case of normally closed shut-off valves



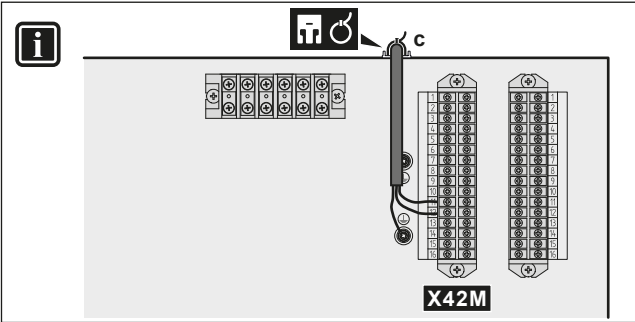
In case of normally open shut-off valves

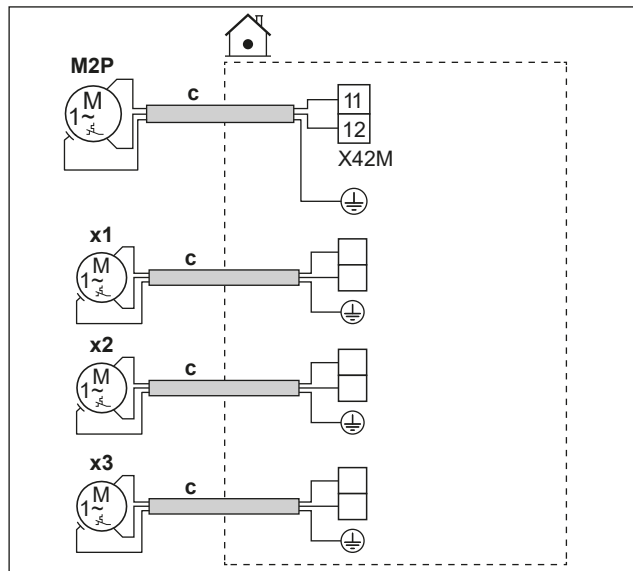




	c		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Follow cable route in "9.3.1 To connect the electrical wiring to the indoor unit" [▶ 119]. Wires: (2 + bridge)×1 mm² This is a Field IO output connection. See "9.1.6 Field IO connections" [▶ 109].
	M2S	Shut-off valve for the main zone	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Maximum running current: 0.3 A 230 V AC supplied by PCB
	x	Shut-off valve for the additional zone	
	NC	Normally closed	
	NO	Normally open	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> [13] Field IO: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Main zone shut-off valve Add. zone shut-off valve 		

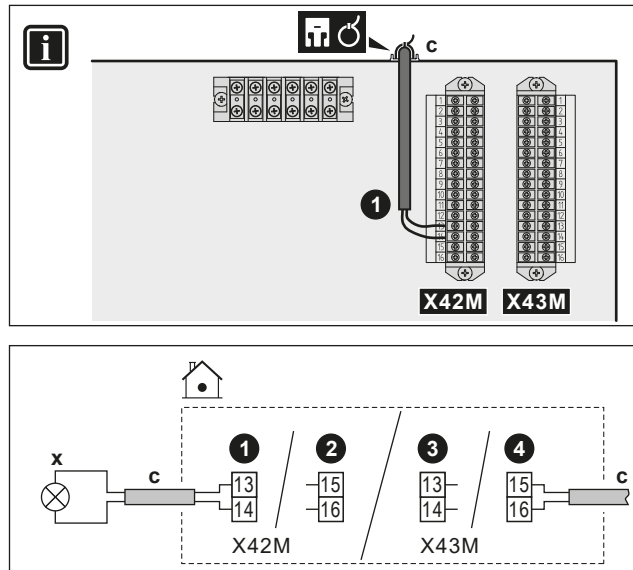
9.3.6 To connect the pumps (DHW pump and/or external pumps)








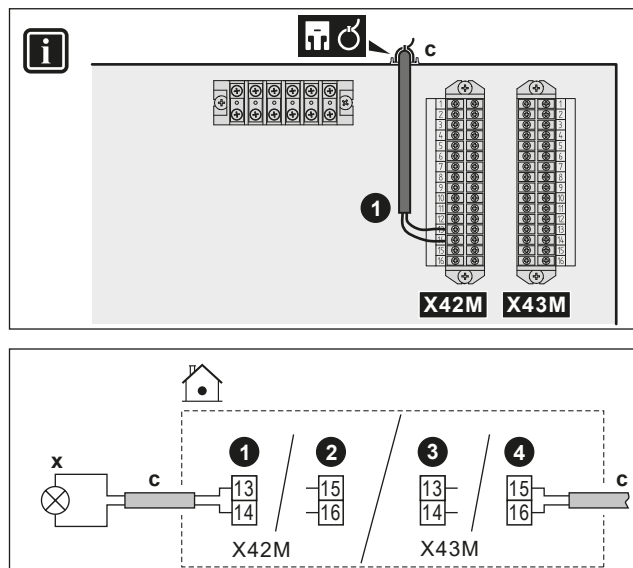
	<p>c</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Follow cable route in "9.3.1 To connect the electrical wiring to the indoor unit" [▶ 119]. Wires: (2+GND)×1 mm² This is a Field IO output connection. See "9.1.6 Field IO connections" [▶ 109]. 	
	<p>M2P</p> <p>DHW pump output.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Maximum load: 2 A (inrush), 230 V AC, 1 A (continuous) 	
	<p>x1</p> <p>Extra external pumps</p>	<p>Use the terminal pins of any of the other Field IO outputs. However, you must also check if you need to install a relay in-between.</p>
	<p>x2</p>	
	<p>x3</p>	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> [13] Field IO <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - DHW pump: Pump used for instant hot water and/or disinfection operation. In this case you must also specify the functionality in setting [4.13] DHW pump: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Instant hot water * Disinfection * Both - C/H secondary pump: Pump runs when there is a request from the main or additional zone. - C/H pump ext. main: Pump runs when there is a request from the main zone. - C/H pump ext. add.: Pump runs when there is a request from the additional zone. [4.26] DHW pump schedule 	



9.3.7 To connect the domestic hot water ON signal



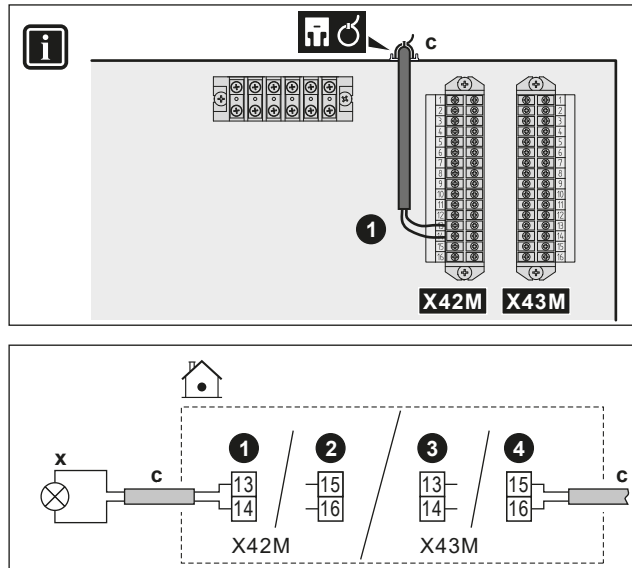
	c	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Follow cable route  in "9.3.1 To connect the electrical wiring to the indoor unit" [▶ 119]. ▪ Wires: 2×1 mm² ▪ This is a Field IO output connection. See "9.1.6 Field IO connections" [▶ 109].
	x	<p>Domestic hot water ON signal (= unit is running in DHW operation):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Maximum load: 0.3 A, 230 V AC
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ [13] Field IO (DHW On signal)



9.3.8 To connect the alarm output




	c	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Follow cable route ③ in "9.3.1 To connect the electrical wiring to the indoor unit" [▶ 119]. ▪ Wires: 2×1 mm² ▪ This is a Field IO output connection. See "9.1.6 Field IO connections" [▶ 109].
	x	Alarm output: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Maximum load: 0.3 A, 230 V AC
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ [13] Field IO (Alarm) 	

9.3.9 To connect the space cooling/heating ON/OFF output



	c	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Follow cable route ③ in "9.3.1 To connect the electrical wiring to the indoor unit" [▶ 119]. ▪ Wires: 2×1 mm² ▪ This is a Field IO output connection. See "9.1.6 Field IO connections" [▶ 109].
	x	Space cooling/heating ON/OFF output: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Maximum load: 0.3 A, 230 V AC
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ [13] Field IO (Cooling/Heating mode) 	

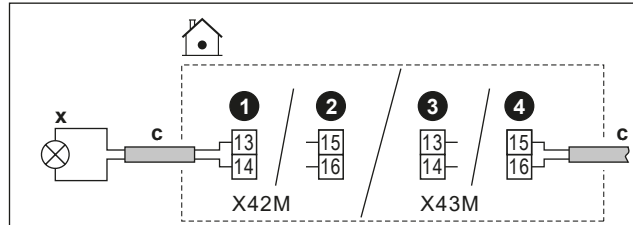
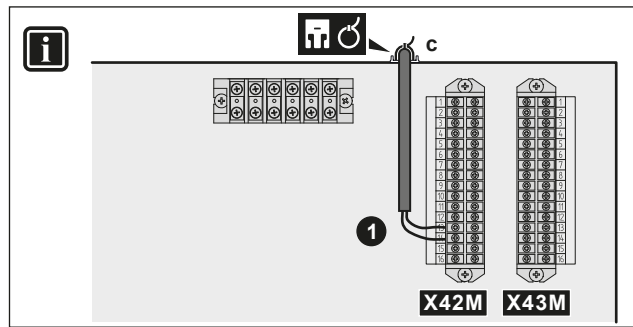
9.3.10 To connect the changeover to external heat source



INFORMATION

Bivalent is only possible in case of 1 leaving water temperature zone with:

- room thermostat control, OR
- external room thermostat control.

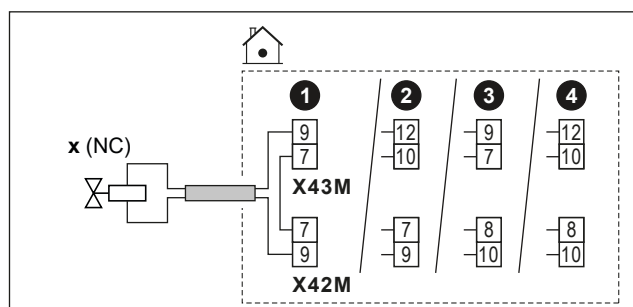


	c	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Follow cable route in "9.3.1 To connect the electrical wiring to the indoor unit" [▶ 119]. Wires: 2×1 mm² This is a Field IO output connection. See "9.1.6 Field IO connections" [▶ 109].
	x	<p>Changeover to external heat source:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Maximum load: 0.3 A, 230 V AC Minimum load: 20 mA, 5 V DC
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> [13] Field IO (External heat source) [5.14] Bivalent [5.37] Bivalent present (ON)

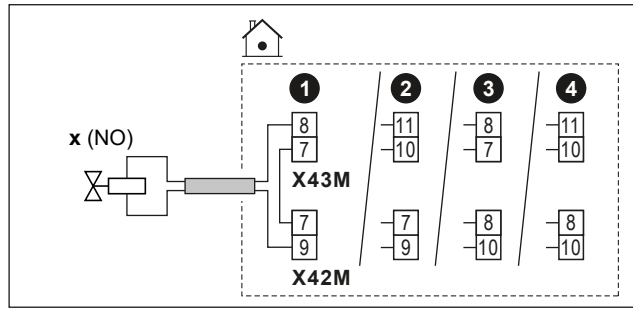
9.3.11 To connect the bivalent bypass valve

NOTICE
Wiring is different for a NC (normally closed) valve and a NO (normally open) valve.

In case of normally closed bivalent bypass valves



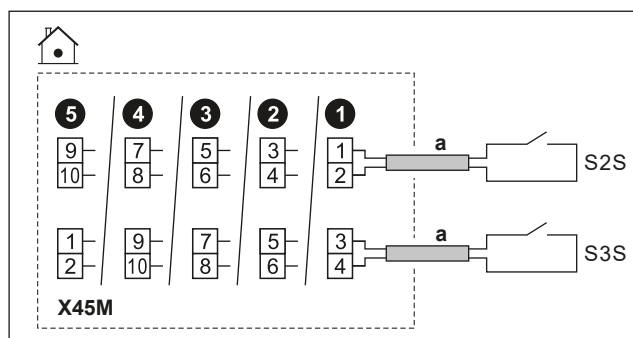
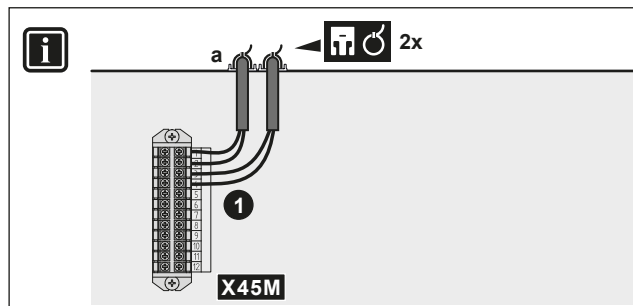
In case of normally open bivalent bypass valves






	c	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Follow cable route Ⓒ in "9.3.1 To connect the electrical wiring to the indoor unit" [▶ 119]. Wires: (2 + bridge)×1 mm² This is a Field IO output connection. See "9.1.6 Field IO connections" [▶ 109].
	x	Bivalent bypass valve (activated when bivalent is active): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Maximum running current: 0.3 A 230 V AC supplied by PCB
	NC	Normally closed
	NO	Normally open
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> [13] Field IO (Bivalent bypass valve) [5.14] Bivalent [5.37] Bivalent present (ON)

9.3.12 To connect the electricity meters

i **INFORMATION**
 This functionality is NOT available in early versions of the user interface software.



	a	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Follow cable route  in "9.3.1 To connect the electrical wiring to the indoor unit" [▶ 119]. Wires: 2 (per meter)×0.75 mm² This is a Field IO input connection. See "9.1.6 Field IO connections" [▶ 109]. 	
	S2S	Electricity meter 1	16 V DC pulse detection (voltage supplied by PCB)
	S3S	Electricity meter 2	
			

9.3.13 To connect the safety thermostat

Connect a safety thermostat to the unit, to prevent that too high temperatures go to the respective zone.

Remark: In case of 2 LWT zones with a bizone kit, you need to connect a second safety thermostat (for the main zone) to the bizone kit control box (EKMIKPOA), to prevent that too high temperatures go to the main zone.

For more information about the safety thermostat for the main zone, see "6.2.3 Multiple rooms – Two LWT zones" [▶ 52].



NOTICE

Make sure to select and install the safety thermostat according to the applicable legislation.

In any case, to prevent unnecessary tripping of the safety thermostat, we recommend the following:

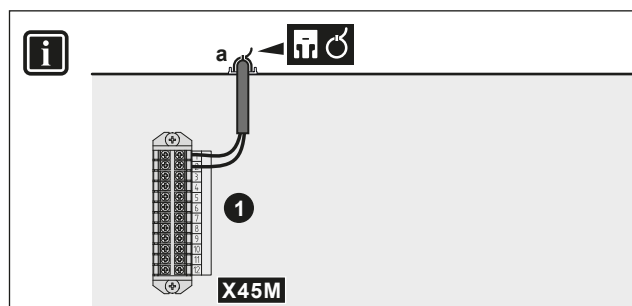
- The safety thermostat is automatically resettable.
- The safety thermostat has a maximum temperature variation rate of 2°C/min.
- The safety thermostat tripping point should be selected in line with the overheating limit.
- There is a minimum distance of 2 m between the safety thermostat and the 3-way valve.

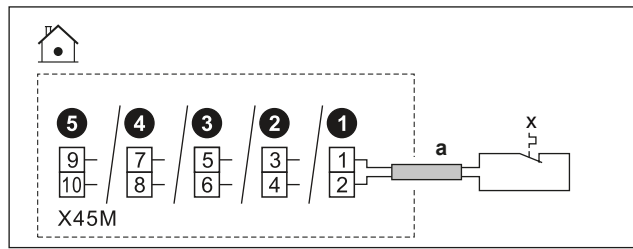


INFORMATION

The maximum leaving water temperature is decided based on setting [3.12] **Overheating setpoint**. This limit defines the maximum leaving water **in the system**. Depending on the value of this setting, the maximum LWT setpoint will also be reduced by 5°C to allow stable control towards the setpoint.

The maximum leaving water temperature **in the main zone** is decided based on setting [1.19] **Overheating water circuit**, only in case [3.13.5] **Bizone kit installed** is enabled. This limit defines the maximum leaving water **in the main zone**. Depending on the value of this setting, the maximum LWT setpoint will also be reduced by 5°C to allow stable control towards the setpoint.





	a	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Follow cable route in "9.3.1 To connect the electrical wiring to the indoor unit" [▶ 119]. ▪ Wires: 2×0.75 mm² ▪ Maximum length: 50 m ▪ This is a Field IO input connection. See "9.1.6 Field IO connections" [▶ 109]. 	
	x	Safety thermostat contact for the unit	16 V DC detection (voltage supplied by PCB). The voltage-free contact shall ensure the minimum applicable load of 15 V DC, 10 mA.
	[13] Field IO (Safety thermostat unit)		

9.3.14 Smart Grid


INFORMATION
 The Smart Grid photovoltaic power pulse meter (S4S) functionality is NOT available in early versions of the user interface software.

This topic describes different ways to connect the indoor unit to a Smart Grid:


<p>Smart Grid contacts:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ In case of low voltage Smart Grid contacts. ▪ In case of high voltage Smart Grid contacts. This requires the installation of 2 relays from the Smart Grid relay kit (EKRELSG). 	<p>The 2 incoming Smart Grid contacts can activate the following Smart Grid modes:</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; text-align: center;"> <thead> <tr style="background-color: #cccccc;"> <th>1</th> <th>2</th> <th>Operation mode</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>Free running</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>Forced off</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>Recommended on</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>Forced on</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	1	2	Operation mode	0	0	Free running	0	1	Forced off	1	0	Recommended on	1	1	Forced on
1	2	Operation mode														
0	0	Free running														
0	1	Forced off														
1	0	Recommended on														
1	1	Forced on														

<p>Smart Grid meter:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ In case of low voltage Smart Grid meter. ▪ In case of high voltage Smart Grid meter. This requires the installation of 1 relay from the Smart Grid relay kit (EKRELSG). 	<p>If the Smart Grid meter is active, the heat pump and the additional electrical heat sources are allowed to operate if the limit allows it.</p> <p>Note:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ It is possible that in some cases this limit towards the heat pump will be ignored for reliability reasons (e.g. heat pump start-up and defrost). ▪ If the backup heater needs to support for protective reasons, the backup heater will kick in with at least a capacity of 2 kW (to ensure reliable operation) even if the power limit would be exceeded.
--	--

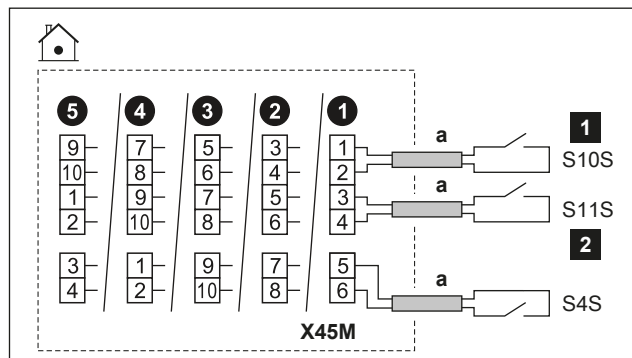
The related settings in case of **Smart Grid contacts** are as follows:


	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ [13] Field IO: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - HV/LV Smart Grid Contact 1 - HV/LV Smart Grid Contact 2 ▪ [9.14] Demand response ▪ [9.14.1] Operation mode (Smart grid ready contacts)
---	---

The related settings in case of **Smart Grid meter** are as follows:

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ [13] Field IO (Smart Meter Contact) ▪ [9.14.1] Operation mode (Smart Meter Contact) ▪ [9.14.7] Smart meter limit
---	--

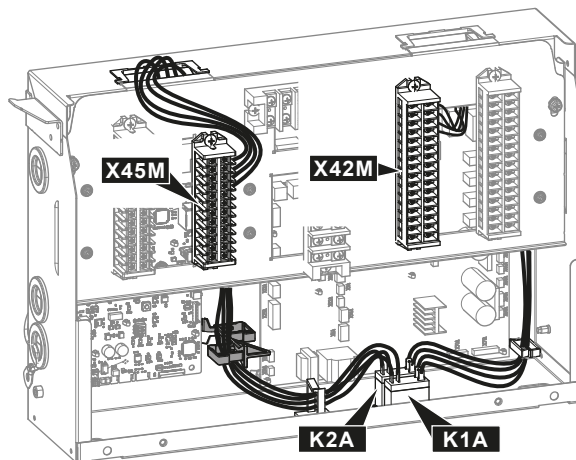
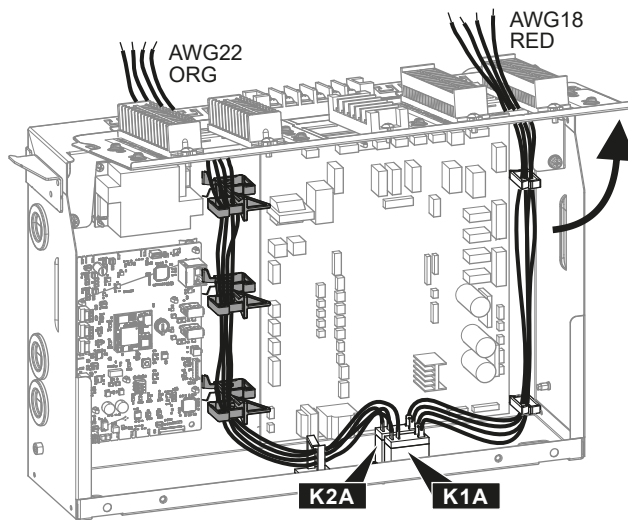
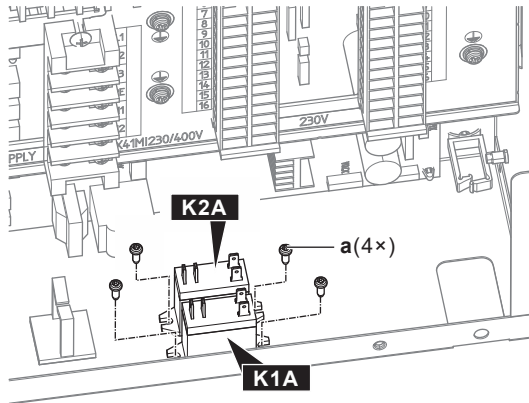
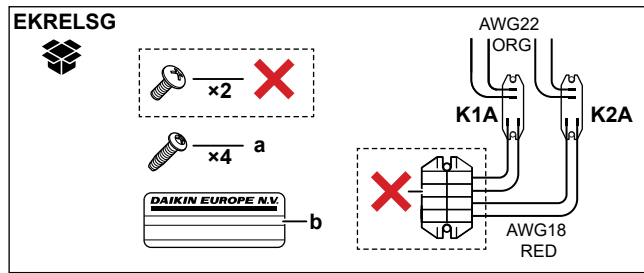
Connections in case of low voltage Smart Grid contacts

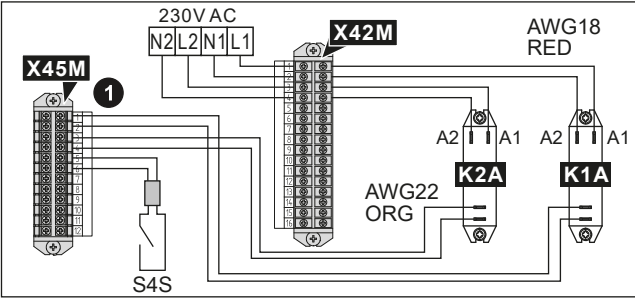


	<p>a</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Follow cable route @➔ in "9.3.1 To connect the electrical wiring to the indoor unit" [▶ 119]. ▪ Wires: 0.75 mm² ▪ This is a Field IO input connection. See "9.1.6 Field IO connections" [▶ 109].
	<p>S4S Smart Grid photovoltaic power pulse meter</p>
	<p>S10S / 1 Low voltage Smart Grid contact 1</p>
	<p>S11S / 2 Low voltage Smart Grid contact 2</p>

Connections in case of high voltage Smart Grid contacts

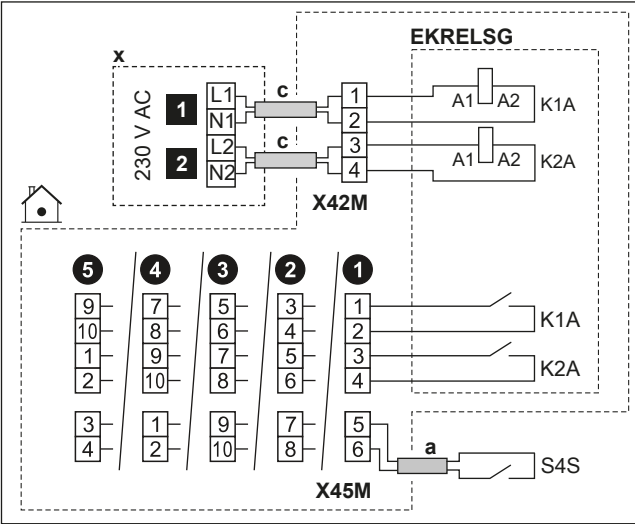
- 1 Install 2 relays from the Smart Grid relay kit (EKRELSG) as follows:






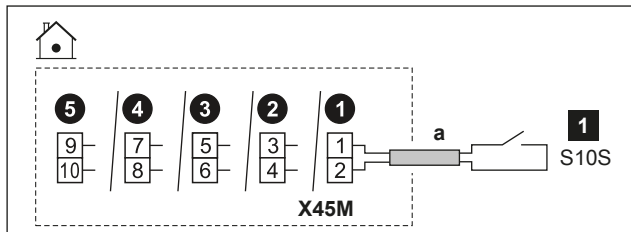
	a	Screws for K1A and K2A
	b	Sticker to put on the high voltage wires
	AWG22 ORG	Wires (AWG22 orange) coming from the contact sides of the relays; to be connected to X45M
	AWG18 RED	Wires (AWG18 red) coming from the coil sides of the relays; to be connected to X42M
	K1A, K2A	Relays
	✗	NOT needed


2 Connect as follows



	a	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Follow cable route ② in "9.3.1 To connect the electrical wiring to the indoor unit" [▶ 119]. Wires: 0.75 mm²
	c	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Follow cable route ③ in "9.3.1 To connect the electrical wiring to the indoor unit" [▶ 119]. Wires: 1 mm²
	x	230 V AC control device
	EKRELSG	Smart Grid relay kit This is a Field IO input connection. See "9.1.6 Field IO connections" [▶ 109].
	S4S	Smart Grid photovoltaic power pulse meter This is a Field IO input connection. See "9.1.6 Field IO connections" [▶ 109].
	1	High voltage Smart Grid contact 1
	2	High voltage Smart Grid contact 2

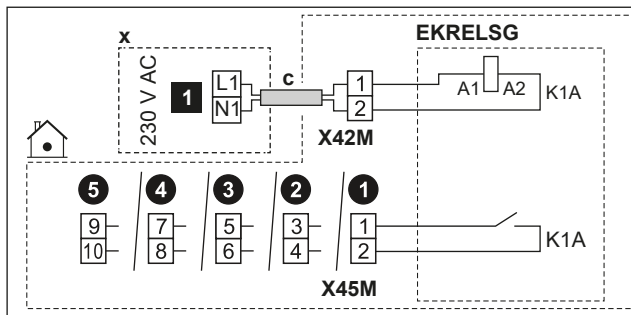
Connections in case of low voltage Smart Grid meter





	a	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Follow cable route ② in "9.3.1 To connect the electrical wiring to the indoor unit" [▶ 119]. Wires: 0.75 mm² This is a Field IO input connection. See "9.1.6 Field IO connections" [▶ 109].
	1	Low voltage Smart Grid meter


Connections in case of high voltage Smart Grid meter

- 1 Install 1 relay (K1A) from the Smart Grid relay kit (EKRELSG). (see above: Connections in case of high voltage Smart Grid contacts).
- 2 Connect as follows:

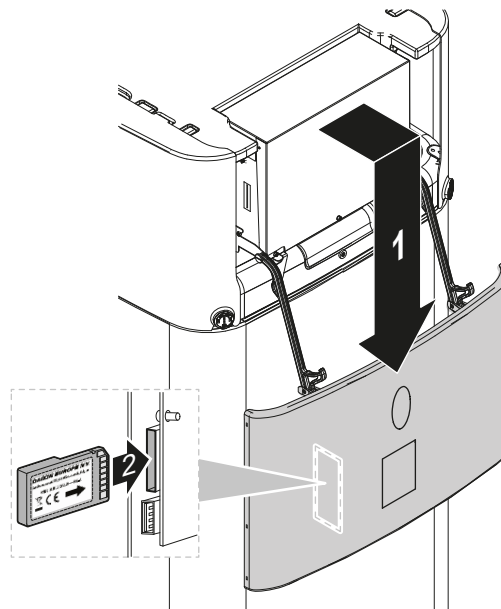


	c	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Follow cable route  in "9.3.1 To connect the electrical wiring to the indoor unit" [▶ 119]. Wires: 1 mm²
	x	230 V AC control device
	EKRELSG	Smart Grid relay kit This is a Field IO input connection. See "9.1.6 Field IO connections" [▶ 109].
	1	High voltage Smart Grid meter


9.3.15 To connect the WLAN cartridge (delivered as accessory)

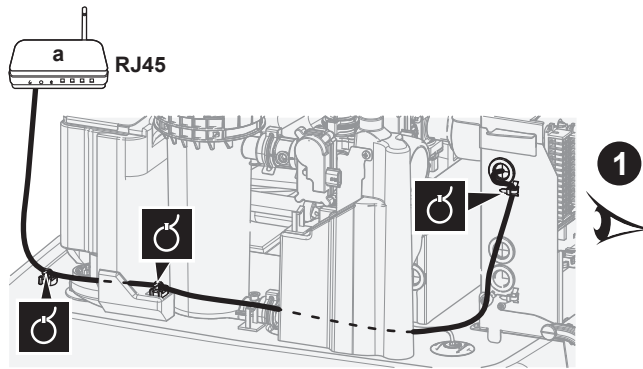
	[8.3] Wireless gateway
---	------------------------

- 1 Insert the WLAN cartridge into the cartridge slot on the user interface of the indoor unit.



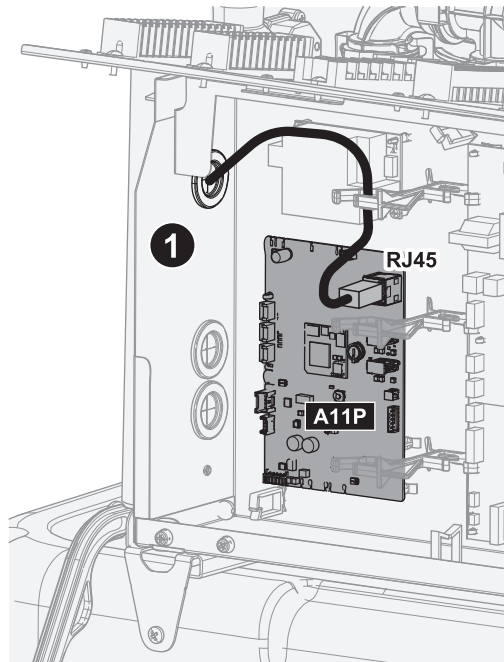
9.3.16 To connect the Ethernet (Modbus) cable

	Use minimum Cat 6a Ethernet cable with the following features:
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> U/UTP (= unshielded) Connector: RJ45 male to RJ45 male
	<p>Note:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> It is recommended that the cable includes (moulded) strain relief to prevent damage in tight routing spaces. Maximum cable length: 100 m.

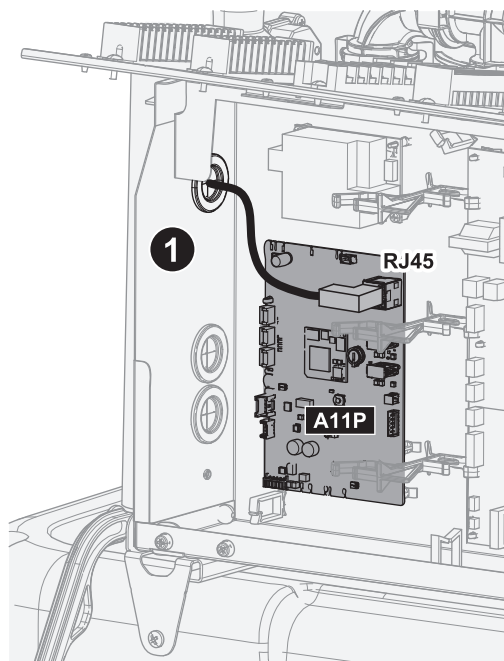


a Home router

Routing in case of straight connector

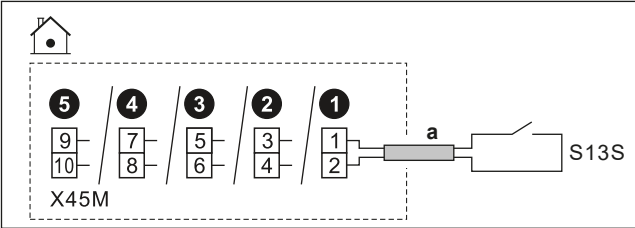
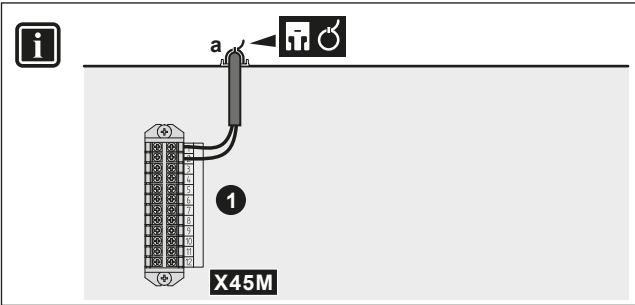


Routing in case of 90° connector



9.3.17 To connect the solar input

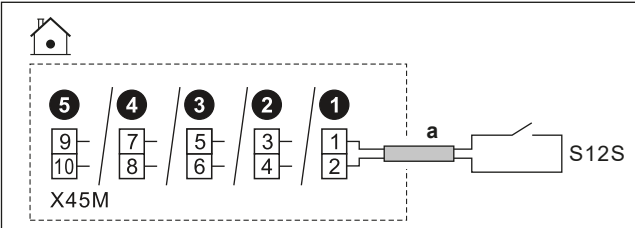
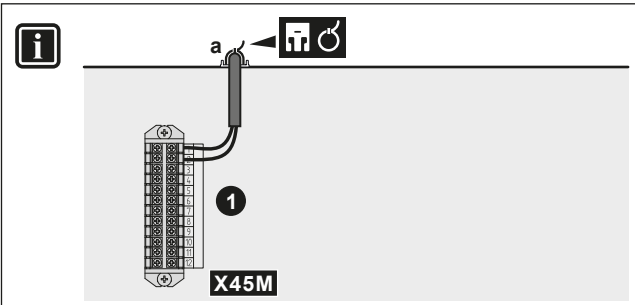
i **INFORMATION**
 This functionality is NOT available in early versions of the user interface software.






	a	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Follow cable route in "9.3.1 To connect the electrical wiring to the indoor unit" [▶ 119]. Wires: 2x0.75 mm² This is a Field IO input connection. See "9.1.6 Field IO connections" [▶ 109].
	S13S	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Solar input contact: 16 V DC (voltage supplied by PCB)

9.3.18 To connect the gas meter

i **INFORMATION**
 This functionality is NOT available in early versions of the user interface software.





	a	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Follow cable route  in "9.3.1 To connect the electrical wiring to the indoor unit" [▶ 119]. ▪ Wires: 2×0.75 mm² ▪ This is a Field IO input connection. See "9.1.6 Field IO connections" [▶ 109].
	S12S	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Gas meter: 16 V DC pulse detection (voltage supplied by PCB)
		

10 Configuration

This chapter explains only basic configuration done via the configuration wizard. For more detailed explanation and background information, see the configuration reference guide.

User mode vs. Installer mode

On the home screen, and most other screens where applicable, you can toggle between user mode and installer mode.

	User mode
	Installer mode. Pin code: <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px; display: inline-block; font-size: 2em; font-weight: bold;">5678</div>

Menu structure vs. Overview field settings

You can access the installer settings using two different methods. However, NOT all settings are accessible via both methods.

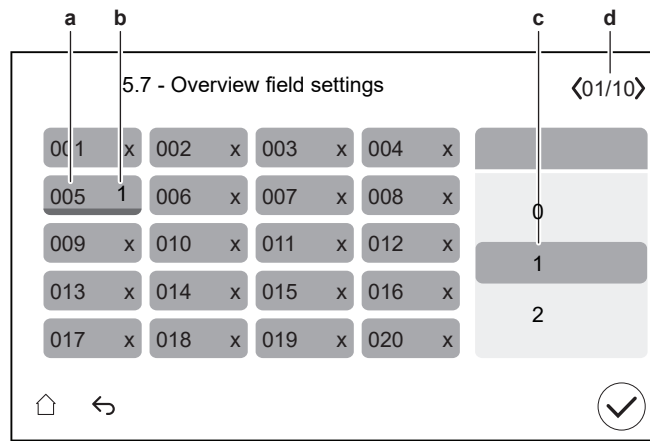
Via the menu structure (with breadcrumbs):

- 1 From the home screen, use the navigation buttons < ▽ ◊ ◦ ◦ >.
- 2 Go to any of the menus:

[1] Main zone	[8] Connectivity
[2] Additional zone	[9] Energy
[3] Space heating/cooling	[10] Configuration wizard
[4] Domestic hot water	[11] Malfunctioning
[5] Settings	[12] NOT USED
[6] Information	[13] Field IO
[7] Maintenance mode	

Via the overview of the field settings:

- 1 Go to [5.7]: **Settings > Overview field settings**.
- 2 Go to the wanted field setting. Where applicable, the field setting codes are described in the configuration reference guide. **Example:** Go to **005** for the water pipe freeze prevention function. Field codes that are not applicable are greyed out.
- 3 Select the wanted value.



- a** Field setting code
- b** Selected value
- c** To select the wanted value
- d** To browse through the different pages

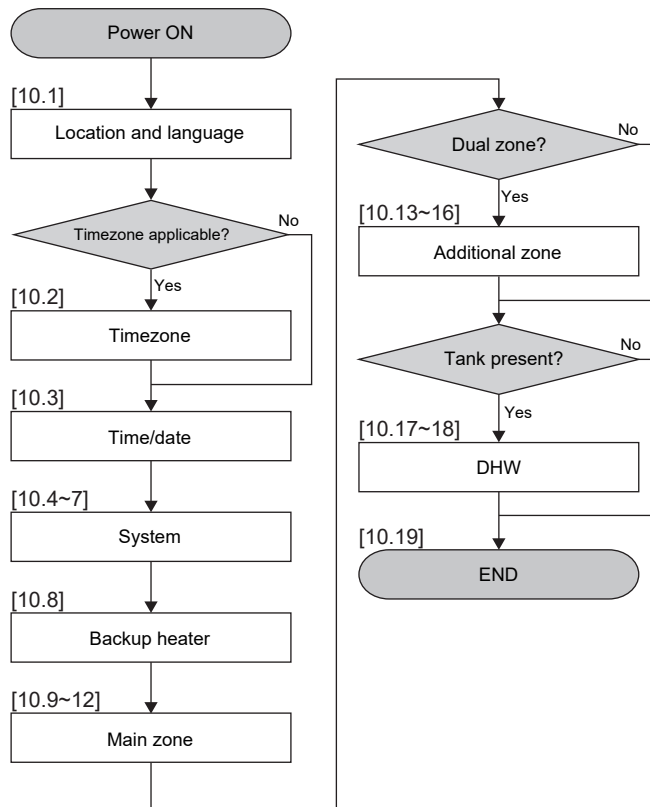
10.1 Configuration wizard

After first power ON of the system, the user interface starts a configuration wizard. Use this wizard to set the most important initial settings for the unit to run properly.

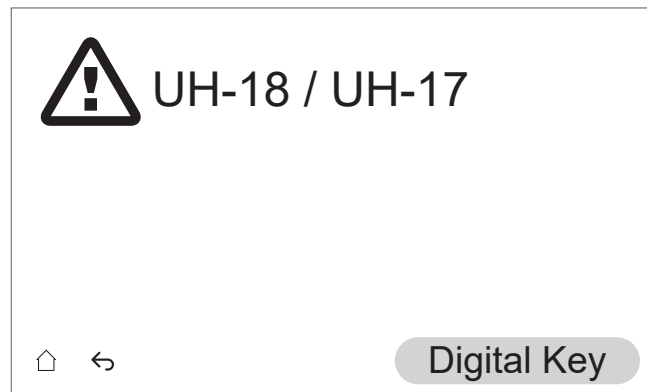
- If needed, you can restart the configuration wizard via the menu structure: [10] **Configuration wizard**.
- If needed, you can afterwards configure more settings via the menu structure.

Configuration wizard – Overview

Depending on your unit type and the selected settings, some steps will not be visible.



After you completed all steps in the wizard, the user interface will show an error message instructing to enter the Digital Key (i.e. perform the unlocking procedure). See "11.4.1 To unlock the outdoor unit (compressor)" [▶ 168].



[10.1] Location and language

Set:

- **Country** (this also defines the timezone if the selected country only has one timezone)
- **Language**

[10.2] Timezone

Restriction: This screen is only shown when there are multiple time zones within a country.

Set **Timezone**.

[10.3] Time/date

Set:

- **Date**
- **Clock format** (24 hours or AM/PM)
- **Time**
- **Daylight savings time** (ON/OFF)

[10.4] System 1/4

Set:

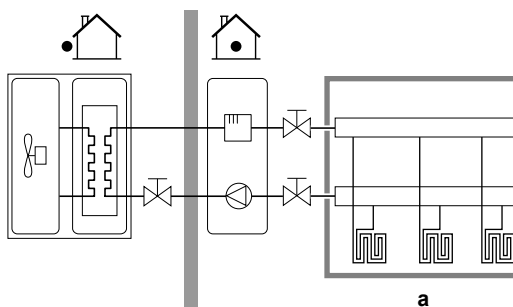
- **Number of zones**
- **Bivalent**
- **DHW Tank** (not applicable for floor-standing units)
- **DHW Tank type** (not applicable for floor-standing units)

Number of zones

The system can supply leaving water to up to 2 water temperature zones. During configuration, the number of water zones must be set.

▪ Single zone

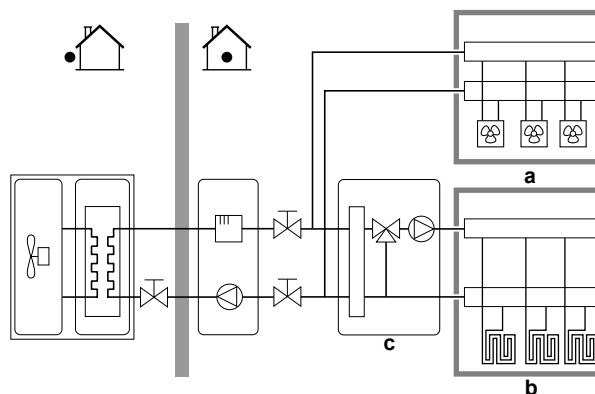
Only one leaving water temperature zone.



a Main LWT zone

▪ Dual zone

Two leaving water temperature zones. In heating, the main leaving water temperature zone consists of the lowest temperature heat emitters and a mixing station to achieve the desired leaving water temperature.



a Additional LWT zone: Highest temperature

b Main LWT zone: Lowest temperature

c Mixing station



INFORMATION

Mixing station. If your system layout contains 2 LWT zones, you can install a mixing station in front of the main LWT zone. However, other dual zone applications with shut-off valves are also possible. For more information, see the application guidelines in the installer reference guide.



NOTICE

NOT configuring the system in the following way can cause damage to the heat emitters. If there are 2 zones, it is important that in heating:

- the zone with the lowest water temperature is configured as the main zone, and
- the zone with the highest water temperature is configured as the additional zone.

**NOTICE**

If there are 2 zones and the emitter types are wrongly configured, water of high temperature can be sent towards a low temperature emitter (underfloor heating). To avoid this:

- Install an aquastat/thermostatic valve to avoid too high temperatures towards a low temperature emitter.
- Make sure you set the emitter types for the main zone and for the additional zone correctly in accordance with the connected emitter.

Bivalent

Must match your system layout. Is an external heat source (bivalent) installed?
For more information, see the application guidelines in the installer reference guide, and the settings in the configuration reference guide ([5.14] **Bivalent**).

ON (installed) / OFF (not installed)

DHW Tank^(a)

Must match your system layout. DHW tank installed?

ON (installed) / OFF (not installed)

^(a) Not required for floor-standing or ECH₂O units.

DHW Tank type

Read-only.

- **Integrated:**
The backup heater will also be used for domestic hot water heating.

[10.5] System 2/4

Not applicable.

[10.6] System 3/4

Restriction: This screen is only shown when the unit have a bivalent heat exchanger inside the tank.

In case an external heat source is connected to the bivalent models.

Set:

- **Tank boiler (ON/OFF)**
 - On
- **Boiler capacity**
 - Can cover heat demand: When the external heat source can cover the total heat demand.
 - Cannot cover heat demand: When the external heat source cannot cover the total heat demand.

Boiler capacity defines if the external heat source is capable of covering the total heat demand.

- **Maximum capacity (select value)**
 - Choose a capacity limitation that is lower than the external heat source can deliver.

Defines the maximum output if the external heat source cannot cover total heat demand.

[10.7] System 4/4

Set **Emergency selection**.

Emergency selection

When a heat pump failure occurs, then this setting (same as setting [5.23]) defines whether the electrical heater (backup heater / booster heater / tank boiler if applicable) can take over the space heating and DHW operation.

When there is no automatic full take-over by the electrical heater, a pop-up (with the same content as setting [5.30]) appears where you can manually acknowledge that the electrical heater can fully take over (i.e. space heating to normal setpoint and DHW operation = ON).

When the house is unattended for longer periods, we recommend to use **auto SH reduced/DHW off** to keep energy consumption low.

[5.23]	When heat pump failure occurs, then there is ... by the electrical heater	Full take-over
Manual	No take-over: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Space heating = OFF DHW operation = OFF 	After manual acknowledgment
Automatic	Full take-over: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Space heating to normal setpoint DHW operation = ON 	Automatic
auto SH reduced/DHW on	Partial take-over: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Space heating to reduced setpoint DHW operation = ON 	After manual acknowledgment
auto SH reduced/DHW off	Partial take-over: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Space heating to reduced setpoint DHW operation = OFF 	After manual acknowledgment
auto SH normal/DHW off	Partial take-over: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Space heating to normal setpoint DHW operation = OFF 	After manual acknowledgment



INFORMATION

If a heat pump failure occurs and **Emergency selection** is NOT set to **Automatic**, the following functions will remain active even if the user does NOT acknowledge emergency operation:

- Room frost protection
- Underfloor heating screed dryout
- Water pipe freeze prevention
- Disinfection

[10.8] Backup heater

Set:

- **Grid configuration:**
 - Single phase
 - Three phase 3x400V+N
- **Maximum capacity:**
 - Slider limited depending on grid configuration and fuse. **Note:** During defrost operation, the backup heater support may go up to the maximum capacity defined here. If needed, you can limit this value (but not lower than 2 kW to ensure reliable operation).
- **Fuse >10A (ON/OFF)**

The maximum capacity suggested by the user interface is based on the selected grid configuration and, if applicable, the size of the fuse. An installer can however lower the maximum capacity of the backup heater using the scroll list. The table below gives an overview of the dynamic maximums of the scroll list.

Grid configuration	Fuse >10A	Maximum capacity
Single phase	(greyed out) ^(a)	Limited to 6 kW ^(b)
Three phase 3x400V+N	(greyed out) ^{(a)(c)}	Limited to 9 kW ^(b)

^(a) The fuse setting cannot be used (i.e. installing fuses <10A is NOT allowed).

^(b) But not lower than 2 kW.

^(c) This functionality is NOT greyed out in early versions of the user interface software.

[10.9] Main zone 1/4

Set:

- Emitter type
- Control

Emitter type

Must match your system layout. Emitter type of the main zone.

- Under floor heating
- Heat pump convector
- Radiator

The setting **Emitter type** influences the target delta T in heating as follows:

Emitter type Main zone	Target delta T in heating
Under floor heating	3~10°C
Heat pump convector	3~10°C
Radiator	10~20°C

Heating up or cooling down the main zone can take longer. This depends on:

- The water volume of the system
- The heater emitter type of the main zone

**NOTICE**

Average emitter temperature = Leaving water temperature – (Delta T)/2

This means that for a same leaving water temperature setpoint, the average emitter temperature of radiators is lower than that of underfloor heating because of a bigger delta T.

Example radiators: $40 - 10 / 2 = 35^{\circ}\text{C}$

Example underfloor heating: $40 - 5 / 2 = 37.5^{\circ}\text{C}$

To compensate, you can increase the weather-dependent curve desired temperatures.

**INFORMATION**

The maximum leaving water temperature is decided based on setting [3.12] **Overheating setpoint**. This limit defines the maximum leaving water **in the system**. Depending on the value of this setting, the maximum LWT setpoint will also be reduced by 5°C to allow stable control towards the setpoint.

The maximum leaving water temperature **in the main zone** is decided based on setting [1.19] **Overheating water circuit**, only in case [3.13.5] **Bizone kit installed** is enabled. This limit defines the maximum leaving water **in the main zone**. Depending on the value of this setting, the maximum LWT setpoint will also be reduced by 5°C to allow stable control towards the setpoint.

Control

Defines the unit control method for the main zone.

- **Leaving water:** Unit operation is decided based on the leaving water temperature regardless the actual room temperature and/or heating or cooling demand of the room.
- **External room thermostat:** Unit operation is decided by the external thermostat or equivalent (e.g. heat pump convector).
- **Room thermostat:** Unit operation is decided based on the ambient temperature of the dedicated Human Comfort Interface (BRC1HHDA used as room thermostat).

In case of external room thermostat control, you must also set [1.13] **External room thermostat (Input source and Connection type)**:

Input source:

Must match your system layout. Input source of the external room thermostat for the main zone.

- Hardware
- Cloud
- Modbus

Connection type:

Restriction: Only applicable if [1.13] **Input source** = **Hardware**.

Must match your system layout. External room thermostat type for the main zone.

- **Single contact:** The used external room thermostat can only send a thermo ON/OFF condition. There is no separation between heating or cooling demand. Select this value in case of a connection to the heat pump convector (FWX*).
- **Dual contact:** The used external room thermostat can send a separate heating/cooling thermo ON/OFF condition. Select this value in case of connection to multi-zoning wired controls, wired room thermostats (EKRTWA) or wireless room thermostats (EKRTTB).

**NOTICE**

If an external room thermostat is used, the external room thermostat will control the room frost protection.

[10.10] Main zone 2/4

Set:

- **Heating setpoint mode:**
 - Fixed
 - Weather dependent
- **Cooling setpoint mode:**
 - Fixed
 - Weather dependent

[10.11] Main zone 3/4 (Heating WD curve)

Defines the weather-dependent curve used to determine the leaving water temperature of the main zone in space heating operation.

Restriction: The curve is only used when **Heating setpoint mode** (main zone) = **Weather dependent**.

See "[10.2 Weather-dependent curve](#)" [▶ 159].

[10.12] Main zone 4/4 (Cooling WD curve)

Defines the weather-dependent curve used to determine the leaving water temperature of the main zone in space cooling operation.

Restriction: The curve is only used when **Cooling setpoint mode** (main zone) = **Weather dependent**.

See "[10.2 Weather-dependent curve](#)" [▶ 159].

[10.13] Additional zone 1/4

Set:

- **Emitter type**
- **Control**

Emitter type

Must match your system layout. Emitter type of the additional zone. For more information, see "[\[10.9\] Main zone 1/4](#)" [▶ 153].

- **Under floor heating**
- **Heat pump convector**
- **Radiator**

Control

Shows (read-only) the unit control method for the additional zone. It is determined by the unit control method for the main zone (see "[10.9] Main zone 1/4" [▶ 153]).

- **Leaving water** if the unit control method for the main zone is **Leaving water**.
- **External room thermostat** if the unit control method for the main zone is:
 - **External room thermostat**, or
 - **Room thermostat**

In case of external room thermostat control, you must also set [2.13] **External room thermostat (Input source and Connection type)**:

Input source:

Must match your system layout. Input source of the external room thermostat for the additional zone.

- **Hardware**
- **Cloud**
- **Modbus**

Connection type:

Restriction: Only applicable if [2.13] **Input source** = **Hardware**.

Must match your system layout. External room thermostat type for the additional zone.

- **Single contact:** The used external room thermostat can only send a thermo ON/OFF condition. There is no separation between heating or cooling demand. Select this value in case of a connection to the heat pump convector (FWX*).
- **Dual contact:** The used external room thermostat can send a separate heating/cooling thermo ON/OFF condition. Select this value in case of connection to multi-zoning wired controls, wired room thermostats (EKRTWA) or wireless room thermostats (EKRTTB).

[10.14] Additional zone 2/4

Set:

- **Heating setpoint mode:**
 - **Fixed**
 - **Weather dependent**
- **Cooling setpoint mode:**
 - **Fixed**
 - **Weather dependent**

[10.15] Additional zone 3/4 (Heating WD curve)

Defines the weather-dependent curve used to determine the leaving water temperature of the additional zone in space heating operation.

Restriction: The curve is only used when **Heating setpoint mode** (additional zone) = **Weather dependent**.

See "[10.2 Weather-dependent curve](#)" [▶ 159].

[10.16] Additional zone 4/4 (Cooling WD curve)

Defines the weather-dependent curve used to determine the leaving water temperature of the additional zone in space cooling operation.

Restriction: The curve is only used when **Cooling setpoint mode** (additional zone) = **Weather dependent**.

See "[10.2 Weather-dependent curve](#)" [▶ 159].

[10.17] Configuration wizard – DHW 1/2

Set:

- Operation mode

Operation mode

Defines how the domestic hot water is prepared. The 3 different ways differ from each other by the way the desired tank temperature is set and how the unit acts upon it.

See the operation manual for more details.

▪ Reheat

The tank can ONLY be heated by reheat operation (fixed or scheduled^(a)). Use the following settings:

- [4.11] Operation range
- [4.24] Enable reheat schedule^(a)
- In case of fixed: [4.5] Reheat setpoint
- In case of scheduled: [4.25] Reheat schedule^(a)
- [4.12.1] Comfort hysteresis
- [4.19] Reheat Trigger Threshold

▪ Schedule and reheat

The tank is heated according to a schedule and between the scheduled heat up cycles, reheat operation is allowed. The settings are the same as for **Reheat** and for **Scheduled**.

▪ Scheduled

The tank can ONLY be heated according to a schedule. Use the following settings:

- [4.11] Operation range
- [4.6] Single heat-up schedule

^(a) Only applicable for ECH₂O units.

Related settings:

Setting	Description
[4.11] Operation range	You can set the maximum allowed tank temperature here. This is the maximum temperature that users can select for the domestic hot water. You can use this setting to limit the temperature at the hot water taps.

Setting	Description
[4.24] Enable reheat schedule ^(a) (in case of Reheat)	The reheat setpoint for can be: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Fixed (default) ▪ Scheduled You can switch between the two here: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ OFF = Fixed. You can now set [4.5]. ▪ ON = Scheduled. You can now set [4.25].
[4.5] Reheat setpoint (in case of fixed reheat setpoint)	You can set the fixed reheat setpoint here. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ 20~[4.11]°C
[4.25] Reheat schedule ^(a) (in case of scheduled reheat setpoint)	You can program the reheat schedule here.
[4.12.1] Comfort hysteresis (in case of Reheat or Schedule and reheat)	You can set the reheat hysteresis here. When the tank temperature drops below the reheat temperature minus the reheat hysteresis temperature, the tank heats up to the reheat temperature. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ 1~40°C
[4.19] Reheat Trigger Threshold (in case of Reheat or Schedule and reheat)	You can set the reheat trigger temperature of the domestic hot water tank to ensure sufficient energy is present in the tank here. This setting is optimised for sufficient comfort. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ 10~85°C Note: Always make sure to use a value lower than [4.5] Reheat setpoint .
[4.6] Single heat-up schedule (in case of Scheduled or Schedule and reheat)	You can program and activate a tank schedule here.

^(a) Only applicable for ECH₂O units.

[10.18] Configuration wizard – DHW 2/2

Set:

- **Tank setpoint** (select value)
- **Hysteresis** (select value)

[10.19] Configuration wizard

The configuration wizard is finished!

Please make sure that the commissioning check list in e-Care has been completed as well.

10.2 Weather-dependent curve

10.2.1 What is a weather-dependent curve?

Weather-dependent operation

The unit operates 'weather-dependent' if the desired leaving water temperature is determined automatically by the outdoor temperature. It therefore is connected to a temperature sensor on the North wall of the building. If the outdoor temperature drops or rises, the unit compensates instantly. Thus, the unit does not have to wait for feedback by the thermostat to increase or decrease the temperature of the leaving water. Because it reacts more quickly, it prevents high rises and drops of the indoor temperature and water temperature at tap points.

Advantage

Weather-dependent operation reduces energy consumption.

Weather-dependent curve

To be able to compensate for differences in temperature, the unit relies on its weather-dependent curve. This curve defines how much the temperature of the leaving water must be at different outdoor temperatures. Because the slope of the curve depends on local circumstances such as climate and the insulation of the building, the curve can be adjusted by an installer or user.

Type of weather-dependent curve

The type of weather-dependent curve is "2-points curve".

Availability

The weather-dependent curve is available for:

- Main zone - Heating
- Main zone - Cooling
- Additional zone - Heating
- Additional zone - Cooling

10.2.2 Using weather-dependent curves

Related screens

The following table describes:

- Where you can define the different weather-dependent curves
- When the curve is used (restriction)

To define the curve, go to...	Curve is used when...
[1.8] Main zone > Heating WD curve	[1.5] Heating setpoint mode = Weather dependent
[1.9] Main zone > Cooling WD curve	[1.7] Cooling setpoint mode = Weather dependent
[2.8] Additional zone > Heating WD curve	[2.5] Heating setpoint mode = Weather dependent
[2.9] Additional zone > Cooling WD curve	[2.7] Cooling setpoint mode = Weather dependent



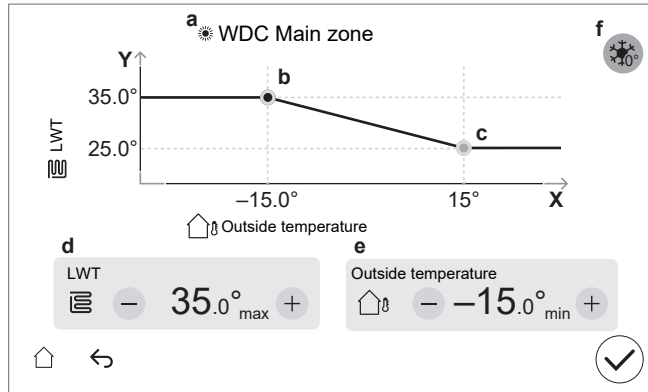
INFORMATION

Maximum and minimum setpoints

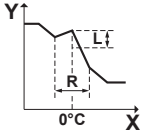



You cannot configure the curve with temperatures that are higher or lower than the set maximum and minimum setpoints for that zone. When the maximum or minimum setpoint is reached, the curve flattens out.

To define a weather-dependent curve

Define the weather-dependent curve using two setpoints (**b, c**). **Example:**



Item	Description
a	Selected weather-dependent curve: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ [1.8] Main zone – Heating (☀) ▪ [1.9] Main zone – Cooling (❄) ▪ [2.8] Additional zone – Heating (☀) ▪ [2.9] Additional zone – Cooling (❄)
b, c	Setpoint 1 and setpoint 2. You can change them: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ By dragging the setpoint. ▪ By tapping the setpoint, and then using the – / + buttons in d, e.
d, e	Values of the selected setpoint. You can change the values using the – / + buttons.

Item	Description
f	<p>Restriction: Only shown if an increase was already selected via [1.26] for main zone, or [2.20] for additional zone.</p> <p>Increase around 0°C (same as setting [1.26] for main zone, and [2.20] for additional zone).</p> <p>Use this setting to compensate for possible heat losses of the building due to the evaporation of melted ice or snow. (e.g. in cold region countries). In heating operation, the desired leaving water temperature is locally increased around an outdoor temperature of 0°C.</p> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div> <p>L: Increase; R: Span; X: Outdoor temperature; Y: Leaving water temperature</p> <p>Possible values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ No ▪ increase 2°C, span 4°C ▪ increase 2°C, span 8°C ▪ increase 4°C, span 4°C ▪ increase 4°C, span 8°C
X-axis	Outdoor temperature.
Y-axis	<p>Leaving water temperature for the selected zone.</p> <p>The icon corresponds to the heat emitter for that zone:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ : Underfloor heating ▪ : Heat pump convector ▪ : Radiator

To fine-tune a weather-dependent curve

The following table describes how to fine-tune the weather-dependent curve of a zone:

You feel...		Fine-tune with setpoints:			
At regular outdoor temperatures ...	At cold outdoor temperatures ...	Setpoint 1 (b)		Setpoint 2 (c)	
		X	Y	X	Y
OK	Cold	↑	↑	—	—
OK	Hot	↓	↓	—	—
Cold	OK	—	—	↑	↑
Cold	Cold	↑	↑	↑	↑
Cold	Hot	↓	↓	↑	↑
Hot	OK	—	—	↓	↓
Hot	Cold	↑	↑	↓	↓
Hot	Hot	↓	↓	↓	↓

10.3 Menu structure: Overview installer settings



NOTICE

When changing a setting, the operation is temporarily stopped. Operations will restart when you return to the home screen.

Depending on your unit type and the selected settings, some settings will not be visible.

[1] Main zone

- [1.6] Setpoint range
- [1.12] Control
- [1.13] External room thermostat
- [1.14] Delta T heating
- [1.16] Cooling allowance
- [1.18] Delta T cooling
- [1.19] Overheating water circuit
- [1.20] Undercooling water circuit
- [1.26] Increase around 0°C
- [1.31] Daikin room thermostat

[2] Additional zone

- [2.6] Setpoint range
- [2.12] Control
- [2.13] External room thermostat
- [2.14] Delta T heating
- [2.17] Delta T cooling
- [2.20] Increase around 0°C
- [2.33] Cooling allowance

[3] Space heating/cooling

- [3.6] Additional zone
- [3.7] Max. heating overshoot LWT
- [3.8] Averaging time
- [3.9] Max. cooling undershoot LWT
- [3.11] Undercooling setpoint
- [3.12] Overheating setpoint
- [3.13] Bizone kit
- [3.14] Room thermostat present
- [3.15] Heatpump minimum on time

[4] Domestic hot water

- [4.9] Clear disinfection malfunction
- [4.10] Disinfection
- [4.11] Operation range
- [4.13] DHW pump
- [4.14] Booster heater
- [4.18] Disinfection enable

[5] Settings

- [5.1] Forced defrost
- [5.2] Quiet operation
- [5.5] Backup heater
- [5.7] Overview field settings
- [5.11] Reset fan operation hours
- [5.14] Bivalent settings
- [5.18] System restart
- [5.22] External ambient sensor offset
- [5.28] Balancing
- [5.29] Refrigerant recovery mode
- [5.32] Tank boiler present
- [5.33] Tank boiler covers heat demand
- [5.34] Maximum capacity
- [5.36] Water pipe freeze prevention

- [5.37] Bivalent present

[7] Maintenance mode

- [7.1] Actuator test run
- [7.2] Air purge
- [7.3] Operation test run
- [7.4] UFH screed dryout
- [7.7] Operation test run settings
- [7.8] Malfunctioning

[8] Connectivity

- [8.6] Safe removal USB drive

[9] Energy

- [9.11] Boiler efficiency
- [9.12] PE factor
- [9.14] Demand response

[10] Configuration wizard

See "10.1 Configuration wizard" [▶ 148].

[11] Malfunctioning

[13] Field IO

11 Commissioning



NOTICE

Commissioning checklists. Make sure to complete the different commissioning checklists:

- In the installation manuals (outdoor unit and indoor unit) or in the installer reference guide
- In the Daikin e-Care app



NOTICE

First operation. The first time the unit starts in heating or domestic hot water operation, the unit will shortly start up in cooling operation to guarantee the reliability of the heat pump:

- For this reason, the backup heater will increase the water temperature so that the unit does not freeze up. Depending on the water volume of the system, this can take up to a few hours. It is required to start the first time in space heating or space cooling operation (not domestic hot water operation) to limit the backup heater consumption. If you would run in domestic hot water operation for the first time, the backup heater consumption would be expected to be larger.
- Error 89-10 can occur if the unit is installed during days with large temperature variations. To reduce the risk of error 89-10 occurring, it is beneficial to wait a few hours after unlocking the unit and opening the stop valve of the outdoor unit's refrigerant vessel, and before the first start-up of the unit. If error 89-10 still occurs, the unit will shortly stop operation and then resume. The unit will continue operation, but it will take more time until the unit switches from cooling to heating.



NOTICE

If the outdoor temperature is below 18°C, error 89-10 may occur when starting in cooling mode. Change the operating mode to heating, and repeat the process



NOTICE

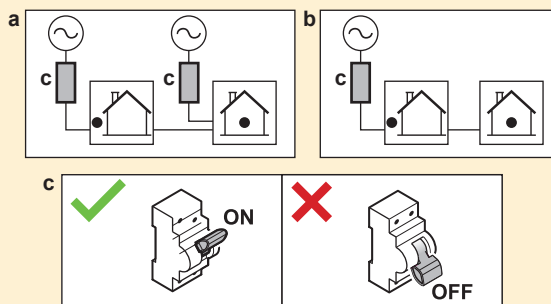
First operation. When the heat pump is started in operation mode cooling during first start-up of the unit, but the outdoor temperatures are below 18°C, the error 98-10 may occur.

- Change the operating mode to heating or domestic hot water and repeat the process.



WARNING

After commissioning, do NOT turn OFF the circuit breakers (c) to the units so that the protection remains activated. In case of indoor unit supplied separately (a), there are two circuit breaker. In case of indoor unit supplied from the outdoor unit (b), there is one circuit breaker.



**NOTICE**

The pump is equipped with an anti-blockage safety routine. This means that the pump operates for a short period of time every 24 hours during long periods of inactivity to ensure it does not get stuck. To enable this function, the unit must be connected to the power supply all year round.

**NOTICE**

If automatic air purge valves are installed in the field piping:

- Between the outdoor unit and the indoor unit (on the entering water pipe of the indoor unit), they must be closed after commissioning.
- After the indoor unit (on the emitter side), they may remain open after commissioning.

**NOTICE**

For houses with a similar heat load as the declared heating capacity on the energy label, it is recommended to set the [5.6.2] **Capacity shortage setting** to 2 (**Below equilibrium**) and decrease the equilibrium setpoint [5.6.2] **Equilibrium setpoint** to the declared bivalent temperature of -10°C. (refer to product fiche in accessory bag or the online energy label database (see: <https://daikintechnicaldatahub.eu/>)).

**NOTICE**

To avoid ON/OFF behaviour of the unit it is recommended to not oversize the unit. Refer to the declared heating capacity on the energy label or the online energy label database: <https://daikintechnicaldatahub.eu/>.

**INFORMATION**

When the unit is powered ON, it will take 5 minutes for the unit to initialize. During this time the shut-off valve inlet leak stop remains closed so domestic hot water operation cannot start.

**INFORMATION**

Protective functions – "Maintenance mode". The software is equipped with protective functions. The unit automatically runs these functions when necessary.




Protective functions: [3.4] Antifrost, [5.36] Water pipe freeze prevention and [4.18] Disinfection enable.

During installation or service this behaviour is undesired. Therefore:

- **At first power-on:** The maintenance mode is active, and the protective functions are disabled by default. After 12 hours, the maintenance mode will be deactivated, and the protective functions will be enabled automatically.
- **Afterwards:** Whenever you go to [7] **Maintenance mode** the protective functions are disabled for 12 hours or until you exit **Maintenance mode**.

**INFORMATION**

When in "Maintenance mode", and a malfunction has occurred, one or more icons will appear in the upper left corner of the screen. The function will not start.

- : an error occurred.
- : a warning occurred.
- : the safety valve is closed.

⇒ After clearing the malfunction status, the function can be started manually by pressing the start button.

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11.1 Overview: Commissioning

This chapter describes what you have to do and know to commission the system after it is installed and configured.

Typical workflow

Commissioning typically consists of the following stages:

- 1 Checking the "Checklist before commissioning".
- 2 Performing an air purge.
- 3 Performing a test run for the system.
- 4 If necessary, performing a test run for one or more actuators.
- 5 If necessary, performing an underfloor heating screed dryout.

11.2 Precautions when commissioning



NOTICE

ALWAYS operate the unit with thermistors and/or pressure sensors/switches. If NOT, burning of the compressor might be the result.

11.3 Checklist before commissioning

- 1 After the installation of the unit, check the items listed below.
- 2 Close the unit.
- 3 Power up the unit.

<input type="checkbox"/>	You read the complete installation instructions, as described in the installer reference guide .
<input type="checkbox"/>	The indoor unit is properly mounted. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Check that all parts of the hood fitted correctly. ▪ Check that the locking parts are closed.
<input type="checkbox"/>	The outdoor unit is properly mounted.

<input type="checkbox"/>	The following field wiring has been carried out according to this document and the applicable legislation: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Between the local supply panel and the outdoor unit ▪ Between indoor unit and outdoor unit ▪ Between the local supply panel and the indoor unit ▪ Between the indoor unit and the valves (if applicable) ▪ Between the indoor unit and the room thermostat (if applicable)
<input type="checkbox"/>	The normally closed shut-off valve (inlet leak stop) is properly installed.
<input type="checkbox"/>	The system is properly earthed and the earth terminals are tightened.
<input type="checkbox"/>	The fuses or locally installed protection devices are installed according to this document, and have NOT been bypassed.
<input type="checkbox"/>	The power supply voltage matches the voltage on the identification label of the unit.
<input type="checkbox"/>	There are NO loose connections or damaged electrical components in the switch box.
<input type="checkbox"/>	There are NO damaged components or squeezed pipes on the inside of the indoor and outdoor units.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Backup heater circuit breaker F1B (field supply) is turned ON.
<input type="checkbox"/>	The correct pipe size is installed and the pipes are properly insulated.
<input type="checkbox"/>	There is NO water leak inside the indoor unit. All electric components and connections are dry.
<input type="checkbox"/>	The shut-off valves are properly installed and fully open.
<input type="checkbox"/>	If automatic air purge valves are installed in the field piping: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Between the outdoor unit and the indoor unit (on the entering water pipe of the indoor unit), they must be closed after commissioning. ▪ After the indoor unit (on the emitter side), they may remain open after commissioning.
<input type="checkbox"/>	The pressure relief valve (space heating circuit) purges water when opened. Clean water MUST come out.
<input type="checkbox"/>	The minimum water volume is guaranteed in all conditions. See "To check the water volume and flow rate" in "8.1 Preparing water piping" [▶ 89].
<input type="checkbox"/>	The storage tank is filled completely.
<input type="checkbox"/>	The domestic hot water tank is filled completely.
<input type="checkbox"/>	The water quality complies with EU directive 2020/2184.
<input type="checkbox"/>	No anti-freeze solution (e.g. glycol) is added to the water.
<input type="checkbox"/>	The " No glycol " tag (delivered as accessory) is attached to the field piping near the filling point.
<input type="checkbox"/>	You explained to the user how to safely use the R290 heat pump. For more information about this, see the dedicated Service Manual ESIE22-02 "Systems using R290 refrigerant" (available on https://my.daikin.eu).

Outdoor unit


<input type="checkbox"/>	Before starting work, you checked the safety items in "3.1 Safety checklist before work on R290 units" [▶ 22].
<input type="checkbox"/>	The outdoor unit is properly mounted. See "7.3 Mounting the outdoor unit" [▶ 83].
<input type="checkbox"/>	The outdoor unit's transportation bolt (+ washer) is removed. See "7.2.3 To remove the transportation bolt (+ washer)" [▶ 77].

<input type="checkbox"/>	The outdoor unit is installed in a suitable location. See " 7.1.1 Installation site requirements of the outdoor unit " [▶ 73].
<input type="checkbox"/>	The "protective zone" around the outdoor unit is respected. See " 7.1.1 Installation site requirements of the outdoor unit " [▶ 73].
<input type="checkbox"/>	The shut-off valve is connected to the outdoor unit water inlet. See " 8.2.3 To connect the water piping " [▶ 94].
<input type="checkbox"/>	A correct field fuse and earth leakage circuit breaker are installed on the outdoor unit's power supply. See " 9.2.1 Specifications of standard wiring components " [▶ 113].
<input type="checkbox"/>	The "Do NOT turn OFF the circuit breaker" stickers are fixed in the electrical cabinet. See " 9.2.3 To fix the "Do NOT turn OFF the circuit breaker" stickers " [▶ 116].


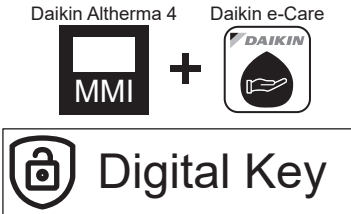
11.4 Checklist during commissioning

<input type="checkbox"/>	To unlock the outdoor unit (compressor).
<input type="checkbox"/>	To open the stop valve of the outdoor unit's refrigerant vessel .
<input type="checkbox"/>	To update the user interface software to the latest version.
<input type="checkbox"/>	To check that the minimum flow rate during cooling / heating start-up / defrost / backup heater operation is guaranteed in all conditions. See "To check the water volume and flow rate" in " 8.1 Preparing water piping " [▶ 89].
<input type="checkbox"/>	To perform an air purge .
<input type="checkbox"/>	To perform an actuator test run .
<input type="checkbox"/>	To perform a test run .
<input type="checkbox"/>	To perform (start) an underfloor screed dryout (if necessary).

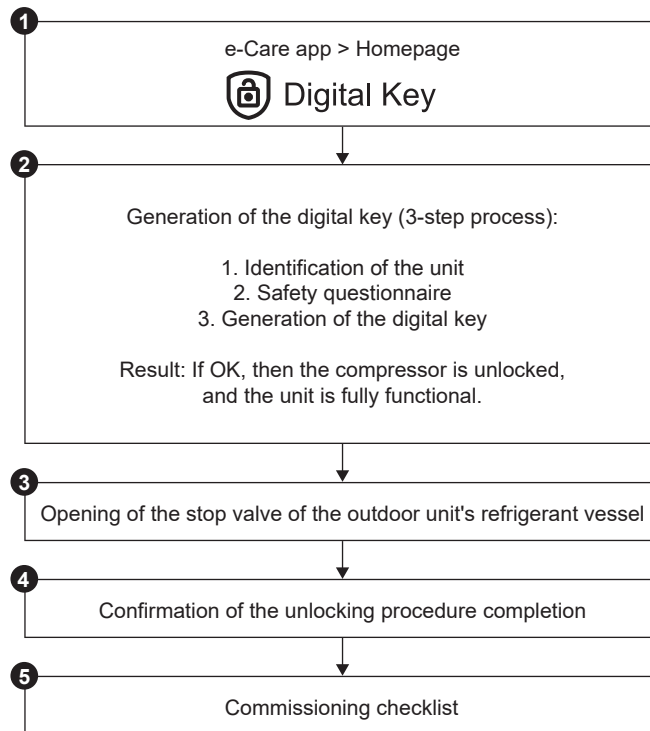
11.4.1 To unlock the outdoor unit (compressor)

	<p>NOTICE</p> <p>During the locked state, the heat pump is NOT allowed to operate. Limited operation / commissioning is possible via the electrical heaters linked to [5.23] Emergency selection (see "10.7 System 4/4" [▶ 152]).</p>
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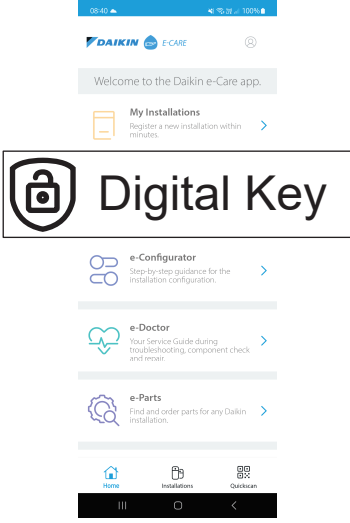

Who	Only trained installers with the required level of competences are authorised to perform the unlocking procedure (i.e. generate the Digital Key).
-----	---







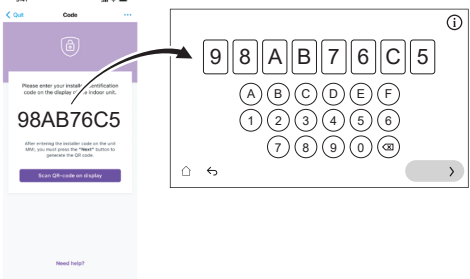





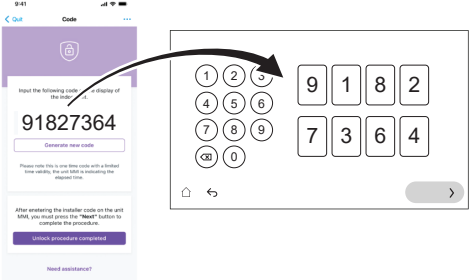

What	<div style="text-align: center;">  </div> <p>The compressor of Daikin Altherma 4 heat pumps is shipped in a locked state. During commissioning, it must be unlocked via the Digital Key function on the Daikin e-Care app and on the user interface of the indoor unit.</p> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div> <p>Note: To clear certain R290-related errors (e.g. R290 refrigerant leakage, gas sensor errors), you also need to use the Digital Key function.</p>
When	<p>Option 1 (configuration wizard): At first power ON of the unit the configuration wizard starts automatically. After you completed all steps in the wizard (see "10.1 Configuration wizard" [▶ 148]), the user interface will show an error message instructing to start the Digital Key function (i.e. perform the unlocking procedure).</p> <p>Option 2 (errors): When there are errors that need the Digital Key to clear, you can start the Digital Key function from the respective error messages.</p>
Required	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Smartphone (iOS/Android supported) with the Daikin e-Care app installed. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - To download the app, see "1.1 About this document" [▶ 6]. - Offline functionality to generate the Digital Key is supported (if the user was already logged in). ▪ Stand By Me professional account (to log in to the app), with the required level of training to handle R290 units.
Attention points	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Maximum 5 unlock attempts per 15 minutes are allowed. If exceeded, the unit does NOT allow any other attempts for 1 hour. ▪ Once the Digital Key is entered, permissions on the unit are increased for 6 hours. It is recommended for the installer to revert to user mode when leaving the site.



Unlocking procedure (flowchart)



Unlocking procedure (detailed steps)

<p>1</p> 	<p>On the homepage of the Daikin e-Care app, go to:</p>  <p>Result: The app verifies if the installer has the required level of competences to perform the unlocking procedure. If not, an error is shown and actions are restricted.</p>
<p>2</p> 	<p>The 3-step process to generate the Digital Key starts:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ 2.1 Identification of the unit ▪ 2.2 Safety questionnaire ▪ 2.3 Generation of the Digital Key

2.1	 	<p>Identification of the unit</p> <p>Scan the QR code on the name plate of the indoor unit.</p> <p>The app will check if this unit is already registered and found by Stand By Me. For new installations, you will need to register the unit before you can go to the next step.</p>
2.2	 	<p>Safety questionnaire</p> <p>Answer safety questions.</p> <p>This short list of questions helps the installer verifying that the minimum safety requirements to activate the compressor are met.</p> <p>When the checklist is completed, the app checks the answers, and generates a report. Only if all the safety requirements are met, you can go to the next step.</p>
2.3		<p>Generation of the Digital Key</p>
2.3.1	 	<p>The app shows a first code. Enter this code in the user interface. For example:</p> 
2.3.2	 	<p>The user interface generates a QR code. Scan this code with the app. For example:</p> 
2.3.3	 	<p>The app shows a second code (= Digital Key; one-time code). Enter this code in the user interface. For example:</p> 
	<p>Result:</p>	<p>If everything is OK, then:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ The user interface shows a confirmation. ▪ The compressor is unlocked and the unit is fully functional.
③		<p>When instructed by the user interface, open the stop valve of the outdoor unit's refrigerant vessel. See "11.4.2 To open the stop valve of the outdoor unit's refrigerant vessel" [▶ 172].</p>

4		On the app, confirm the completion of the unlocking procedure.
5		On the app, you will be directed to the commissioning tool where you can fill in the commissioning checklist to complete the detailed checks on the installation. When the commissioning process is completed, the unit is ready to operate.

11.4.2 To open the stop valve of the outdoor unit's refrigerant vessel



NOTICE

After installation, the stop valve must remain fully open to prevent damage to the seal.

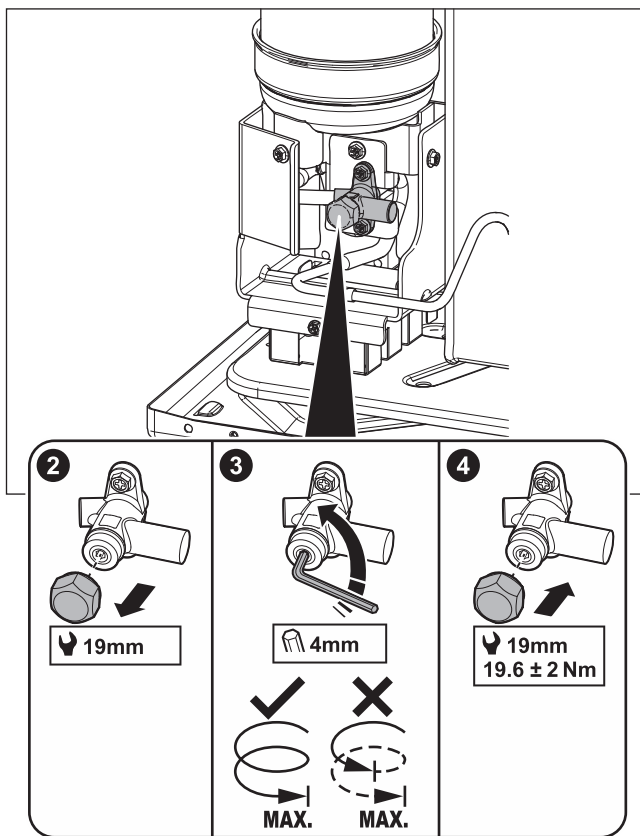


NOTICE

When opening the stop valve of the outdoor unit's refrigerant vessel, use appropriate tools to prevent damage to the stop valve.

For safe transportation, almost all refrigerant is stored in the refrigerant vessel of the outdoor unit. During commissioning, when performing the unlocking procedure of the outdoor unit (see "[11.4.1 To unlock the outdoor unit \(compressor\)](#)" [[▶ 168](#)]), the stop valve of the refrigerant vessel must be fully opened (when instructed by the user interface) and remain fully open.

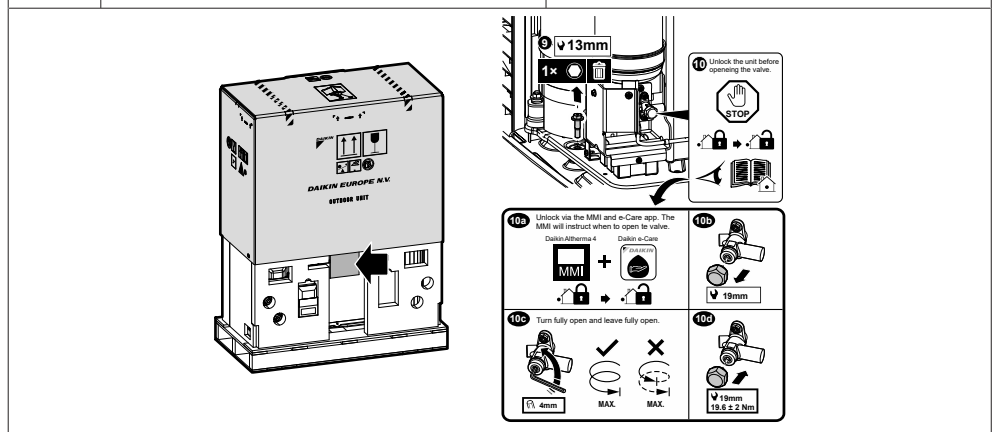
- 1** Make sure there is no gas leak on the circuit between the indoor unit and the outdoor unit by using a gas leak detector.
- 2** Remove the cap.
- 3** Turn the stop valve fully open (turn as shown until it cannot be turned any further) and leave it fully open.
- 4** Reattach the cap to prevent leakage.
- 5** Recheck to make sure there is no gas leak.



Sticker

The sticker on the service cover of the outdoor unit contains info about opening the stop valve of the outdoor unit's refrigerant vessel. Some text is in English. This is the translation:

#	English	Translation
10	Unlock the unit before opening the valve.	Unlock the unit before opening the valve.
10a	Unlock via the MMI and e-Care app. The MMI will instruct when to open the valve.	Unlock via the MMI (user interface of indoor unit) and e-Care app. The MMI will instruct when to open the valve.
10c	Turn fully open and leave fully open.	Turn fully open and leave fully open.

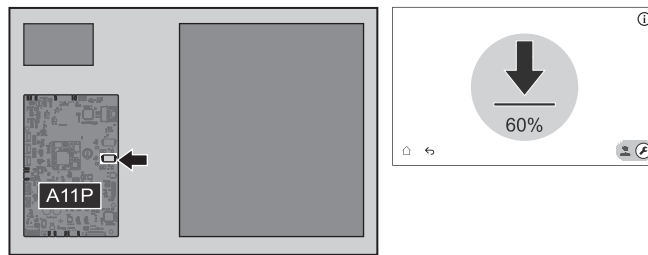


11.4.3 To update the user interface software

During commissioning, it is good practice to update the user interface software so that you have all latest functionality available.

- 1 Download the latest user interface software (available on <https://my.daikin.eu>; search via the Software Finder).
- 2 Put the software on a USB-stick (must be formatted as FAT32).
- 3 Power OFF the unit.
- 4 Insert the USB-stick in the USB-port located on the interface PCB (A11P).
- 5 Power ON the unit. Do NOT power ON the unit if the switch box is open.

Result: The software is automatically updated. You can follow its process on the user interface.



- 6 Power OFF the unit.
- 7 Unplug the USB stick from the USB-port located on the interface PCB (A11P).
- 8 Power ON the unit. Do NOT power ON the unit if the switch box is open.

11.4.4 To check the minimum flow rate

1	Check the hydraulic configuration to find out which space heating loops can be closed by mechanical, electronic, or other valves.	—
2	Close all space heating loops that can be closed.	—
3	Start the pump test run (see "11.4.7 To perform an actuator test run" [▶ 178]). <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Choose [7.1.4] Unit pump ▪ Choose pump speed: High 	—
4	Read out the flow rate ^(a) . If the flow rate is too low: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Do air purge. ▪ Check the function of the valve motor of M1S and M3S. Replace the valve motor if necessary. 	—

^(a) During pump test run, the unit can operate below the minimum required flow rate.

If operation is...	Then the minimum flow rate is...
Cooling / heating start-up / defrost / backup heater operation	Required: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ For EPSX(B)07: 20 l/min

11.4.5 To perform an air purge

NOTICE

Second air purge. If you need to perform an air purge a second time (after 30 minutes), you must leave the maintenance mode and then enter it again.



NOTICE

The main and additional pump are not switched ON during an air purge. Therefore, the air purge for the mixing kit needs to be activated via normal operation.

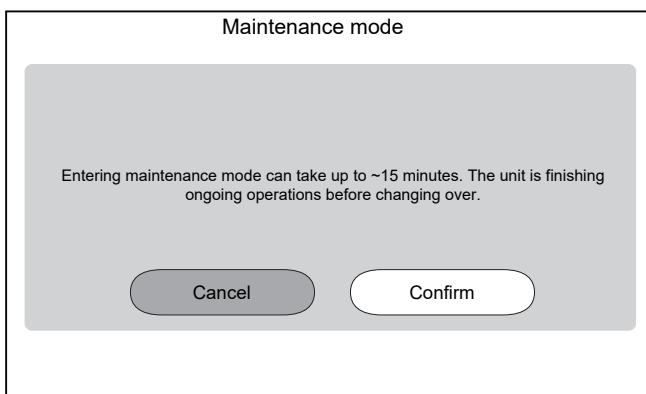
The pumps are switched ON:

- by activating the external thermostat for the dedicated zone, which will activate the pump for that zone, or
- in the LWT control both pumps will be ON when the space heating/cooling operation is switched on on the home screen.

1 Switch to installer mode.



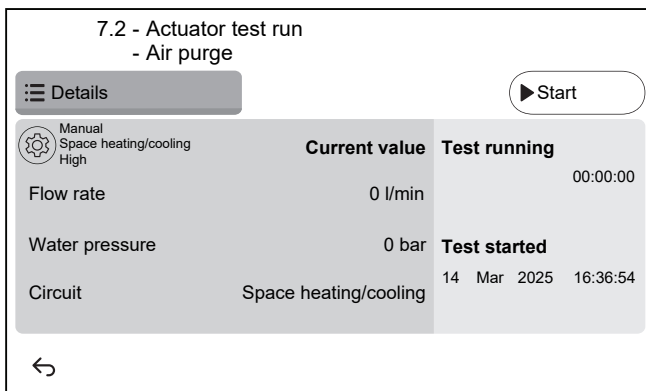
2 Go to [7] Maintenance mode and Confirm.

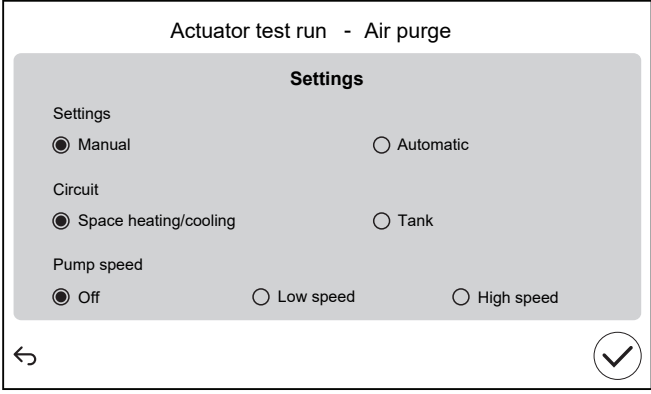


Result: Operation of Space heating/cooling and Domestic hot water will be automatically turned off.



Remark: If the unit is still in entering maintenance mode after 15 minutes, perform a power reset.

3 Go to [7.2] Maintenance mode > Air purge.



3.1	 <p>Settings: Use the settings to specify which Air purge should be performed and confirm.</p>
<p>Settings</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Manual ▪ Automatic <p>Circuit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Space heating/cooling ▪ Tank <p>Pump speed:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Off ▪ Low speed ▪ High speed 	
3.2	<p>Tap Start to run the air purge.</p> <p>Result: The air purge starts. It stops automatically after some time.</p>
3.3	<p>Tap Stop to stop the air purge.</p> <p>Result: The air purge stops.</p>
4	<p>After the air purge test:</p>
4.1	<p>Choose ↶ to go back in the menu.</p>
4.2	<p>Choose ⏠ to leave the Maintenance mode.</p>
5	<p>When leaving Maintenance mode, the user interface automatically restores operation (Space heating/cooling and Domestic hot water) as it was before entered Maintenance mode. Check if all operation modes are activated as expected.</p>

11.4.6 To perform an operation test run

<div style="background-color: #e1f5fe; padding: 10px; border: 1px solid #cfcfcf;">  <p>NOTICE</p> <p>Before starting an operation test run make sure the minimum flow requirements are guaranteed (See "11.4.4 To check the minimum flow rate" [▶ 174]).</p> </div>	
1	<p>Switch to installer mode.</p> <div style="text-align: right; margin-top: 10px;">  5678 </div>

2	<p>Go to [7] Maintenance mode and Confirm.</p> <div data-bbox="584 203 1235 591" style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px; text-align: center;"> <p>Maintenance mode</p> <p>Entering maintenance mode can take up to ~15 minutes. The unit is finishing ongoing operations before changing over.</p> <p>Cancel Confirm</p> </div> <p>Result: Operation of Space heating/cooling and Domestic hot water will be automatically turned off.</p> <p>Remark: If the unit is still in entering maintenance mode after 15 minutes, perform a power reset.</p>	
3	<p>Go to [7.7] Maintenance mode > Operation test run settings, and define the target temperatures that you want to use during the operation test run.</p>	
⚙️[030]	[7.7.1] Space heating delta T target	Delta T target that will be used during the space heating test run. 2~20°C
⚙️[031]	[7.7.2] Space heating leaving water target	Target leaving water temperature that will be used during the space heating test run. 5~71°C
⚙️[032]	[7.7.3] Space heating room	Target room temperature that will be used during the space heating test run. 5~30°C
⚙️[033]	[7.7.4] Space cooling delta T target	Delta T target that will be used during the space cooling test run. 2~10°C
⚙️[034]	[7.7.5] Space cooling leaving water target	Target leaving water temperature that will be used during the space cooling test run. 5~30°C
⚙️[035]	[7.7.6] Space cooling room	Target room temperature that will be used during the space cooling test run. 5~30°C
⚙️[077]	[7.7.7] Tank setpoint ^(a)	Target tank temperature that will be used during the tank heat-up test run. 20~85°C

⚙️[145]	[7.7.9] Tank target BSH test run ^(b)	Target tank temperature that will be used during the booster heater test run. 25~60°C												
4	Go to [7.3] Maintenance mode > Operation test run													
5	Select an operation to test. Example: [7.3.1] Space heating. <div data-bbox="539 421 1190 808" style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p style="text-align: center;">7.3.1 - ⚙️ Operation test run - Space heating</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> ☰ Details ▶ Start </div> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 60%;"></th> <th style="width: 20%;">Current value</th> <th style="width: 20%;">Test running</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Entering water temperature</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0 °C</td> <td style="text-align: center;">00:00:00</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Leaving water temp</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0 °C</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Flow rate</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0 l/min</td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <div style="text-align: right; margin-top: 5px;"> Test started 14 Mar 2025 16:36:54 </div> <p style="text-align: left; margin-top: 10px;">←</p> </div>			Current value	Test running	Entering water temperature	0 °C	00:00:00	Leaving water temp	0 °C		Flow rate	0 l/min	
	Current value	Test running												
Entering water temperature	0 °C	00:00:00												
Leaving water temp	0 °C													
Flow rate	0 l/min													
5.1	Tap Start to run the operation test. Result: The operation test starts.													
5.2	Tap Stop to stop the operation test. Note: Even if the test run has been stopped, it can continue up to its minimum operation time set in [3.15] Heatpump minimum on time.													
6	After the operation test run:													
6.1	Choose ← to go back in the menu.													
6.2	Choose ⬆ to leave the Maintenance mode .													
7	When leaving Maintenance mode , the user interface automatically restores operation (Space heating/cooling and Domestic hot water) as it was before entered Maintenance mode . Check if all operation modes are activated as expected.													

^(a) If a tank is not connected, this setting will still appear for wall-mounted units but it will NOT be effective.

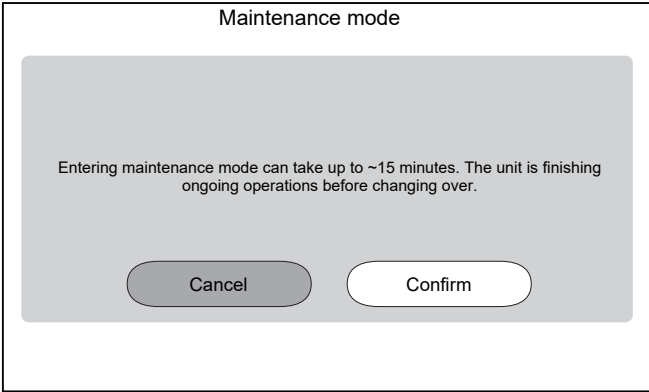
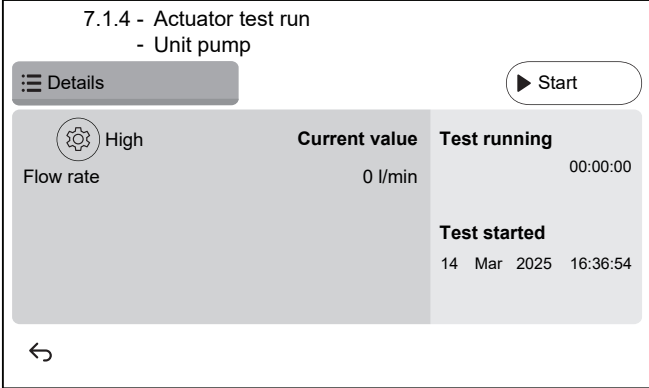

^(b) If a tank is not connected, this setting will NOT appear for wall-mounted units.

11.4.7 To perform an actuator test run

Purpose

Perform an actuator test run to confirm the operation of the different actuators. For example, when you select **Unit pump**, a test run of the pump will start.

1	Switch to installer mode. <div style="text-align: right; margin-top: 10px;">  5678 </div>
---	--

2	<p>Go to [7] Maintenance mode and Confirm.</p>  <p>Result: Operation of Space heating/cooling and Domestic hot water will be automatically turned off.</p> <p>Remark: If the unit is still in entering maintenance mode after 15 minutes, perform a power reset.</p>
3	Go to [7.1] Maintenance mode > Actuator test run .
4	<p>Select an actuator to test. Example: [7.1.4] Unit pump</p> 
4.1	 <p>Settings: For certain actuators, you can define some settings before the test.</p>
4.2	<p>Tap Start to run the test.</p> <p>Result:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Values for actuator shown in the detail section. ▪ Time measurement starts.
4.3	<p>Tap Stop to stop the test.</p> <p>Note: Due to a required after run time, the test run can continue for a certain time even when it has been stopped.</p>
5	After the actuator test:
5.1	Choose ↶ to go back in the menu.
5.2	Choose ⬆ to leave the Maintenance mode .
6	<p>When leaving Maintenance mode, the user interface automatically restores operation (Space heating/cooling and Domestic hot water) as it was before entered Maintenance mode. Check if all operation modes are activated as expected.</p>

11.4.8 To perform an underfloor heating screed dryout

NOTICE

The installer is responsible for:

- contacting the screed manufacturer for the maximum allowed water temperature, to avoid cracking the screed,
- programming the underfloor heating screed dryout schedule according to the initial heating instructions of the screed manufacturer,
- checking the proper functioning of the setup on a regular basis,
- performing the correct program complying with the type of the used screed.

NOTICE

Before starting an underfloor heating screed dryout make sure the minimum flow requirements are guaranteed (See "11.4.4 To check the minimum flow rate" [▶ 174]).

NOTICE


When two zones are selected the underfloor heating screed dryout can only be executed on the main zone.

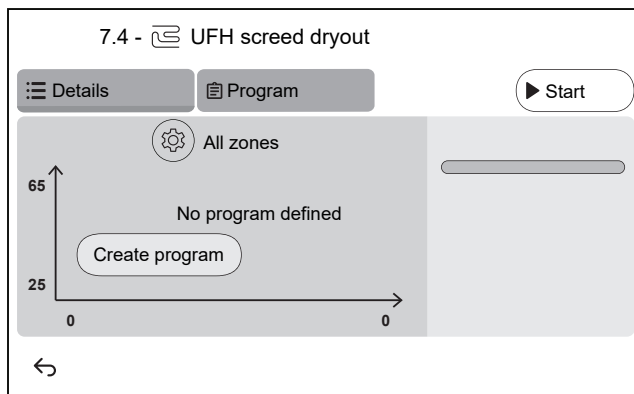
NOTICE

When there is a power failure, the underfloor heating screed dryout will continue where it was interrupted in the underfloor heating screed dryout program.

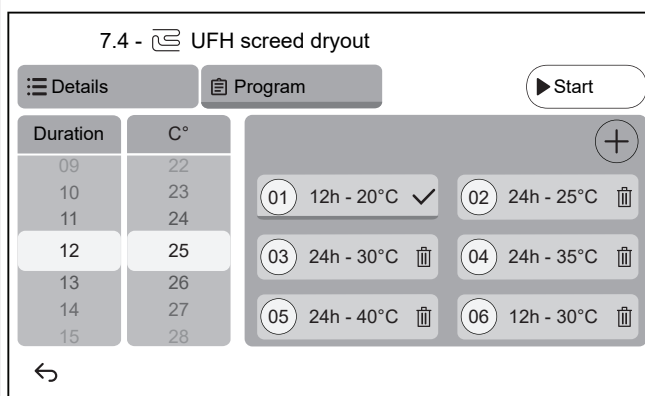
INFORMATION

The procedure below indicates that you need to tap **Stop** to stop the function, but the **Stop** button is NOT available in early versions of the user interface software. Instead, use ⬅️ or ⬆️ to stop the function.

1	Switch to installer mode. <div style="text-align: right; margin-top: 10px;">  5678 </div>
2	Go to [7] Maintenance mode and Confirm. <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px; margin: 10px 0; text-align: center;"> <p>Maintenance mode</p> <p>Entering maintenance mode can take up to ~15 minutes. The unit is finishing ongoing operations before changing over.</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; margin-top: 10px;"> Cancel Confirm </div> </div> <p>Result: Operation of Space heating/cooling and Domestic hot water will be automatically turned off.</p> <p>Remark: If the unit is still in entering maintenance mode after 15 minutes, perform a power reset.</p>

3 Go to [7.4] Maintenance mode > UFH screed dryout

- 3.1** Tap on **Create program** or tap on **Program** and **+** to define a program step. A program can consist of multiple program-steps and a maximum of 30 program-steps.



Each program step contains the sequence number, the duration and desired leaving water temperature.

3.2 ⚙️

Settings:

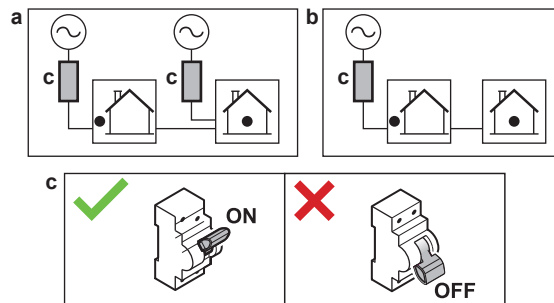
Note: This functionality is NOT available in early versions of the user interface software. Underfloor heating screed dryout can only be executed on the main zone.

<p>3.3</p>	<p>Tap Start to run the underfloor heating screed dryout.</p> <div data-bbox="579 203 1233 593" style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p style="text-align: center;">7.4 - UFH screed dryout</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; align-items: center;"> Details Program Stop </div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; align-items: flex-start;"> <div style="flex: 1;"> <p style="text-align: center;"> All zones</p> <p style="text-align: center;">45 20 0 42:10 36</p> </div> <div style="flex: 0.5; border-left: 1px solid gray; padding-left: 5px;"> <p>Test running</p> <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background: linear-gradient(to right, gray, white);"></div> <p>Test started 14 Mar 2025 16:36:54</p> <p>Estimated end time 15 Mar 2025 18:36:54</p> </div> </div> <p style="text-align: left; margin-top: 10px;"></p> </div> <p>Result:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ The underfloor heating screed dryout starts. It stops automatically when all steps are done. ▪ A progress bar indicates where the program is currently situated. ▪ The program start time and estimated end time based on the current time and duration of the program are displayed ▪ The underfloor heating screen is used as home screen until the finish of the program.
<p>3.4</p>	<p>Tap Stop to stop the underfloor heating screed dryout.</p>
<p>4</p>	<p>After the underfloor heating screed dryout:</p>
<p>4.1</p>	<p>Choose to go back in the menu.</p>
<p>4.2</p>	<p>Choose to leave the Maintenance mode</p>
<p>5</p>	<p>When leaving Maintenance mode, the user interface automatically restores operation (Space heating/cooling and Domestic hot water) as it was before entered Maintenance mode. Check if all operation modes are activated as expected.</p>

12 Hand-over to the user

Once the test run is finished and the unit operates properly, make sure the following is clear for the user:

- Fill in the installer setting table (in the operation manual) with the actual settings.
- Make sure that the user has the printed documentation and ask him/her to keep it for future reference. Inform the user that he/she can find the complete documentation at the URL mentioned earlier in this manual.
- Explain to the user how to properly operate the system and what to do in case of problems.
- Show the user what to do for the maintenance of the unit.
- Explain about energy saving tips to the user as described in the operation manual.
- Explain to the user to NOT turn OFF the circuit breakers (**c**) to the units so that the protection remains activated. In case of indoor unit supplied separately (**a**), there are two circuit breaker. In case of indoor unit supplied from the outdoor unit (**b**), there is one circuit breaker.



- Explain to the user that when they want to dispose of the unit, that they cannot do it themselves, but that they need to contact a Daikin certified technician.
- Explain to the user how to safely use the R290 heat pump. For more information about this, see the dedicated Service Manual ESIE22-02 "Systems using R290 refrigerant" (available on <https://my.daikin.eu>).

13 Maintenance and service



NOTICE

General maintenance/inspection checklist. Next to the maintenance instructions in this chapter, a general maintenance/inspection checklist is also available on the Daikin Business Portal (authentication required).

The general maintenance/inspection checklist is complementary to the instructions in this chapter and can be used as a guideline and reporting template during maintenance.



NOTICE

Maintenance **MUST** be done by an authorised installer or service agent.

We recommend performing maintenance at least once a year. However, applicable legislation might require shorter maintenance intervals.

In this chapter

13.1	Maintenance safety precautions.....	184
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13.2.2	Yearly maintenance outdoor unit: instructions.....	185
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13.3	About cleaning the water filter in case of trouble.....	187
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13.3.3	To install the water filter.....	189

13.1 Maintenance safety precautions



DANGER: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION



DANGER: RISK OF BURNING/SCALDING



NOTICE: Risk of electrostatic discharge

Before performing any maintenance or service work, touch a metal part of the unit in order to eliminate static electricity and to protect the PCB.

13.2 Yearly maintenance

13.2.1 Yearly maintenance outdoor unit: overview

Check the following at least once a year:

- Heat exchanger
- Water filter

13.2.2 Yearly maintenance outdoor unit: instructions

Heat exchanger

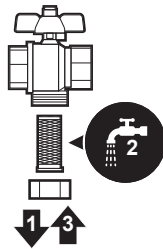
The heat exchanger of the outdoor unit can get blocked up due to dust, dirt, leaves, etc. It is recommended to clean the heat exchanger yearly. A blocked heat exchanger can lead to too low pressure or too high pressure leading to worse performance.

Water filter

Close the valve. Clean and rinse the water filter.

**NOTICE**

Handle the filter with care. To prevent damage to the mesh of the filter, do NOT use excessive force when you reinsert it.



13.2.3 Yearly maintenance indoor unit: overview

**DANGER: RISK OF BURNING/SCALDING**

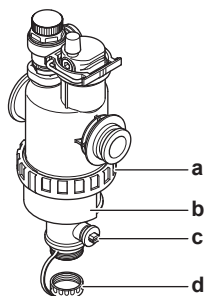
The water in the storage tank and all the connected piping can be very hot.

- Water pressure
- Magnetic filter/dirt separator
- Water pressure relief valve
- Relief valve hose
- Switch box
- Storage tank water level

13.2.4 Yearly maintenance indoor unit: instructions

Water pressure – Space heating/cooling circuit

Keep water pressure above 1 bar. If it is lower, add water.

Magnetic filter/dirt separator

- a** Screw connection
- b** Magnetic sleeve
- c** Drain valve
- d** Drain cap

The yearly maintenance of the magnetic filter/dirt separator consists of:

- Checking if both parts of the magnetic filter/dirt separator are still screwed tight (a).
- Emptying the dirt separator as follows:
 - 1 Take off the magnetic sleeve (b).
 - 2 Unscrew the drain cap (d).
 - 3 Connect a drain hose to the bottom of the water filter so that the water and dirt can be collected in a suitable container (bottle, sink...).
 - 4 Open the drain valve for a couple of seconds (c).

Result: Water and dirt will come out.
 - 5 Close the drain valve.
 - 6 Screw the drain cap back on.
 - 7 Reattach the magnetic sleeve.
 - 8 Check the pressure of the water circuit. If required, add water.



NOTICE

- When checking the magnetic filter/dirt separator for tightness, hold it firmly, so as NOT to apply stress to the water piping.
- Do NOT isolate the magnetic filter/dirt separator by closing the shut-off valves. To properly empty the dirt separator, sufficient pressure is required.
- To prevent dirt from remaining in the dirt separator, ALWAYS take off the magnetic sleeve.
- ALWAYS first unscrew the drain cap, and connect a drain hose to the bottom of the water filter, then open the drain valve.



INFORMATION

For yearly maintenance, you do not have to remove the water filter from the unit to clean it. But in case of trouble with the water filter, you might have to remove it so that you can thoroughly clean it. Then you need to do as follows:

- ["13.3.1 To remove the water filter" \[▶ 187\]](#)
- ["13.3.2 To clean the water filter in case of trouble" \[▶ 188\]](#)
- ["13.3.3 To install the water filter" \[▶ 189\]](#)

Water pressure relief valve

Open the valve and check if it operates correctly. **The water may be very hot!**

Checkpoints are:

- The water flow coming from the relief valve is high enough, no blockage of the valve or in between piping is suspected.
- Dirty water coming out of the relief valve:
 - open the valve until the discharged water does NOT contain dirt anymore
 - flush the system

It is recommended to do this maintenance more frequently.

Switch box

Carry out a thorough visual inspection of the switch box and look for obvious defects such as loose connections or defective wiring.

**WARNING**

If the internal wiring is damaged, it has to be replaced by the manufacturer, its service agent or similarly qualified persons.

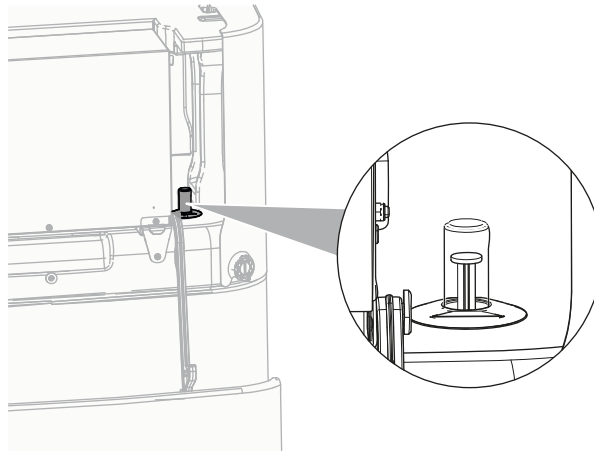
Storage tank water level

Carry out a visual check of the water level inside the storage tank.

- 9 Open the following (see "7.2.5 To open the indoor unit" [▶ 79]):

1	User interface panel	
2	Switch box	

- 10 Check if the red level indicator is visible. If NOT, add water to the storage tank (see "8.2.9 To fill the storage tank" [▶ 103]).



13.3 About cleaning the water filter in case of trouble

**INFORMATION**

For yearly maintenance, you do not have to remove the water filter from the unit to clean it. But in case of trouble with the water filter, you might have to remove it so that you can thoroughly clean it. Then you need to do as follows:

- "13.3.1 To remove the water filter" [▶ 187]
- "13.3.2 To clean the water filter in case of trouble" [▶ 188]
- "13.3.3 To install the water filter" [▶ 189]

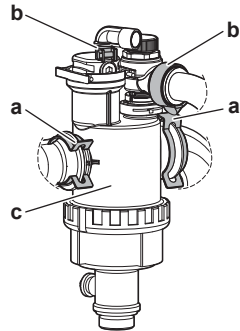
13.3.1 To remove the water filter

Prerequisite: Stop the unit operation via the user interface.

Prerequisite: Turn OFF the respective circuit breaker.

- 1 The water filter is located behind the switch box. To get access to it, see "7.2.5 To open the indoor unit" [▶ 79].
- 2 Close the stop valves of the water circuit.
- 3 Close the valve (if equipped) of the water circuit towards the expansion vessel.
- 4 Remove the cap on the bottom of the magnetic filter/dirt separator.
- 5 Connect a drain hose to the bottom of the water filter.

- 6 Open the valve on the bottom of the water filter to drain water from the water circuit. Collect the drained water in a bottle, sink,... using the installed drain hose.
- 7 Remove the 2 clips that fix the water filter.



- a Clip
- b Ring clamp
- c Magnetic filter/dirt separator

- 8 Unscrew the 2 ring clamps and remove the 2 hoses to the gas separator box.
- 9 Remove the water filter.
- 10 Remove the drain hose from the water filter.



NOTICE

Although the water circuit is drained, some water may be spilled when removing the magnetic filter/dirt separator from the filter housing. ALWAYS clean up spilled water.

13.3.2 To clean the water filter in case of trouble

- 1 Remove the water filter from the unit. See "[13.3.1 To remove the water filter](#)" [▶ 187].



NOTICE

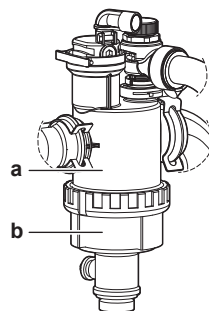
To protect the piping connected to the magnetic filter/dirt separator from damage it is recommended to perform this procedure with the magnetic filter/dirt separator removed from the unit.

- 2 Unscrew the bottom of the water filter housing. Use an appropriate tool if needed.



NOTICE

Opening the magnetic filter/dirt separator is ONLY required in case of severe issues. Preferably this action is never to be done during the complete lifetime of the magnetic filter/dirt separator.

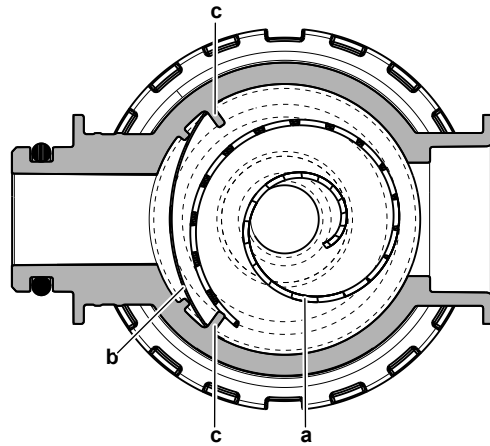


- a Bottom part to be unscrewed
- b Water filter housing

- 3 Remove the strainer and the rolled-up filter from the water filter housing and clean with water.
- 4 Install the cleaned rolled-up filter and strainer in the water filter housing.

**INFORMATION**

Correctly install the strainer in the magnetic filter/dirt separator housing using the protrusions.



- a Rolled-up filter
- b Strainer
- c Protrusion

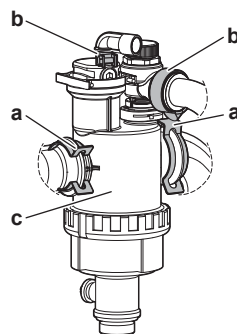
- 5 Install and properly tighten the bottom of the water filter housing.

13.3.3 To install the water filter

**NOTICE**

Check the condition of the O-rings and replace if needed. Apply water or silicon grease to the O-rings before installation.

- 1 Re-connect the 2 hoses and screw on the 2 ring clamps. As the hoses to the gas separator are flexible, it is easier to screw on the ring clamps before the water filter is in its final position.
- 2 Install the water filter in the correct location.



- a Clip
- b Ring clamp
- c Magnetic filter/dirt separator

- 3 Install the 2 clips to fix the water filter to the water circuit pipes.
- 4 Open the stop valves and add water to the water circuit if needed.

14 Troubleshooting

Contact

For the symptoms listed below, you can try to solve the problem yourself. For any other problem, contact your installer. You can find the contact/helpdesk number via the user interface.

1 Go to [6.2]: **Information > Dealer information.**

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14.1 Overview: Troubleshooting

This chapter describes what you have to do in case of problems.

It contains information about:

- Solving problems based on symptoms
- Solving problems based on error codes

Before troubleshooting

Carry out a thorough visual inspection of the unit and look for obvious defects such as loose connections or defective wiring.

14.2 Precautions when troubleshooting



DANGER: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION



DANGER: RISK OF BURNING/SCALDING

**WARNING**

- When carrying out an inspection on the switch box of the unit, ALWAYS make sure that the unit is disconnected from the mains. Turn off the respective circuit breaker.
- When a safety device was activated, stop the unit and find out why the safety device was activated before resetting it. NEVER shunt safety devices or change their values to a value other than the factory default setting. If you are unable to find the cause of the problem, call your dealer.

**WARNING**

Prevent hazards due to inadvertent resetting of the thermal cut-out: power to this appliance MUST NOT be supplied through an external switching device, such as a timer, or connected to a circuit that is regularly turned ON and OFF by the utility.

14.3 Solving problems based on symptoms

14.3.1 Symptom: The unit is NOT heating or cooling as expected

Possible causes	Corrective action
The temperature setting is NOT correct	Check the temperature setting on the remote controller. Refer to the operation manual.

Possible causes	Corrective action
The water flow is too low	<p>Check and make sure that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ All shut-off valves of the water circuit are completely open. ▪ The water filter is clean. Clean if necessary. ▪ There is no air in the system. Purge air if necessary. You can purge air manually or use the automatic air purge function (see "11.4.5 To perform an air purge" [▶ 174]). ▪ The water pressure is >1 bar. ▪ The expansion vessel is NOT broken. ▪ The resistance in the water circuit is NOT too high for the pump (see the ESP curve in the "Technical data" chapter). ▪ If the following error codes^(a) appear, it could result in certain actuators are not able to operate, which could lead to not starting the operation in that mode: 7H-22, 7H-18, 7H-19 Refer to "11.4.4 To check the minimum flow rate" [▶ 174] to check the requirements and adjust if necessary. ▪ If the following error codes^(a) appear, it means that the minimum flow requirements of the unit are not met: 7H-20, 7H-21 Refer to "11.4.4 To check the minimum flow rate" [▶ 174] to check the requirements and adjust if necessary. <p>If the problem persists after you have conducted all of the above checks, contact your dealer. In some cases, it is normal that the unit decides to use a low water flow.</p>
The water volume in the installation is too low	<p>Make sure that the water volume in the installation is above the minimum required value (see "8.1.2 To check the water volume and flow rate" [▶ 92]).</p>

^(a) See "Error codes of the unit" [▶ 199] for more information about the 7H error codes (e.g. circuit information).

14.3.2 Symptom: Hot water does NOT reach the desired temperature

Possible causes	Corrective action
One of the tank temperature sensors is broken.	See the service manual of the unit for the corresponding corrective action.
The auxiliary boiler is not working correctly.	<p>If an auxiliary boiler is connected directly to the tank, make sure that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ the boiler is operating correctly. ▪ the boiler capacity is sufficient.



14.3.3 Symptom: The compressor does NOT start (space heating or domestic water heating)

Possible causes	Corrective action
<p>The unit must start up out of its operation range (the water temperature is too low)</p> <p>In certain conditions the entering water temperature must be increased via the backup heater to get the heat pump in range. For example this can happen when the wind conditions are critical and there is no wind protection, see "7.1.1 Installation site requirements of the outdoor unit" [▶ 73].</p>	<p>If the backup heater doesn't start either, check and make sure that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ The power supply to the backup heater is correctly wired. ▪ The backup heater thermal protector is NOT activated. <p>If the backup heater cannot achieve the required minimum entering water temperature. It may be required to start up with a small water volume. To do this, gradually open the heat emitters. As a result, the water temperature will gradually rise. Monitor the inlet water temperature and make sure it does NOT drop</p> <p>If the problem persists, contact your dealer.</p>
<p>The preferential kWh rate power supply settings and electrical connections do NOT match.</p>	<p>This should match with the connections as explained in:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ "9.3.2 To connect the main power supply" [▶ 124] ▪ "9.1.4 About preferential kWh rate power supply" [▶ 108] ▪ "9.1.5 Overview of electrical connections except external actuators" [▶ 109]
<p>There is a demand response request which can either limit the power to the heat pump or force off the heat pump.</p>	<p>Refer to [9.14]:Settings > Demand response</p>
<p>Domestic hot water (including disinfection) and space heating operation are scheduled to start at the same time.</p>	<p>Change the schedule to not start both operation modes at the same moment.</p>
<p>The minimum flow is not guaranteed in that circuit to allow operation.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ If the following error codes^(a) appear, it could result in certain actuators are not able to operate, which could lead to not starting the operation in that mode: 7H-22, 7H-18, 7H-19 Refer to "11.4.4 To check the minimum flow rate" [▶ 174] to check the requirements and adjust if necessary. ▪ If the following error codes^(a) appear, it means that the minimum flow requirements of the unit are not met: 7H-20, 7H-21 Refer to "11.4.4 To check the minimum flow rate" [▶ 174] to check the requirements and adjust if necessary.


Possible causes	Corrective action
The compressor cannot start when the backup heater is not powered.	If the backup heater is not powered, then: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Space heating and tank heat-up is not allowed. Error AA-01 Backup heater overheated or BUH power cable not connected is generated.



^(a) See "Error codes of the unit" [▶ 199] for more information about the 7H error codes (e.g. circuit information).

14.3.4 Symptom: The system is making gurgling noises after commissioning

Possible cause	Corrective action
There is air in the system.	Purge air from the system. ^(a)
Incorrect hydraulic balance.	To be performed by the installer: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1 Perform hydraulic balancing to assure that the flow is correctly distributed between the emitters. 2 If hydraulic balancing is not sufficient, it is recommended to increase the Delta T heating ([1.14] / [2.14]) value. 3 If hydraulic balancing is not sufficient, it is recommended to increase the Delta T cooling ([1.18] / [2.17]) value.
Various malfunctions.	Check if  or  is displayed on the home screen of the user interface. See "14.4.1 To display the help text in case of a malfunction" [▶ 198] for more information about the malfunction.

^(a) We recommend to purge air with the air purge function of the unit (to be performed by the installer). If you purge air from the heat emitters or collectors, mind the following:



WARNING
Air purging heat emitters or collectors. Before you purge air from heat emitters or collectors, check if  or  is displayed on the home screen of the user interface.

- If not, you can purge air immediately.
- If yes, make sure that the room where you want to purge air is sufficiently ventilated. **Reason:** In case of a breakdown, refrigerant might leak into the water circuit, and subsequently into the room when you purge air from the heat emitters or collectors.

14.3.5 Symptom: The pump is making noise (cavitation)

Possible causes	Corrective action
There is air in the system	Purge air manually or use the automatic air purge function (see "11.4.5 To perform an air purge" [▶ 174]).

Possible causes	Corrective action
The water pressure at the pump inlet is too low	Check and make sure that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ The water pressure is >1 bar. ▪ The water pressure sensor is not broken. ▪ The expansion vessel is NOT broken. ▪ The valve (if equipped) of the water circuit towards the expansion vessel is open. ▪ The pre-pressure setting of the expansion vessel is correct.

14.3.6 Symptom: The pressure relief valve opens

Possible causes	Corrective action
The valve (if equipped) of the water circuit towards the expansion vessel is closed.	Open the valve.
The water circuit head is too high	The water circuit head is the difference in height between the indoor unit and the highest point of the water circuit. If the indoor unit is located at the highest point of the installation, the installation height is considered 0 m. The maximum water circuit head is 10 m. Check the installation requirements.

14.3.7 Symptom: The water pressure relief valve leaks

Possible causes	Corrective action
Dirt is blocking the water pressure relief valve outlet	Check whether the pressure relief valve works correctly by turning the red knob on the valve counterclockwise: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ If you do NOT hear a clacking sound, contact your dealer. ▪ If the water keeps running out of the unit, close both the water inlet and outlet shut-off valves first and then contact your dealer.

14.3.8 Symptom: The space is NOT sufficiently heated at low outdoor temperatures

Possible causes	Corrective action
The backup heater operation is not activated	<p>Check the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ The backup heater is allowed for capacity shortage. This is defined by [5.6.1] Capacity shortage setting <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - when selected Never, the backup heater won't be allowed for capacity shortage. - when selected Always, the backup heater will be allowed for capacity shortage independent of the ambient. - when selected Below equilibrium, the backup heater allowance depends on the ambient temperature. ▪ The backup heater overcurrent circuit breaker is on. If not, turn it back on. ▪ The thermal protector of the backup heater is NOT activated. If it has, check the following, and then press the reset button in the switch box: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The water pressure - Whether there is air in the system - The air purge operation
The auxiliary boiler is not working correctly.	<p>If an auxiliary boiler is connected directly to the tank and space heating support is activated, make sure that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ the boiler is operating correctly. ▪ the boiler capacity is sufficient.
The backup heater equilibrium temperature has not been configured correctly	<p>Increase the equilibrium temperature to activate the backup heater operation at a higher outdoor temperature.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Make sure that [5.6.1] Capacity shortage setting is set to Below equilibrium. ▪ Go to [5.6.2] Settings > Capacity shortage > Equilibrium setpoint to set the desired equilibrium temperature.
There is air in the system.	<p>Purge air manually or automatically. See the air purge function in the chapter "11 Commissioning" [▶ 164].</p>

Possible causes	Corrective action
Too much heat pump capacity is used for heating domestic hot water	<p>Check if the Space heating priority settings have been configured appropriately:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Make sure that the Space heating priority has been enabled. Go to [5.28.1]: Settings > Balancing > Space heating priority If required, increase the "space heating priority temperature" to activate backup heater operation at a higher outdoor temperature. Go to [5.28.2] Settings > Balancing > Priority temperatures <p>Remark: When [5.28.1] Space heating priority is active</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> the tank boiler will take over the tank heat-up in case the [5.32] Tank boiler present is enabled. the boiler will take over for space heating, in case [5.37] Bivalent present is enabled.

14.3.9 Symptom: The pressure at the tapping point is temporarily unusually high

Possible causes	Corrective action
Failing or blocked pressure relief valve.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Close the shut-off valve at the cold water inlet. Open a hot water tap to flush the circuit and reduce the pressure. Replace the pressure relief valve on the cold water inlet of the DHW tank.

14.3.10 Symptom: Tank disinfection function is NOT completed correctly (AH-error)

Possible causes	Corrective action
The disinfection function was interrupted by domestic hot water tapping	Program the start-up of the disinfection function when the coming 4 hours NO domestic hot water tapping is expected.
The disinfection function was interrupted by too low quiet level.	Select a less strict quiet level.

Possible causes	Corrective action
Large domestic hot water tapping happened recently before the programmed start-up of the disinfection function	If in [4.7] Domestic hot water > Heat up mode the mode Reheat or Reheat with schedule is selected, it is recommended to program the start-up of the disinfection function at least 4 hours later than the last expected large hot water tapping. This start-up can be set by installer settings (disinfection function).

14.4 Solving problems based on error codes

If the unit runs into a problem, the user interface displays an error code. It is important to understand the problem and to take measures before resetting an error code. Please contact Daikin or Daikin Stand-By-Me Certified Partner.

This chapter gives you an overview of most possible error codes and their descriptions as they appear on the user interface.



INFORMATION

See the service manual for:

- The complete list of error codes
- A more detailed troubleshooting guideline for each error

14.4.1 To display the help text in case of a malfunction

In case of a malfunction, the following icon will appear on the home screen depending on the severity:

- Error
- Warning
- Information

You can get a short and a long description of the malfunction as follows:

1	<p>Go to [11] Malfunctioning.</p> <p>Result: The ongoing malfunctions are shown with the following information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ The Level icon: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Error - Warning - Information ▪ The error code ▪ The Type icon: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Safety: these are critical errors that can result in an unsafe situation (e.g. refrigerant leak). - Protection: these are errors related to the protection of the user or the system (eg overheating/disinfection/undercooling). - Technical: these are all other errors indicating a technical problem of the unit or peripherals (e.g. sensor abnormality).
----------	--

2	Tap on the error message in the error screen. Result: A long description of the error is displayed on the screen.
----------	---

14.4.2 To check the malfunction history

Always check the malfunction history while troubleshooting.








Conditions: The user permission level is set to advanced end user.










1	Go to [11]: Malfunction history .
----------	--









You see a list of the most recent malfunctions.







14.4.3 Error codes: Overview





Error codes of the unit







Error code	#	Title	Trigger	Effect	Reset
7H-04		Water flow problem during domestic hot water production	Water flow abnormality determined mainly during DHW.	Heat pump will stop operating	Automatic
7H-05		Flow abnormality during space heating operation	Minimum flow requirement during space heating operation was not reached	Heat pump will stop operating	Automatic
7H-06		Abnormal flow during cooling operation	Minimum flow requirement during cooling on the emitter circuit was not reached	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
7H-09		Abnormal flow during emitter defrost	Minimum flow requirement during defrost on the emitter circuit was not reached	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
7H-10		Abnormal flow during tank defrost	Minimum flow requirement during defrost on the tank circuit was not reached	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
7H-11		Flow abnormality during 4-way valve in cooling	Minimum flow requirements not reached while 4-way valve is in cooling	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
7H-12		Main zone pump blocked abnormality	Main zone pump blocked abnormality	Pump will stop running.	Automatic












Error code	#	Title	Trigger	Effect	Reset
7H-13		Main zone pump electrical fault abnormality	Main zone pump electrical fault abnormality	Pump will stop running.	Automatic
7H-14		Add. zone pump communication error	Communication abnormality between indoor unit and add. zone pump	Unit will continue operation.	Automatic
<p>Once there is a communication error on the pump, the pump will go to full speed. This results in inefficient behaviour of the unit and potential flow noises in the emitter circuit.</p> <p>Note: communication errors should be corrected while the power is OFF.</p>					
7H-15		Add. zone pump blocked abnormality	Add. zone pump blocked abnormality	Pump will stop running.	Automatic
7H-16		Add. zone pump electrical fault abnormality	Add. zone pump electrical fault abnormality	Pump will stop running.	Automatic
7H-17		Main zone pump communication error	Communication abnormality between indoor unit and main zone pump	Unit will continue operation.	Automatic
<p>Once there is a communication error on the pump, the pump will go to full speed. This results in inefficient behaviour of the unit and potential flow noises in the emitter circuit.</p> <p>Note: communication errors should be corrected while the power is OFF.</p>					
7H-18		Water flow requirement problem at space cooling request	Minimum water flow requirement at space cooling request is not reached	The unit requires a minimum flow rate to remain operational	Automatic
7H-19		Water flow requirement problem at tank heat-up request	Minimum water flow requirement at tank heat-up request is not reached	The unit requires a minimum flow rate to remain operational	Automatic
7H-20		Water flow requirement problem on emitter hydraulic circuit	Minimum water flow requirement on emitter hydraulic circuit is not reached	The unit requires a minimum flow rate to remain operational	Manual
7H-21		Water flow requirement problem on tank hydraulic circuit	Minimum water flow requirement on tank hydraulic circuit is not reached	The unit requires a minimum flow rate to remain operational	Manual












Error code	#	Title	Trigger	Effect	Reset
7H-22		Water flow requirement problem at space heating request	Minimum water flow requirement at space heating request is not reached	The unit requires a minimum flow rate to remain operational	Automatic
The error is displayed when the minimum required flow is not reached during a heating request or during Water pipe freeze prevention.					
80-03		Entering water temperature thermistor main zone abnormality	Entering water thermistor main zone is malfunctioning	Unit will continue operation.	Automatic
Note: this error exists only for a bizon unit.					
80-04		Entering water temperature thermistor add. zone abnormality	Entering water thermistor additional zone is malfunctioning	Unit will continue operation.	Automatic
Note: this error exists only for a bizon unit.					
81-00		Exit water temperature thermistor after BUH abnormality	Exit water temperature thermistor after BUH is malfunctioning	Heat pump and backup heater will stop operating for space heating and domestic hot water	Automatic
81-05		Loose hanging tank thermistor	Loose hanging tank thermistor is detected	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ For floor-standing and ECH₂O indoor units: middle tank thermistor ▪ For wall-mounted indoor units: tank thermistor 					
81-06		Entering water temperature thermistor abnormality (indoor unit)	Entering water temperature thermistor (indoor unit) is malfunctioning	Unit will continue operation.	Automatic
Refer to the wiring diagram part number R1T (A1P) for the connection of the thermistor.					
81-07		Exit water temperature thermistor after tank valve abnormality	Exit water temperature thermistor after tank valve is malfunctioning	Unit will continue operation.	Automatic
81-10		Mixed water thermistor abnormality (mixing kit)	Mixed water temperature thermistor (mixing kit) is malfunctioning.	Space heating/cooling operation will stop for affected zone	Automatic











Error code	#	Title	Trigger	Effect	Reset
89-01		Heat exchanger freeze-up protection activated during defrost operation	Heat exchanger freeze-up protection activated during defrost on the emitter or tank circuit.	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
89-02		Interruption defrost due to low water volume	Plate heat exchanger freeze-up protection activated during defrost on the emitter circuit (defrost executed on a very low volume). The next defrost will be executed on the tank circuit.	Heat pump will stop operating	Automatic
89-03		Interruption defrost due to low water volume	Plate heat exchanger freeze-up protection activated during defrost on the emitter circuit (auto retry)	Heat pump will stop operating	Automatic
89-04		Interruption defrost during tank defrost	Plate heat exchanger freeze-up protection activated during defrost on the tank circuit	Heat pump will stop operating	Automatic
89-05		Heat exchanger freeze-up protection activated during cooling operation. (error)	Heat exchanger freeze-up protection activated during cooling on the emitter circuit	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
		This error can also occur during defrost operation.			
89-06		Heat exchanger freeze-up protection activated during cooling operation (warning)	Plate heat exchanger freeze-up protection activated during cooling on the emitter circuit (auto retry)	Heat pump will stop operating	Automatic
		This error can also occur during defrost operation.			













Error code	#	Title	Trigger	Effect	Reset
89-09		Heat exchanger freeze-up protection activated during 4-way valve in cooling	Heat exchanger freeze-up protection activated during 4-way valve in cooling while running on the emitter or tank circuit	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
This error can also occur during defrost operation.					
89-10		Heat exchanger freeze-up protection activated during 4-way valve in cooling	Heat exchanger freeze-up protection activated during 4-way valve in cooling while running on the emitter or tank circuit (auto retry)	Heat pump will stop operating	Automatic
This error can also occur during defrost operation.					
8C-03		Undercooling of the space cooling water circuit	The minimum water temperature in the space cooling water circuit is below the undercooling temperature	Pump will stop running.	Automatic
<p>This error is used to prevent that the space cooling water system is undercooling its operational limits. This general limit is a setting chosen by the installer to determine the minimum allowed temperature through the system.</p> <p>The minimum leaving water temperature in the system is decided based on setting [3.11] Undercooling setpoint.</p>					
8C-04		Undercooling of the main zone water circuit	The minimum temperature in the main zone is below the undercooling temperature threshold	Pump will stop running.	Automatic
<p>This error is used to prevent that the main water circuit is undercooling its operational limits due to a stuck or broken mixing valve.</p> <p>It could result in low temperatures in the main circuit (e.g. underfloor heating system). The components of an underfloor heating system must be protected against low water temperature, as this can lead to sweat conditions</p> <p>The minimum leaving water temperature in the main zone is decided based on setting [1.20] Undercooling water circuit</p>					













Error code	#	Title	Trigger	Effect	Reset
8H-00		Overheating of the space heating water circuit	The maximum water temperature in the space heating water circuit is above the overheating temperature	Unit will stop operating.	Automatic
<p>This error is used to prevent that the space heating water system is overheating. This general limit is a setting chosen by the installer to determine the maximum allowed temperature through the system.</p> <p>The maximum leaving water temperature in the system is decided based on setting [3.12] Overheating setpoint</p>					
8H-01		Overheating of the main zone water circuit	The maximum temperature in the main zone is above the overheating temperature threshold	Pump will stop running.	Automatic
<p>This error is used to prevent that the main water circuit is overheating its operational limits due to a stuck or broken mixing valve.</p> <p>It could result in high temperatures in the main circuit (e.g. underfloor heating system). The components of an underfloor heating system must be protected against high water temperatures, as components such as e.g. screed can crack.</p> <p>The maximum leaving water temperature in the main zone is decided based on setting [1.19] Overheating water circuit</p>					
8H-02		Overheating of the main zone water circuit thermostat	The thermostat of the main zone water circuit has tripped	Pump will stop running.	Automatic
8H-03		Overheating of the space heating water circuit thermostat	The thermostat of the space heating water circuit has tripped	Pump will stop running.	Automatic
8H-09		Backup heater stuck detection ongoing	There is a potential malfunction of the backup heater relay.	Unit will stop operating.	Automatic
8H-10		Overheating mixed water safety thermostat (mixing kit)	The thermostat of the mixing kit has tripped.	Space heating/cooling operation will stop for affected zone	Automatic












Error code	#	Title	Trigger	Effect	Reset
8H-11		Overheating/ undercooling mixed water circuit (mixing kit)	The maximum or minimum water temperature in the space heating/cooling water circuit is above or below the overheating/ undercooling temperature,	Space heating/ cooling operation will stop for affected zone	Automatic
<p>This error is used to prevent that the main water circuit is overheating or undercooling its operational limits due to a stuck or broken mixing valve.</p> <p>This error is triggered if the leaving water temperature is drastically exceeding the maximum setpoint or the minimum setpoint. Refer to [1.6] Setpoint range.</p>					
A0-02		Indoor unit gas sensor detection	The indoor unit gas sensor has detected a gas leakage	Unit will stop operating.	Manual
AA-01		Backup heater overheated or BUH power cable not connected	Thermal protector of the backup heater is activated because temperature is rising too high. Or BUH power cable is not connected.	Heat pump and backup heater will stop operating for space heating and domestic hot water	Automatic
AA-07		Diverter valve is blocked	Diverter valve is blocked	Unit will stop operating.	Manual
AA-08		Mixing valve is blocked	Mixing valve is blocked	Unit will stop operating.	Manual
AA-09		Diverter valve is broken	Diverter valve is broken	Unit will stop operating.	Manual
AA-10		Mixing valve is broken	Mixing valve is broken	Unit will stop operating.	Manual
AA-11		Tank valve is blocked	Tank valve is blocked	Unit will stop operating.	Manual
AA-12		Bypass valve is blocked	Bypass valve is blocked	Unit will stop operating.	Manual
AA-13		Tank valve is broken	Tank valve is broken	Unit will stop operating.	Manual
AA-14		Bypass valve is broken	Bypass valve is broken	Unit will stop operating.	Manual













Error code	#	Title	Trigger	Effect	Reset
AH-00		Tank disinfection function not completed correctly	Disinfection setpoint is not reached within the required time or not kept for the required time.	Unit will continue operation.	Automatic
<p>The disinfection error AH is automatically cleared after a successful disinfection, or you can manually clear it via [4.9] Clear disinfection malfunction.</p> <p>Beware, the disinfection function will only be repeated upon the next scheduled disinfection block!</p>					
AJ-03		DHW long heat-up abnormality	Tank heat-up has been running abnormally long	Domestic hot water operation will stop	Manual
<p>Error AJ-03 is reset from the moment the error is reset on the user interface. Be aware that in this case disinfection will not be executed.</p>					
CO-00		Flow sensor abnormality	Flow sensor is malfunctioning	Unit will stop operating.	Automatic
CO-14		Indoor gas sensor malfunction	Indoor gas sensor is disconnected	Unit will stop operating.	Manual
CO-15		Indoor gas sensor disconnected	Indoor gas sensor disconnected	Unit will stop operating.	Manual
CJ-02		Room thermistor abnormality	Room temperature thermistor of the user interface input is out of range.	Space heating/cooling operation will stop for affected zone	Automatic
E0-06		Outdoor unit leakage detection error	Outdoor unit leakage detection error	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
E1-00		OU: PCB defect	Outdoor unit main PCB detects that EEPROM is abnormal.	Heat pump will stop operating	Power cycle
E2-01		Leakage current detection error	Leakage current PCB has detected current leakage on power supply line of the unit.	Heat pump will stop operating	Power cycle
E2-06		Leakage current detection error	Electric leakage missing-core error	Heat pump will stop operating	Power cycle
E3-00		OU: Actuation of high pressure switch (HPS)	High pressure switch opens due to too high refrigerant pressure.	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual









Error code	#	Title	Trigger	Effect	Reset
E3-19		OU: Actuation of high pressure switch (HPS)	High pressure switch opens due to too high refrigerant pressure.	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
E4-00		Abnormal suction pressure	Suction pressure was too low (detected by thermistor/pressure sensor or low pressure switch) for several times.	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
E5-00		OU: Overheat of inverter compressor motor	Compressor overload is detected.	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
E7-01		OU: Malfunction of outdoor unit fan motor	Fan motor 1 lock	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
E7-05		OU: Malfunction of outdoor unit fan motor	Fan motor 1 instantaneous overcurrent 1	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
E7-61		OU: Malfunction of outdoor unit fan motor	Fan does not start after ON signal. It can occur that the error code is triggered when the fan motor is running caused by a faulty hall signal.	Heat pump will stop operating	Automatic
E7-63		OU: Malfunction of outdoor unit fan motor	Fan abnormality	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
E9-01		Malfunction of electronic expansion valve	Electronic expansion valve is defective or not well connected.	Heat pump will stop operating	Power cycle
E9-02		Electronic expansion valve error due to wetness	Electronic expansion valve error due to wetness.	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
E9-03		Malfunction of electronic expansion valve	Electronic expansion valve is defective or not well connected.	Heat pump will stop operating	Power cycle










Error code	#	Title	Trigger	Effect	Reset
EA-01		4WV switching error	Pressure drop and temperature difference over 4WV too low.	Heat pump will stop operating	Power cycle
EC-00		Abnormal increase tank temperature	Temperature of the tank is abnormally increasing. There is a potential problem with one of the heat sources connected to the tank.	Domestic hot water operation will stop	Manual
F3-01		OU: Malfunction of discharge pipe temperature	Discharge pipe thermistor temperature error	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
F3-02		OU: Malfunction of discharge pipe temperature	Loosehanging discharge pipe thermistor	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
F3-20		OU: Malfunction of discharge pipe temperature	Compressor shell thermistor temperature error	Heat pump will stop operating	Power cycle
F3-24		OU: Malfunction of discharge pipe temperature	Loosehanging compressor shell thermistor	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
H0-02		Outdoor unit gas sensor malfunction	Sensor malfunction error 1	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
H0-04		Outdoor unit gas sensor disconnection	Sensor disconnection error 1	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
H1-00		External temperature thermistor abnormality	External temperature thermistor is malfunctioning	Unit will continue operation.	Automatic
H3-01		OU: Malfunction of high pressure switch (HPS)	High pressure switch is activated when compressor is off.	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
H3-08		OU: Malfunction of high pressure switch (HPS)	High pressure switch is activated when compressor is off.	Heat pump will stop operating	Automatic
H7-01		OU: Malfunction of outdoor unit fan motor	OU: Malfunction of position detection sensor	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual












Error code	#	Title	Trigger	Effect	Reset
H7-31		Fan motor operation hours	Outdoor unit fan motor operation time exceeded the lifetime expectations. Consider replacing the fan motor.	Heat pump will stop operating	Automatic
H9-00		OU: Malfunction of outdoor air thermistor	Outdoor air thermistor input is out of range.	Heat pump will stop operating	Automatic
H9-01		OU: Malfunction of outdoor air thermistor	Outdoor air thermistor input is out of range.	Heat pump will stop operating	Automatic
HC-00		Tank thermistor abnormality	Tank temperature sensor problem	Domestic hot water operation will stop	Automatic
HC-01		Upper tank thermistor abnormality	Upper tank temperature sensor problem	Unit will continue operation.	Automatic
HC-02		Lower tank thermistor abnormality	Lower tank temperature sensor problem	Unit will continue operation.	Automatic
HJ-10		Water pressure sensor abnormality	Water pressure input is out of range.	Unit will continue operation.	Automatic
J3-01		Discharge pipe Thermistor Abnormality	Discharge pipe Thermistor Abnormality.	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
J3-47		Discharge pipe Thermistor Abnormality	Discharge pipe Thermistor Abnormality.	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
J5-00		Malfunction of suction pipe thermistor	suction pipe thermistor readout is out of range (short-circuit or open connection).	Heat pump will stop operating	Automatic when input is within range
J5-23		Malfunction of suction pipe thermistor	suction pipe thermistor readout is out of range (short-circuit or open connection).	Heat pump will stop operating	Automatic when input is within range
J6-00		OU: Malfunction of heat exchanger thermistor	Outdoor heat exchanger thermistor input is out of range.	Heat pump will stop operating	Automatic when input is within range












Error code	#	Title	Trigger	Effect	Reset
J6-31		Inlet water temperature Thermistor abnormality	Inlet water temperature Thermistor abnormality.	Heat pump will stop operating	Automatic
J6-32		Leaving water temperature thermistor Abnormality (outdoor unit)	Leaving water thermistor mesearument (outdoor unit) is out of range.	Heat pump will stop operating	Automatic
J6-36		OU: Malfunction of injection thermistor	Outdoor injection thermistor input is out of range.	Heat pump will stop operating	Automatic when input is within range
J6-42		OU: Malfunction of injection thermistor	Outdoor injection thermistor input is out of range.	Heat pump will stop operating	Automatic when input is within range
J8-00		Malfunction of refrigerant liquid thermistor	Refrigerant liquid thermistor readout is out of range (short-circuit or open connection).	Heat pump will stop operating	Automatic when input is within range
J9-23		Heat pipe thermistor abnormality	Malfunction of heat pipe thermistor	Heat pump will stop operating	Automatic
JA-01		OU: Malfunction of high pressure sensor	High pressure sensor detects an abnormal value.	Heat pump will stop operating	Automatic reset if the readout values comes within the range
JC-01		Evaporator pressure abnormality	Evaporator pressure abnormality	Heat pump will stop operating	Automatic reset if the readout values comes within the range
L1-01		Malfunction of INV PCB	Malfunction of INV PCB: Instantaneous overcurrent (at output of boot waveform)	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
L1-02		Malfunction of INV PCB	Malfunction of INV PCB: Current sensor error	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
L1-03		Malfunction of INV PCB	Malfunction of INV PCB: Current offset error	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual

Error code	#	Title	Trigger	Effect	Reset
L1-04		Malfunction of INV PCB	Malfunction of INV PCB: IGBT error / Power module error	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
L1-05		Malfunction of INV PCB	Malfunction of INV PCB: Jumper setting error	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
L1-06		Malfunction of INV PCB	Malfunction of INV PCB: SP/MP-PAM overvoltage (hardware detection)	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
L1-27		Malfunction of INV PCB	Malfunction of INV PCB: Inverter EEPROM error	Heat pump will stop operating	Power cycle
L1-31		Malfunction of INV PCB	Malfunction of INV PCB: Error in internal power supply output	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
L1-54		Malfunction of INV PCB	Malfunction of INV PCB	Unit will continue operation.	Automatic
L1-55		Malfunction of INV PCB	Malfunction of INV PCB: fan driver error	Heat pump will stop operating	Power cycle
L3-00		OU: Electrical box temperature rise problem	Switch box temperature is too high.	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
L4-00		OU: Malfunction of inverter radiating fin temperature rise	Overheating of inverter radiation fin	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
L4-01		OU: Malfunction of inverter radiating fin temperature rise	Overheating of inverter radiation fin	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
L4-06		OU: Malfunction of inverter radiating fin temperature rise	Overheating of fan 1 radiation fin	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
L4-07		OU: Malfunction of inverter radiating fin temperature rise	Overheating of fan 2 radiation fin	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual










Error code	#	Title	Trigger	Effect	Reset
L5-00		OU: Inverter instantaneous overcurrent (DC)	An output overcurrent is detected by checking the current that flows in the inverter DC section.	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
L8-00		Malfunction triggered by a thermal protection in the inverter PCB	Malfunction by thermal protection inverter PCB	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
L8-01		Malfunction triggered by a thermal protection in the inverter PCB	Malfunction by thermal protection inverter PCB: Electronic thermal 1	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
L8-02		Malfunction triggered by a thermal protection in the inverter PCB	Malfunction by thermal protection inverter PCB: Electronic thermal 2	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
L8-03		Malfunction triggered by a thermal protection in the inverter PCB	Malfunction by thermal protection inverter PCB: Step-out / speed reduction	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
L8-04		Malfunction triggered by a thermal protection in the inverter PCB	Malfunction by thermal protection inverter PCB: Lightning detection	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
L8-05		Malfunction triggered by a thermal protection in the inverter PCB	Malfunction by thermal protection inverter PCB: Time-limited overcurrent of inverter	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
L8-14		Malfunction triggered by a thermal protection in the inverter PCB	Malfunction by thermal protection inverter PCB: inverter low-speed step-out	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual













Error code	#	Title	Trigger	Effect	Reset
L9-01		Malfunction in transmission system of outdoor unit	Stall prevention (current increase)	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
L9-02		Malfunction in transmission system of outdoor unit	Stall prevention (startup failure)	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
L9-03		Malfunction in transmission system of outdoor unit	Step-out	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
L9-13		Malfunction in transmission system of outdoor unit	Output open-phase error determined	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
LC-00		Malfunction in communication system of outdoor unit	Transmission error between inverter and outdoor unit	Heat pump will stop operating	Automatic
LC-01		Malfunction in communication system of outdoor unit	Transmission error between inverter and outdoor unit: Wiring failure	Heat pump will stop operating	Automatic
LC-02		Malfunction in transmission system of outdoor unit	Transmission error between inverter and outdoor unit: compressor microcontroller transmission failure	Heat pump will stop operating	Automatic
LC-03		Malfunction in transmission system of outdoor unit	Transmission error between inverter and outdoor unit: fan 1 microcontroller transmission failure	Heat pump will stop operating	Automatic
LC-05		Malfunction in transmission system of outdoor unit	Transmission error between inverter and outdoor unit: Data error	Heat pump will stop operating	Automatic




Error code	#	Title	Trigger	Effect	Reset
LC-33		Malfunction in transmission system of outdoor unit	Transmission error between inverter and outdoor unit: Wiring failure to ACS PCB	Heat pump will stop operating	Automatic
LH-01		Converter error	Converter error	Unit will continue operation.	Automatic
P1-00		Open-phase power supply imbalance	Malfunction in transmission system inside outdoor unit (between Control and Inverter PCB, between Control and ACS PCB)	Unit will continue operation.	Automatic
P3-01		Abnormal direct current	Malfunction decision by exceeding direct current limit value.	Heat pump will stop operating	Automatic
P3-04		Abnormal direct current	Malfunction decision by exceeding direct current limit value.	Heat pump will stop operating	Automatic
P4-01		Fin thermistor abnormality	Fin thermistor abnormality	Heat pump will stop operating	Automatic
P4-02		Fin thermistor abnormality	Fan 1 fin temperature sensor error	Heat pump will stop operating	Automatic
P4-03		Fin thermistor abnormality	Fan 2 fin temperature sensor error	Heat pump will stop operating	Automatic
PJ-01		Capacity setting mismatch	Capacity settings in outdoor and indoor unit are not matching. Wrong combination of units.	Heat pump will stop operating	Power cycle
PJ-04		Inverter PCB mismatch	Inverter PCB mismatch	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
PJ-09		Fan 1 mismatch	Fan 1 mismatch	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual

Error code	#	Title	Trigger	Effect	Reset
U0-04		OU: Shortage of refrigerant	Refrigerant shortage during first-time cooling operation. Possible clogging of refrigerant piping.	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
U0-12		Refrigerant cooling dew condensation error	Refrigerant cooling part condensation error	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
U0-13		OU: Shortage of refrigerant	Refrigerant shortage during heating operation	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
U0-14		OU: Shortage of refrigerant	Refrigerant shortage during cooling operation	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
U0-23		OU: Shortage of refrigerant	Blocking detection error	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
U0-36		Low refrigerant pressure	Very low refrigerant pressure. Possibly the refrigerant has leaked from the unit.	Heat pump will stop operating	Automatic
U1-00		Malfunction by reverse phase/ open-phase	Open phase or reverse phase is detected by inverter PCB.	Heat pump will stop operating	Automatic
U1-01		Malfunction by reverse phase/ open-phase	Open phase or reverse phase is detected by inverter PCB.	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
U2-01		Supply voltage error	Inverter undervoltage/ overvoltage	Heat pump will stop operating	Automatic
U2-02		Supply voltage error	Open-phase of power supply (undervoltage/ overvoltage during current-limiting operation)	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
U2-03		Supply voltage error	PN short-circuit error	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual

Error code	#	Title	Trigger	Effect	Reset
U2-04		Supply voltage error	SP-PAM undervoltage confirmed	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
U2-07		Supply voltage error	Converter error	Heat pump will stop operating	Power cycle
U2-31		Supply voltage error	instantaneous overcurrent	Unit will continue operation.	Automatic
U2-35		Supply voltage error	AC voltage sensor error	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
U2-36		Supply voltage error	OU fan1 power supply voltage error	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
U2-37		Supply voltage error	OU fan2 power supply voltage error	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
U2-42		Supply voltage error	Voltage sensor failure	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
U2-43		Supply voltage error	Overvoltage during operation	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
U2-44		Supply voltage error	Undervoltage during operation	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
U3-00		Underfloor heating screed dryout function not completed correctly	Underfloor heating screed dry-out is interrupted.	Unit will stop operating.	Manual
<p>The underfloor heating screed dryout can be unsuccessful in case an issue happens which does not allow the backup heater or heat pump to continue operation.</p> <p>Remark: before starting an underfloor heating dryout program, the U3 error needs to be reset when in maintenance mode. During U3 error, the unit protects the piping against freezing.</p>					
U4-00		Indoor/outdoor unit communication problem	Communication failure between outdoor and indoor unit.	Heat pump will stop operating	Automatic
Remark: Error U4-00 could be linked to miswiring of the unit.					
U8-01		Connection with LAN adapter lost	Communication abnormality between indoor unit and router	Unit will stop operating.	Automatic
U8-02		Connection with room thermostat lost	Communication abnormality between indoor unit and room thermostat after connection was already made.	Space heating/cooling operation will stop	Automatic

Error code	#	Title	Trigger	Effect	Reset
U8-03		No connection with room thermostat	Communication abnormality between indoor unit and room thermostat, connection not possible.	Unit will stop operating.	Automatic
U8-04		Unknown USB device	Unknown USB device.	Unit will continue operation.	Automatic
If an U8-04 error occurs, the error can be reset after a successful update of the software. If the software is not successfully updated then you must make sure that your USB device has the FAT32 format.					
U8-06		MMI/bizone kit communication problem	Communication abnormality between MMI and bizone kit box.	Unit will continue operation.	Automatic
Communication errors should be checked while the power is OFF.					
U8-07		P1P2 communication error	There is a problem in the P1P2 communication between the unit components.	Unit will stop operating.	Automatic
If error U8-07 occurs during power ON, the error will pop-up. If error U8-07 occurs during power OFF, the error does not pop-up. In both cases, the error is listed in [11] Malfunction history.					
U8-11		Connection with the Wireless gateway lost	Connection with the Wireless gateway is lost.	Unit will stop operating.	Automatic
U8-22		Display PCB in bootloader	Display PCB in bootloader	Unit will continue operation.	Automatic
U8-23		Display PCB communication issue	Display PCB communication issue	Unit will continue operation.	Automatic
U8-24		Display PCB in back port mode	Display PCB in back port mode	Unit will continue operation.	Automatic
U8-25		Display PCB in self-test mode	Display PCB in self-test mode	Unit will continue operation.	Automatic

Error code	#	Title	Trigger	Effect	Reset
U8-26		Room thermostat software version compatibility error	Incompatible room thermostat is detected on the bus. Please update the device to the latest version using the Madoka Assistant app.	Space heating/cooling operation will stop for affected zone	Automatic
U8-27		Connection with multistep backup heater PCB lost	Connection with multistep backup heater PCB lost	Unit will stop operating.	Automatic
U8-28		Invalid DB error	The file used to upload EEPROM is invalid	Unit will continue operation.	Automatic
Error only possible when there is a new software upload.					
U8-29		EEPROM loaded with errors	The EEPROM memory was loaded with errors	Unit will continue operation.	Automatic
Error only possible when there is a new software upload.					
UA-05		Indoor/outdoor combination abnormality	Indoor-outdoor unit transmission error	Heat pump will stop operating	Automatic
UA-07		Indoor/outdoor combination abnormality	Indoor-outdoor unit transmission error	Heat pump will stop operating	Automatic
UA-09		Indoor/outdoor combination abnormality	Indoor-outdoor unit transmission error	Heat pump will stop operating	Automatic
UA-48		Outdoor unit standby power connector connection error	This error occurs when the stand-by power setting connector status changes while the outdoor power supply is on.	Unit will continue operation.	Automatic
UF-02		Reversed piping or bad communication wiring detection	Reversed piping or bad communication wiring detection	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
UH-17		Indoor unit locked (R290)	Indoor unit locked state	Heat pump operation is not possible	Automatic
UH-18		Outdoor unit locked (R290)	Outdoor unit locked state	Heat pump will stop operating	Manual
UH-19		Too many unlock attempts	Too many attempts to unlock the unit	Unit will continue operation.	Automatic

Error code	#	Title	Trigger	Effect	Reset
UJ-14		AF communication error	Active filter CPU not communicating.	Unit will continue operation.	Automatic
UJ-20		AF warning	Active filter operation warning.	Unit will continue operation.	Automatic
UJ-26		AF caution	Active filter operation caution.	Unit will continue operation.	Automatic



INFORMATION

In case of error code AH and no interruption of the disinfection function occurred due to domestic hot water tapping, following actions are recommended:

- It is recommended to program the start-up of the disinfection function at least 4 hours later than the last expected large hot water tapping. This start-up can be set by installer settings (disinfection function).



NOTICE

When the unit is not able to achieve the minimum required flow rates, the user interface will display a 7H error. It is important to ensure this minimum flow rates at all time. How to check and correct the minimum flow rate, refer to "[8.1.2 To check the water volume and flow rate](#)" [▶ 92].



NOTICE

When a sensor is broken at the plate heat exchanger or the pressure sensor is broken in the outdoor unit, during operation which requires freeze-up protection. It is possible that due to these malfunctions, the user interface will display an 89 error.



NOTICE

It is only possible to reset R290 related errors outside maintenance mode. Please contact a Stand-By-Me Certified Partner to clear this error.



INFORMATION

The user interface will display how to reset an error code.

15 Disposal

When you want to dispose of the unit, do NOT do it yourself but contact a Daikin certified technician.



NOTICE

Do NOT try to dismantle the system yourself: dismantling of the system, treatment of the refrigerant, oil and other parts MUST comply with applicable legislation. Units MUST be treated at a specialised treatment facility for reuse, recycling and recovery.



INFORMATION

Also read the precautions and requirements in the following chapters:

- "2 General safety precautions" [▶ 10]
- "3.1 Safety checklist before work on R290 units" [▶ 22]

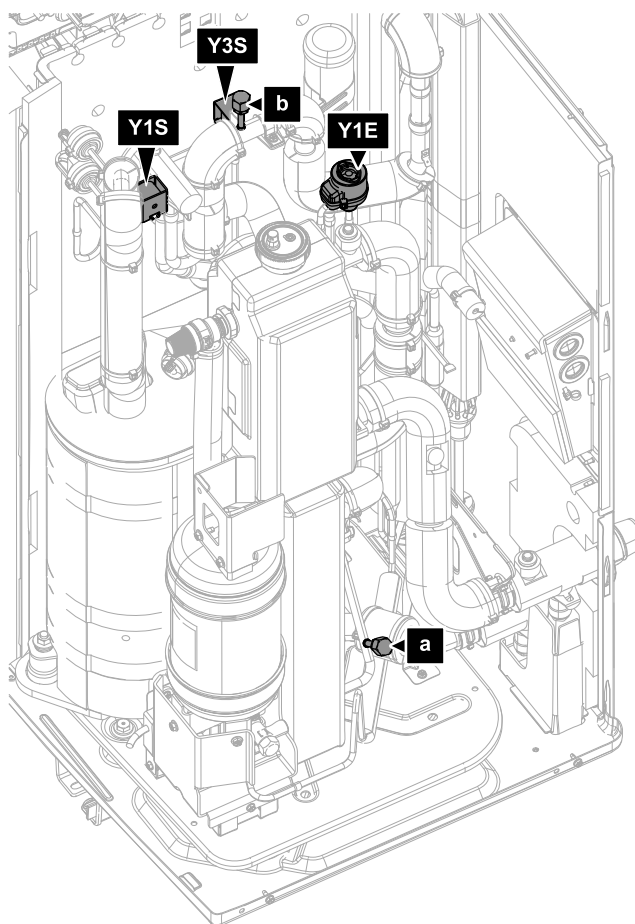
In this chapter

15.1	To recover refrigerant	220
15.1.1	To manually open the electronic expansion valves	222
15.2	To drain the storage tank	224
15.2.1	To drain the storage tank without a connected pressureless solar system	224
15.2.2	To drain the storage tank with a connected pressureless solar system.....	226

15.1 To recover refrigerant

When disposing of the outdoor unit, you need to recover its refrigerant.

- Use the service ports **(a)(b)** to recover refrigerant.
- Make sure the valves **(Y1E, Y1S, Y3S)** are open. If they are not open during refrigerant recovery, refrigerant remains trapped in the unit.

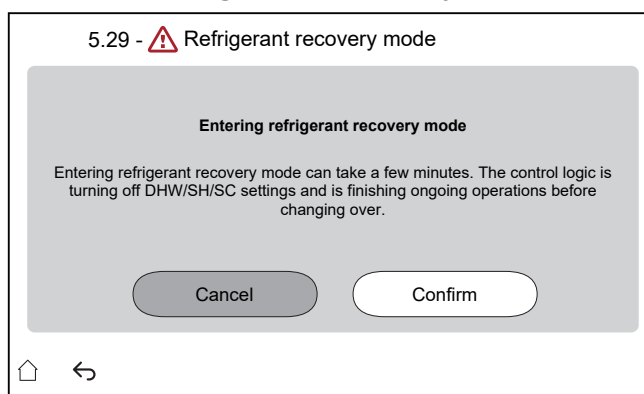


- a** Service port 5/16" flare (HP)
- b** Service port (LP)
- Y1E** Electronic expansion valve (main)
- Y1S** Solenoid valve (4-way valve)
- Y3S** Solenoid valve (hot gas bypass)

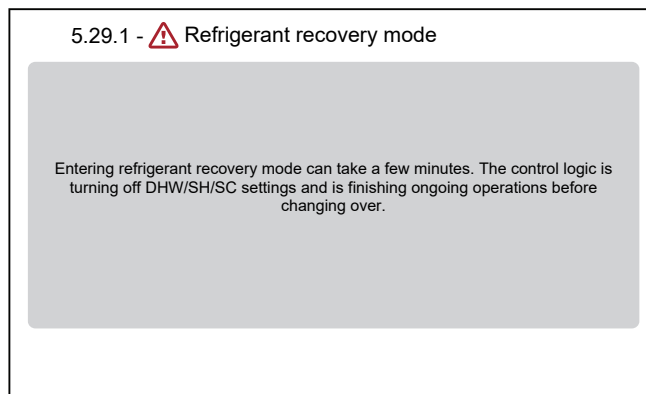
To recover refrigerant when power is ON (recommended)

Proceed as follows to completely and safely recover all refrigerant from the outdoor unit:

- 1 Make sure the unit is not running.
- 2 Go to [5.29] **Refrigerant recovery mode** and Confirm.



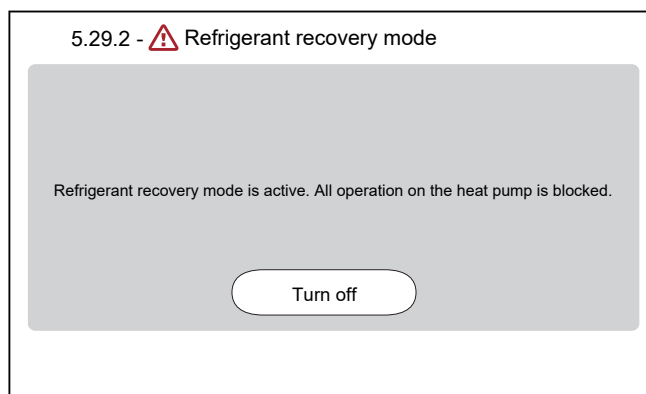
Result: The unit prepares to enter **Refrigerant recovery mode**. This can take a few minutes. To inform the installer the following screen appears:



Result: The unit opens the valves (**Y***).

Remark: The protective functions remain active during the refrigerant recovery mode.

- 3 Recover refrigerant from the service ports (**a**) (**b**).
- 4 As long as the **Refrigerant recovery mode** is active, the interface remains on the screen below.



- 5 Tap **Turn off** to leave the **Refrigerant recovery mode**.

Result: The unit returns the valves (**Y***) to their initial state.



INFORMATION

If it is necessary to restart the unit after activating the refrigerant recovery mode, perform a power reset after turning off the refrigerant recovery mode.

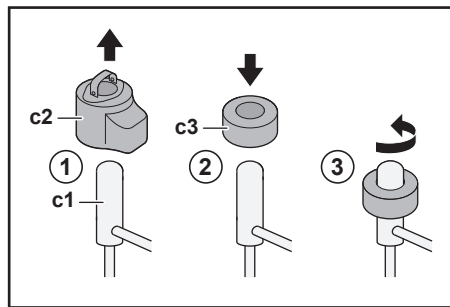
It is important to wait at least 1 minute after turning off the refrigerant recovery mode before performing a power reset.

To recover refrigerant when power is OFF

- 1 Manually open the valves (**Y***) (see "[15.1.1 To manually open the electronic expansion valves](#)" [[▶ 222](#)]).
- 2 Recover refrigerant from the service port (**a**) (**b**).

15.1.1 To manually open the electronic expansion valves

Before recovering refrigerant, make sure the electronic expansion valves are open. When power is OFF, this has to be done manually.



- c1** Electronic expansion valve
- c2** EEV coil
- c3** EEV magnet

- 1** Remove the EEV coil (**c2**).
- 2** Slide an EEV magnet (**c3**) over the expansion valve (**c1**).
- 3** Turn the EEV magnet counter-clockwise to the fully open position of the valve. If you are not sure about what the open position is, turn the valve in its middle position so that refrigerant can pass.

15.2 To drain the storage tank



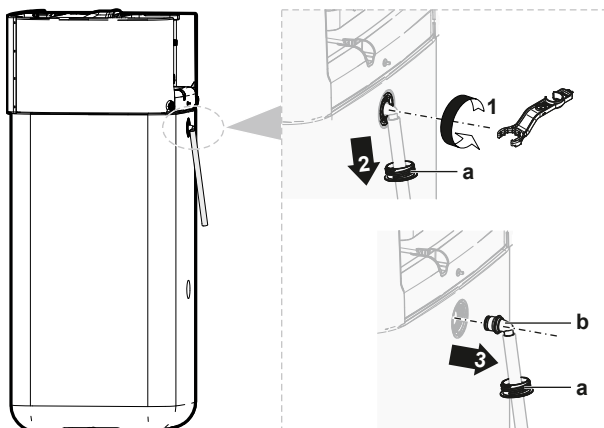
DANGER: RISK OF BURNING/SCALDING

The water in the storage tank and all the connected piping can be very hot.

15.2.1 To drain the storage tank without a connected pressureless solar system

To prepare draining when no optional fill and drain kit is available

- 1 Open the screw plug of the spillover connection.
- 2 Unplug the spillover connector.

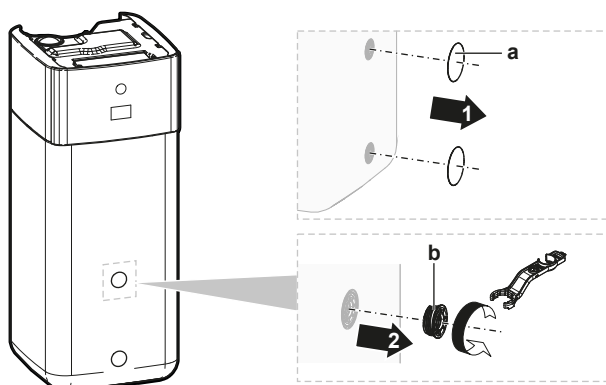


- a Spillover connector
- b Screw plug

- 3 Connect the loose end of the spillover drain hose to an appropriate drain.

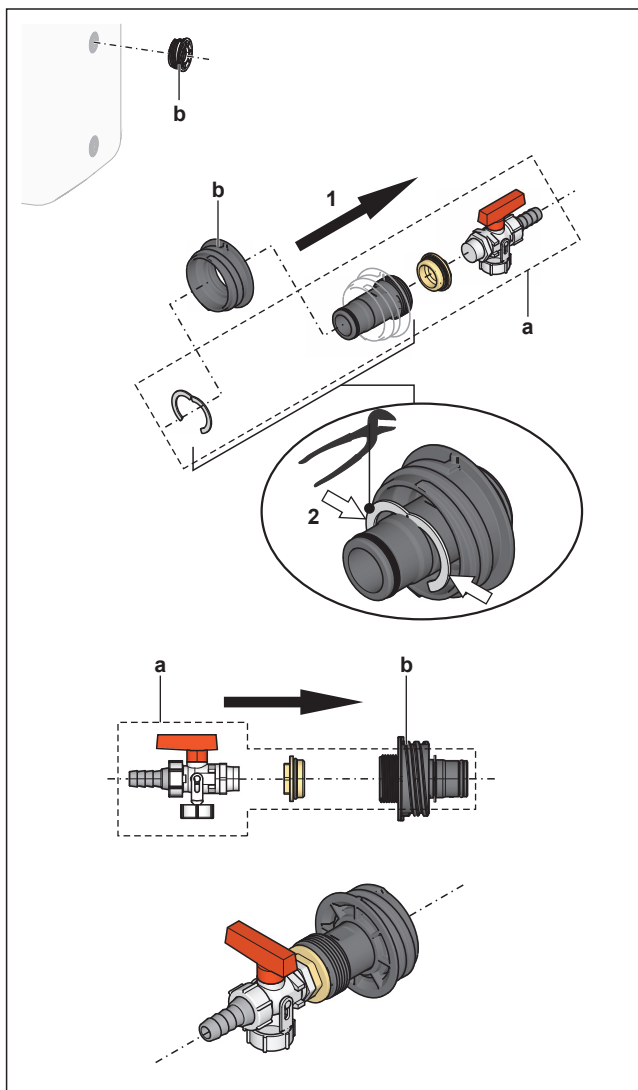
To prepare draining when an optional fill and drain kit is available

- 1 Remove the connection cover from the screw plugs on the front.
- 2 Open the screw plug of the upper connection on the front.



- a Connection cover
- b Screw plug

- 3 Insert the screw plug into the fill and drain kit and secure with the clip contained in the option kit.



- a Fill and drain kit
- b Screw plug

4 Connect the loose end of the drain hose to an appropriate drain.

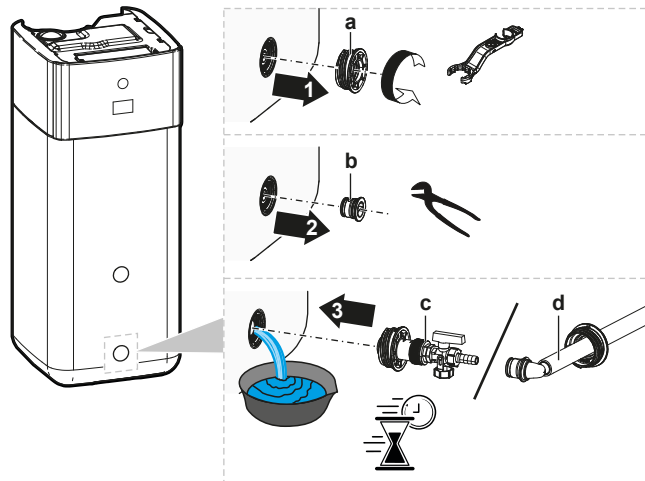
To drain the storage tank



NOTICE

Water immediately surges from the storage tank when the sealing plug of the drain connection is removed. Make sure to adequately collect the spillage.

- 1 Place an appropriate tray under the drain connection to collect water spillage.
- 2 Open the screw plug and remove the sealing plug and IMMEDIATELY close with the previously prepared screw plug with drain connection.



- a Screw plug
- b Sealing plug
- c Screw plug with drain connection (optional fill and drain kit)
- d Screw plug with drain connection (spillover connector)

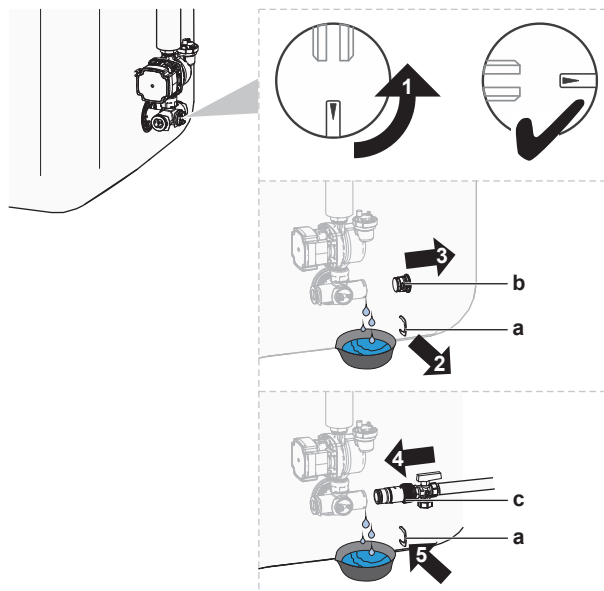
15.2.2 To drain the storage tank with a connected pressureless solar system



NOTICE

You can only drain the storage tank from the drain connection, if an optional fill and drain kit is available (described below). Otherwise, drain with a pump and a hose through the solar return connection.

- 1 Switch the drain connection valve to shown position.
- 2 Place an appropriate tray under the drain connection to collect water spillage.
- 3 Remove the clip and sealing plug.
- 4 Insert the fill and drain kit and secure with the clip.



- a Clip
- b Sealing plug
- c Fill and drain kit

- 5 Open the valve of the fill and drain kit.
- 6 Switch the drain connection valve to standard position.

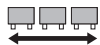

16 Technical data

A **subset** of the latest technical data is available on the regional Daikin website (publicly accessible). The **full set** of the latest technical data is available on the Daikin Business Portal (authentication required).

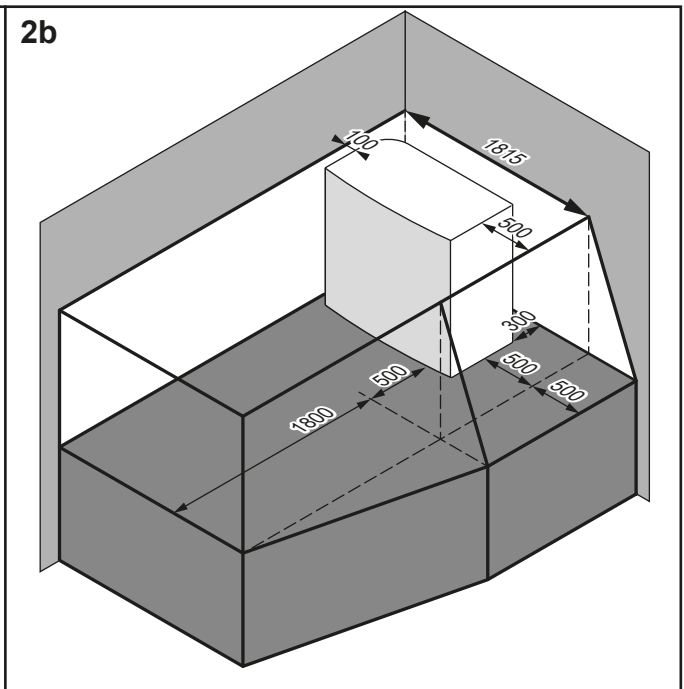
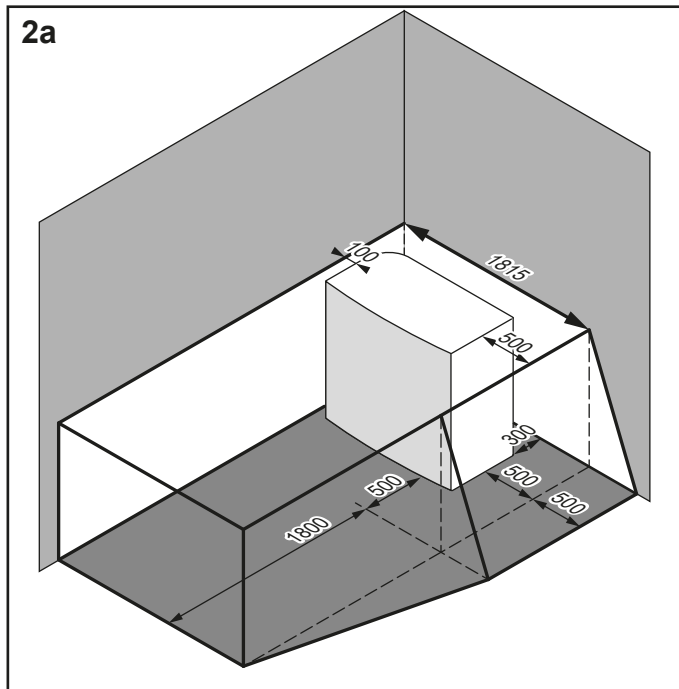
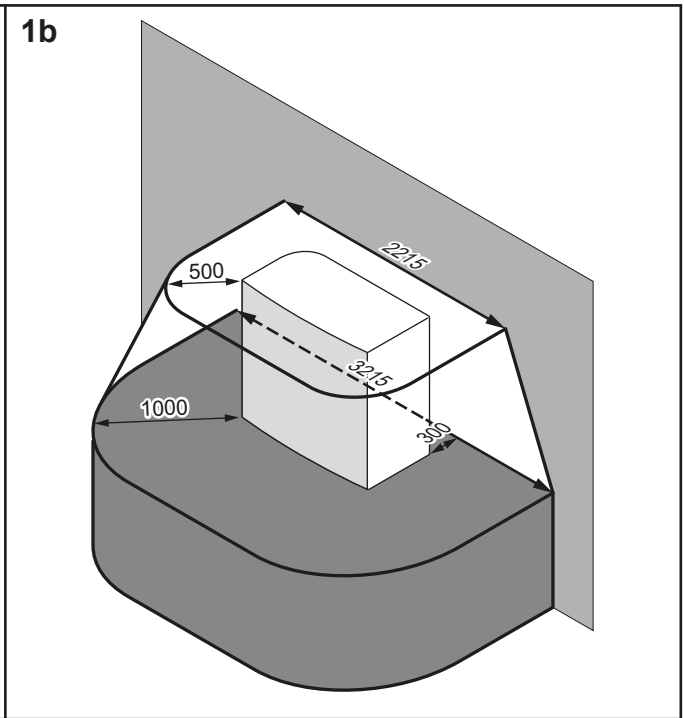
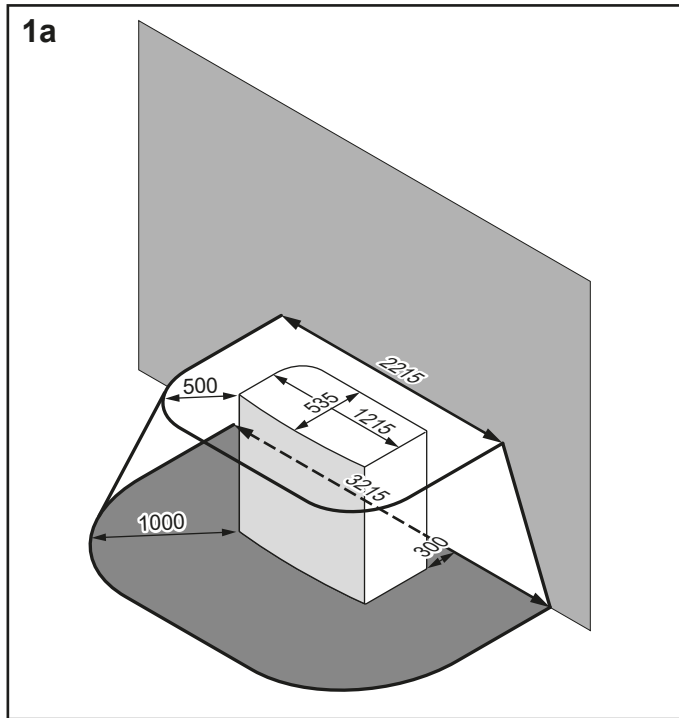
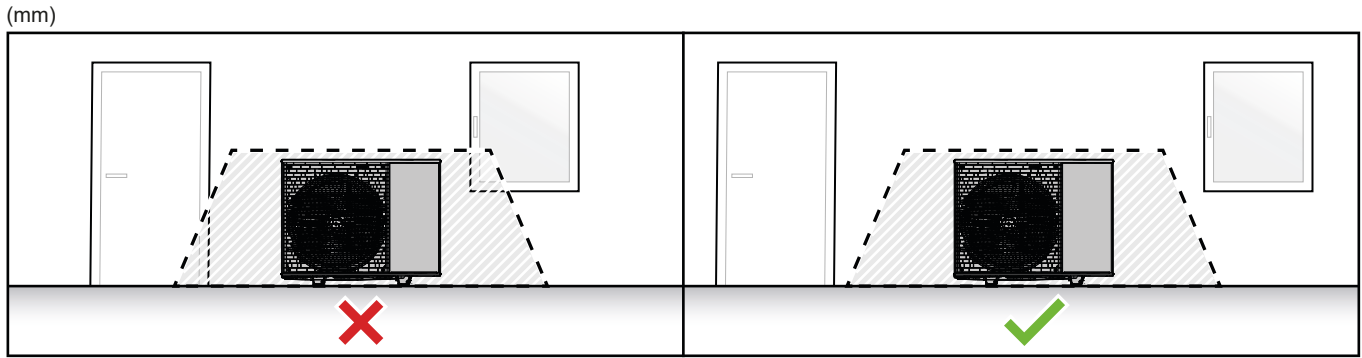
In this chapter

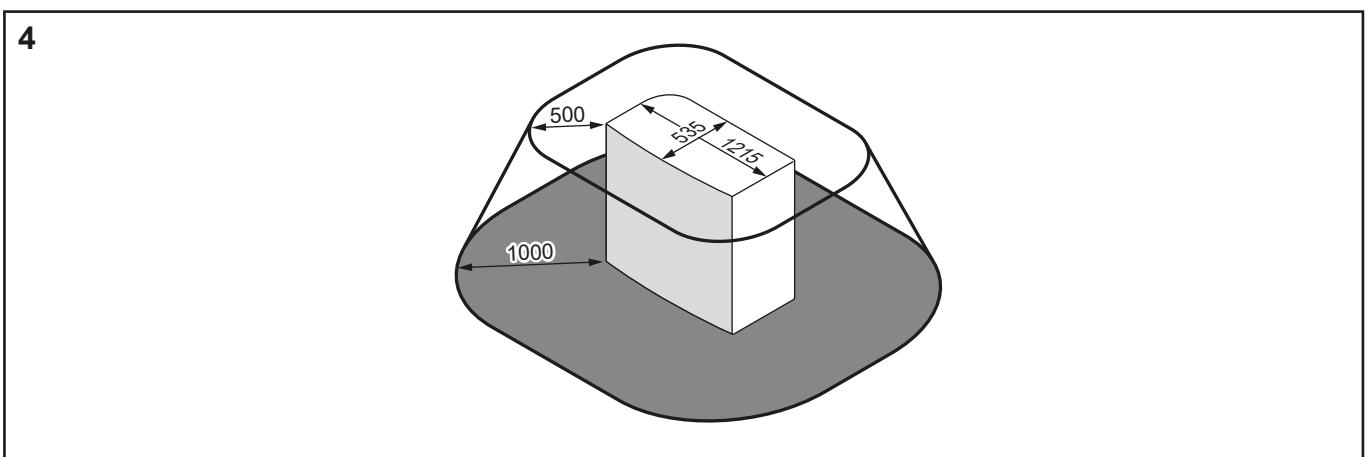
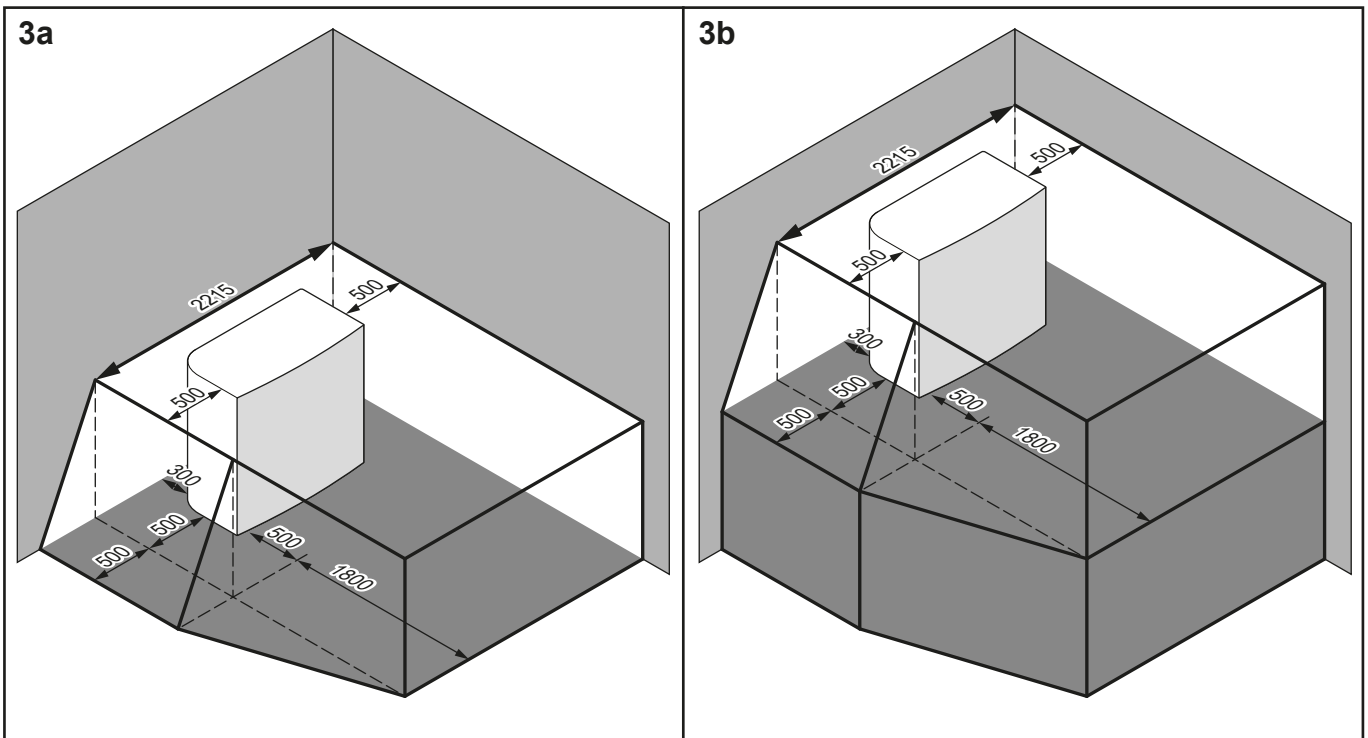
16.1	Service space: Outdoor unit	228
16.2	Protective zone: Outdoor unit.....	230
16.3	Piping diagram: Outdoor unit.....	233
16.4	Piping diagram: Indoor unit.....	234
16.5	Wiring diagram: Outdoor unit.....	236
16.6	Wiring diagram: Indoor unit.....	239
16.7	ESP curve: Indoor unit	246
16.8	Name plate: Indoor unit	246

The symbols can be interpreted as follows:

General	<p>Multiple outdoor units can be installed next to each other as shown in the rows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪  (side-to-side) ▪  (front-to-front / back-to-back) <p>However, other units may only be installed in your unit's protective zone if they are of the same type (see "protective zone").</p>
A, C	Right side and left side obstacles (walls/baffle plates)
B	Suction side obstacle (wall/baffle plate)
D	Discharge side obstacle (wall/baffle plate)
E	Top side obstacle (roof)
a,b,c,d,e	Minimum service space between the unit and obstacles A, B, C, D and E
e_B	Maximum distance between the unit and the edge of obstacle E, in the direction of obstacle B
e_D	Maximum distance between the unit and the edge of obstacle E, in the direction of obstacle D
H_U	Height of the unit including the installation structure
H_B,H_D	Height of obstacles B and D
×	NOT allowed

16.2 Protective zone: Outdoor unit

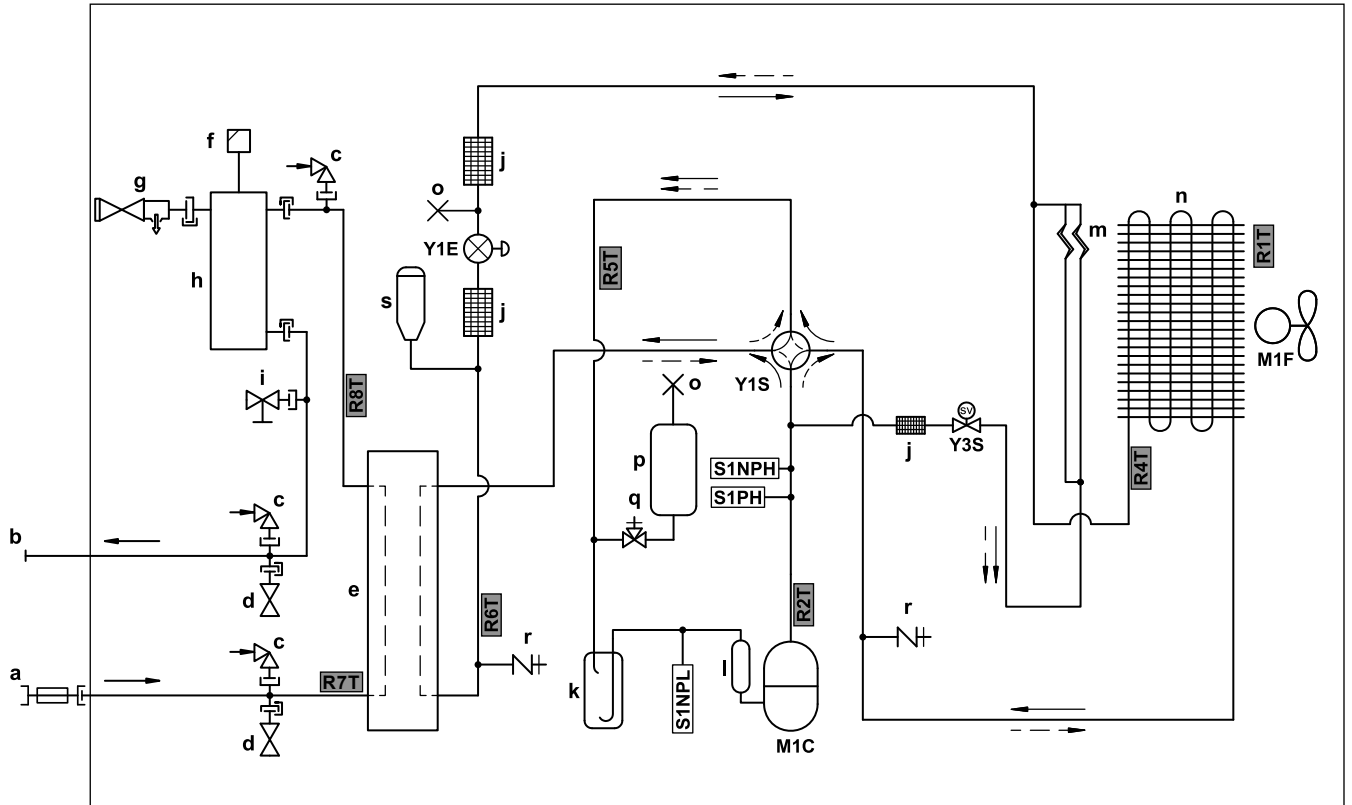




The symbols can be interpreted as follows:

General	<p>The outdoor unit contains R290 refrigerant, which belongs to "Safety class A3" as defined in ISO817 and used in EN378. This means that you must comply with extra installation site requirements (= "protective zone") to ensure safety in the unlikely event of a refrigerant leak.</p> <p>Required for the protective zone:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ No openings into habitable areas of the building. Example: openable windows, doors, ventilation openings, or basement entrances. ▪ No ignition sources (neither permanently nor for a short period of time). Example: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Open flames - Electrical installations, sockets, lamps, light switches - Electrical house connections - Sparking tools - Objects with high surface temperatures (>360°C for R290) ▪ The protective zone must NOT extend to adjacent buildings or public traffic areas. ▪ Other units may only be installed in your unit's protective zone if they are of the same type (i.e. EPSK). So, units of a different type, using a different refrigerant, or from another manufacturer are NOT allowed in your unit's protective zone. The combined protective zone of all units is then the addition of all individual protective zones. <p>NOT required for the protective zone:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Complete open area in front of the unit.
1a / 1b	<p>Protective zone in front of a building:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ 1a: on floor ▪ 1b: elevated
2a / 2b	<p>Protective zone for right corner installation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ 2a: on floor ▪ 2b: elevated
3a / 3b	<p>Protective zone for left corner installation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ 3a: on floor ▪ 3b: elevated
4	<p>Protective zone for on-roof installation.</p> <p>Extra requirement: No ventilation or skylight openings in the protective zone.</p>

16.3 Piping diagram: Outdoor unit



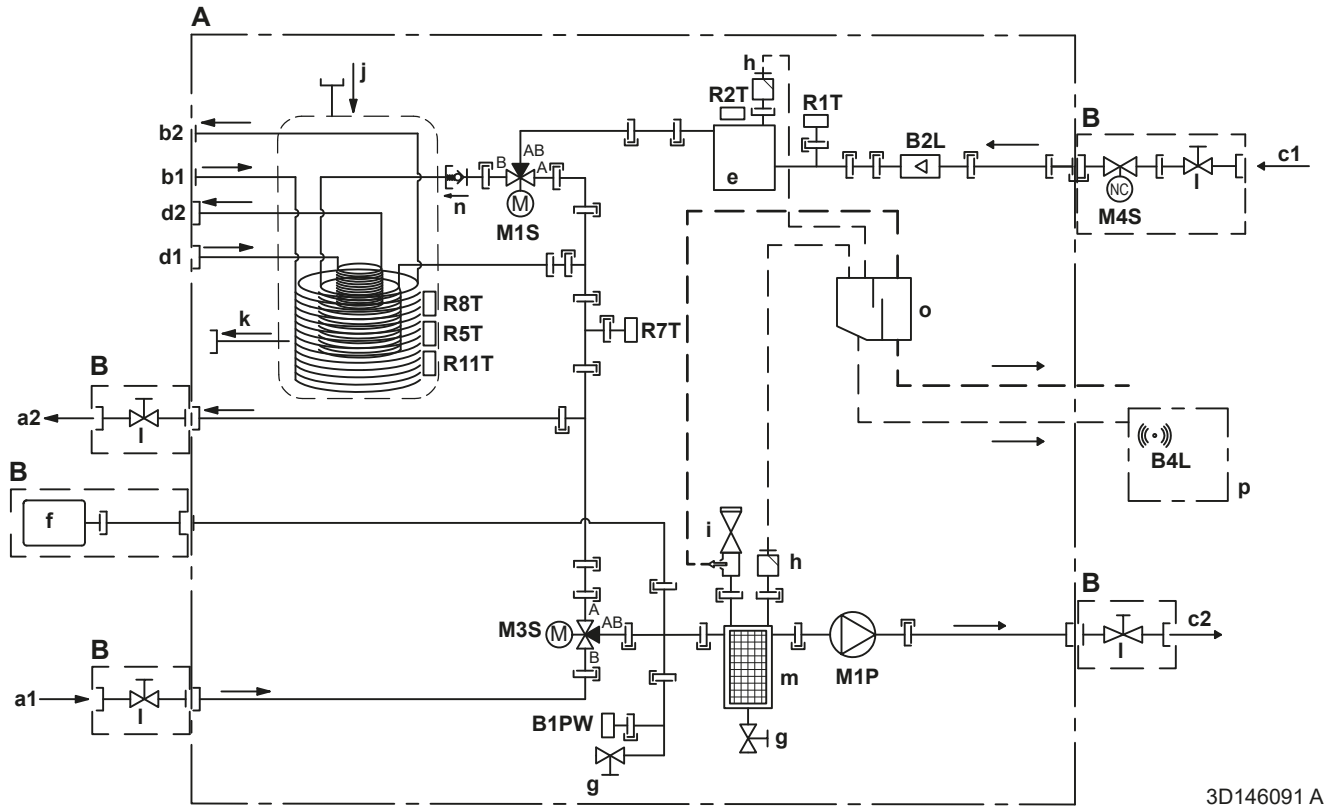
3D157908 B

- | | |
|---|--|
| a Water IN (Ball valve with integrated check valve and filter) | M1C Compressor |
| b Water OUT (screw connection, male, 1") | M1F Fan motor |
| c Vacuum breaker | S1PH High pressure switch |
| d Freeze protection valve | S1NPH High pressure sensor |
| e Plate heat exchanger | S1NPL Low pressure sensor |
| f Automatic air purge valve | Y1E Electronic expansion valve (main) |
| g Pressure relief valve | Y1S Solenoid valve (4-way valve) |
| h Gas separator | Y3S Solenoid valve (hot gas bypass) |
| i Drain valve | |
| j Filter | |
| k Accumulator | |
| l Muffler | |
| m Capillary tube | |
| n Air heat exchanger | |
| o Pinched pipe | |
| p Refrigerant vessel | |
| q Stop valve | |
| r Service port 5/16" flare | |
| s Liquid Receiver | |

Refrigerant flow:




- Heating
- -> Cooling

16.4 Piping diagram: Indoor unit



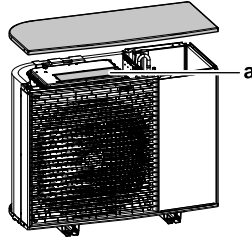
3D146091 A

A	Indoor unit
B	Field installed
C	Optional
a1	Space heating/cooling – Water IN (female, 1")
a2	Space heating/cooling – Water OUT (female, 1")
b1	DHW – Cold water IN (male, 1")
b2	DHW – Hot water OUT (male, 1")
c1	Water IN from outdoor unit (female, 1")
c2	Water OUT to outdoor unit (female, 1")
d1	Water IN from bivalent heat source (screw connection, female, 1")
d2	Water OUT to bivalent heat source (screw connection, female, 1")
e	Backup heater
f	Expansion vessel
g	Drain valve
h	Automatic air purge valve
i	Safety valve (male 1" – female 1")
j	Drainback solar - Water IN
k	Drainback solar - Water OUT
l	Shut-off valve (male 1" – female 1")
m	Magnetic filter / dirt separator

n	Check valve
o	Separator box
p	Gas sensor box
	Sensors and actuators:
B1PW	Space heating water pressure sensor
B2L	Flow sensor
B4L	Gas sensor
M1P	Pump
M1S	DHW tank valve (3-way valve)
M3S	Bypass valve (3-way valve)
M4S	Normally closed shut-off valve (inlet leak stop)(quick coupling – female 1")
	Thermistors:
R1T	Thermistor (water IN)
R2T	Thermistor (backup heater – water OUT)
R5T, R8T, R11T	Thermistor (tank)
R7T	Thermistor (tank - water OUT)
	Connections:
	Screw connection
	Flare connection
	Quick coupling
	Brazed connection

16.5 Wiring diagram: Outdoor unit

The wiring diagram (only needed for servicing purposes, not for installation) is delivered with the unit, located on the top panel of the switch box.



a Wiring diagram

English	Translation
Back side view	Back side view
Electronic component assembly	Electronic component assembly
Indoor	Indoor
Outdoor	Outdoor
Position of compressor terminal	Position of compressor terminal
Position of elements	Position of elements
See note ***	See note ***
Service/Dchecker	Service / D-checker
Top side view	Top side view

Notes:

1	Symbols:	
	L	Live
	N	Neutral
		Protective earth
		Noiseless earth
		Terminal strip
		Terminal
		Connector
		Connection
		Field wiring
		Option

2	Colours:	
	BLK	Black
	RED	Red
	BLU	Blue
	WHT	White
	GRN	Green
	YLW	Yellow
	PNK	Pink
	ORG	Orange
	GRY	Grey
	BRN	Brown
3	This wiring diagram applies only to the outdoor unit.	
4	When operating, do not short-circuit protective device S1PH.	
5	Refer to the combination table and the option manual for how to connect the wiring to X2M.	

Legend in case of V3 models (1N~):

A1P	Printed circuit board (main)
A4P	Printed circuit board (ACS)
E1H	Drain tube heater (field supply)
F1U	Field fuse (field supply)
F10U (A1P)	Fuse (T 6.3 A / 250 V)
H1P (A1P)	Light-emitting diode (service monitor is orange)
HAP (A1P, A4P)	Light-emitting diode (service monitor is green)
K2R (A1P)	Magnetic relay (Y3S)
K3R (A1P)	Magnetic relay (Y2S)
M1C	Compressor motor
M1F	Fan motor
Q1DI	Earth leakage circuit breaker (30 mA) (field supply)
Q1	Thermal overcurrent protector
R1T	Thermistor (outdoor air)
R2T	Thermistor (compressor discharge)
R4T	Thermistor (air heat exchanger)
R5T	Thermistor (4-way valve suction)
R6T	Thermistor (refrigerant liquid)
R7T	Thermistor (compressor shell)
R8T	Thermistor (injection before economiser)
S1NG	Gas sensor
S1NPH	High pressure sensor

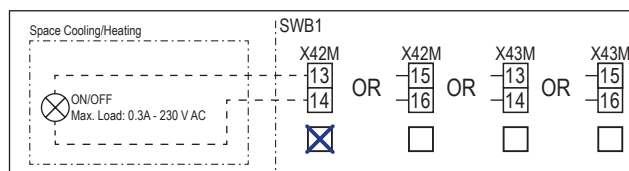
S1NPL	Low pressure sensor
S1PH	High pressure switch
T1A	Current transformer
X*A, X*Y	Connectors
X*M	Terminal strip
Y1E	Electronic expansion valve (main)
Y1S	Solenoid valve (4-way valve)
Y3S	Solenoid valve (hot gas bypass)
Z*C	Noise filter (ferrite core)

16.6 Wiring diagram: Indoor unit

See the internal wiring diagram supplied with the unit (on the inside of the indoor unit switch box cover). The abbreviations used are listed below. There are checkboxes for each **Field IO** connection on the internal wiring diagram. It is recommended to mark the checkbox for the selected standard option after wiring.

Checkboxes internal wiring diagram: Example

This example shows how to mark a checkbox on the internal wiring diagram.



Notes to go through before starting the unit

English	Translation
Notes to go through before starting the unit	Notes to go through before starting the unit
X2M	Main terminal – Outdoor unit
X40M	Main terminal – Indoor unit
X41M	Main terminal – Backup heater
X42M, X43M	Field wiring for high voltage
X44M, X45M	Field wiring for SELV (Safety Extra Low Voltage)
-----	Earth wiring
-----	Field supply
①	Several wiring possibilities
	Option
	Not mounted in switch box
	Wiring depending on model
	PCB
Note 1: Connection point of the power supply for the BUH should be foreseen outside the unit.	Note 1: Connection point of the power supply for the backup heater should be foreseen outside the unit.
Backup heater power supply	Backup heater power supply
<input type="checkbox"/> 6 kW (1N~, 230 V)	<input type="checkbox"/> 6 kW (1N~, 230 V)
<input type="checkbox"/> 9 kW (3N~, 400 V)	<input type="checkbox"/> 9 kW (3N~, 400 V)
User installed options	User installed options
<input type="checkbox"/> Remote user interface	<input type="checkbox"/> Dedicated Human Comfort Interface (BRC1HHDA used as room thermostat)
<input type="checkbox"/> Ext. indoor thermistor	<input type="checkbox"/> External indoor thermistor
<input type="checkbox"/> Ext outdoor thermistor	<input type="checkbox"/> External outdoor thermistor
<input type="checkbox"/> Safety thermostat	<input type="checkbox"/> Safety thermostat
<input type="checkbox"/> Smart Grid	<input type="checkbox"/> Smart Grid

English	Translation
<input type="checkbox"/> WLAN cartridge	<input type="checkbox"/> WLAN cartridge
<input type="checkbox"/> Bizon mixing kit	<input type="checkbox"/> Bizon mixing kit
Main LWT	Main leaving water temperature
<input type="checkbox"/> On/OFF thermostat (wired)	<input type="checkbox"/> ON/OFF thermostat (wired)
<input type="checkbox"/> On/OFF thermostat (wireless)	<input type="checkbox"/> ON/OFF thermostat (wireless)
<input type="checkbox"/> Ext. thermistor	<input type="checkbox"/> External thermistor
<input type="checkbox"/> Heat pump convector	<input type="checkbox"/> Heat pump convector
Add LWT	Additional leaving water temperature
<input type="checkbox"/> On/OFF thermostat (wired)	<input type="checkbox"/> ON/OFF thermostat (wired)
<input type="checkbox"/> On/OFF thermostat (wireless)	<input type="checkbox"/> ON/OFF thermostat (wireless)
<input type="checkbox"/> Ext. thermistor	<input type="checkbox"/> External thermistor
<input type="checkbox"/> Heat pump convector	<input type="checkbox"/> Heat pump convector

Position in switch box

English	Translation
Position in switch box	Position in switch box

Legend

A1P		Hydro PCB
A2P	*	ON/OFF thermostat (PC=power circuit)
A3P	*	Heat pump convector
A6P		Multistep backup heater PCB
A12P		User interface PCB
A14P	*	PCB of the dedicated Human Comfort Interface (BRC1HHDA used as room thermostat)
A15P	*	Receiver PCB (wireless ON/OFF thermostat)
A30P	*	Bizon mixing kit PCB
F1B	#	Overcurrent fuse - Backup heater
F2B	#	Overcurrent fuse - Main
K1A, K2A	*	High voltage Smart Grid relay
M2P	#	Domestic hot water pump
M2S	#	2-way valve for cooling mode
M4S		Normally closed shut-off valve (inlet leak stop)
P* (A14P)	*	Terminal
PC (A15P)	*	Power circuit
Q*DI	#	Earth leakage circuit breaker
Q1L		Thermal protector backup heater
Q4L	#	Safety thermostat
R1H (A2P)	*	Humidity sensor

R1T (A2P)	*	Ambient sensor ON/OFF thermostat
R1T (A14P)	*	Ambient sensor user interface
R1T (A15P)	*	Ambient sensor user interface
R2T (A2P)	*	External sensor (floor or ambient)
R6T	*	External indoor or outdoor ambient thermistor
S1S	#	Preferential kWh rate power supply contact
S2S	#	Electricity meter pulse input 1
S3S	#	Electricity meter pulse input 2
S4S	#	Smart Grid feed-in (Smart Grid photovoltaic power pulse meter)
S10S-S11S	#	Low voltage Smart Grid contact
S12S	#	Gas meter input
S13S	#	Solar input
ST6 (A30P)	*	Connector
X*A, X*Y, X*Y*		Connector
X*M		Terminal strip
Z*C		Noise Filter (Ferrite core)

* Optional

Field supply

Translation of text on wiring diagram

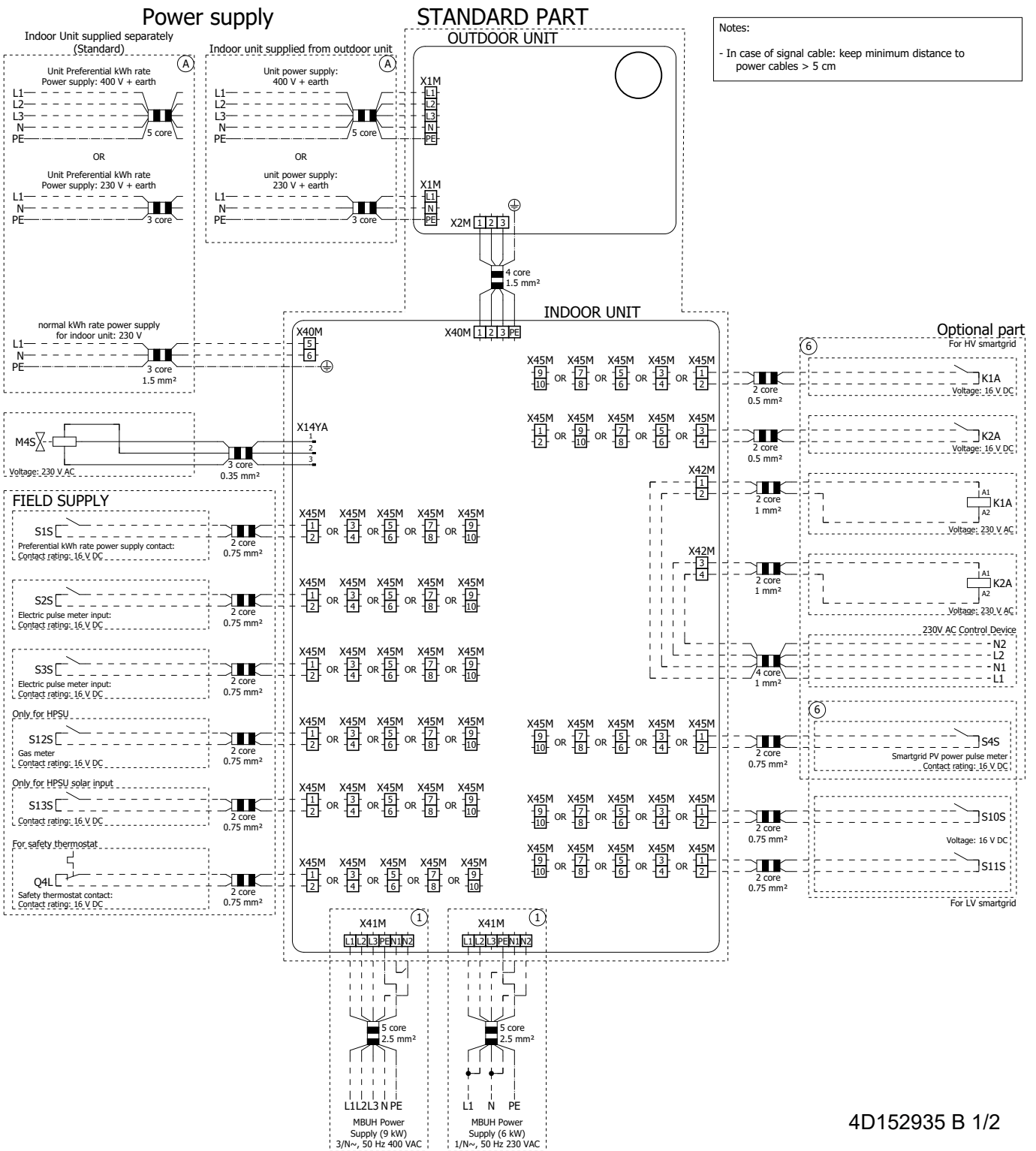
English	Translation
(1) Main power connection	(1) Main power connection
Indoor unit supplied separately	Indoor unit supplied separately (Standard)
Indoor unit supplied from outdoor unit	Indoor unit supplied from outdoor unit
Normal kWh rate power supply	Normal kWh rate power supply
Outdoor unit	Outdoor unit
Standard	Standard
SWB	Switch box
(2) Backup heater power supply	(2) Backup heater power supply
4-pole fuse	4-pole fuse
(3) User interface	(3) User interface
Remote user interface	Dedicated Human Comfort Interface (BRC1HHDA used as room thermostat)
Voltage	Voltage
OR	OR
SD card	Card slot for WLAN cartridge
3rd generation WLAN cartridge	Third generation WLAN cartridge
(4) Shut-off valve - Inlet leak stop	(4) Normally closed shut-off valve (inlet leak stop)

English	Translation
(5) Ext. thermistor	(5) External thermistor
External ambient sensor option (indoor or outdoor)	External ambient sensor option (indoor or outdoor)
Voltage	Voltage
(6) Field supplied options	(6) Field supplied options
12 V DC pulse detection (voltage supplied by PCB)	12 V DC pulse detection (voltage supplied by PCB)
16 V DC detection (voltage supplied by PCB)	16 V DC detection (voltage supplied by PCB)
230 V AC Control Device	230 V AC Control Device
Alarm output	Alarm output
Bizone mixing kit	Bizone mixing kit
Contact rating	Contact rating
Continuous	Continuous current
DHW pump output	Domestic hot water pump output
DHW pump	Domestic hot water pump
Electric pulse meter input	Electricity meter
Ext. heat source	External heat source
For HV Smart Grid	For high voltage Smart Grid
For LV Smart Grid	For low voltage Smart Grid
Gas meter	Gas meter
Inrush	Inrush current
Max. load	Maximum load
Min. load	Minimum load
ON/OFF output	ON/OFF output
Only for HPSU	Only for HPSU
Only for HPSU solar input	Only for HPSU solar input
Preferential kWh rate power supply contact	Preferential kWh rate power supply contact
Safety thermostat contact	Safety thermostat contact
Shut-off valve NC	Shut-off valve – Normally closed
Shut-off valve NO	Shut-off valve – Normally open
Smart Grid PV power pulse meter	Smart Grid photovoltaic power pulse meter
Space cooling/heating	Space cooling/heating
Voltage	Voltage
(7) External On/OFF thermostats and heat pump convector	(7) External ON/OFF thermostats and heat pump convector

English	Translation
Additional LWT zone	Additional leaving water temperature zone
For external sensor (floor or ambient)	For external sensor (floor or ambient)
For heat pump convector	For heat pump convector
For wired On/OFF thermostat	For wired ON/OFF thermostat
For wireless On/OFF thermostat	For wireless ON/OFF thermostat
Main LWT zone	Main leaving water temperature zone
Max. load	Maximum load

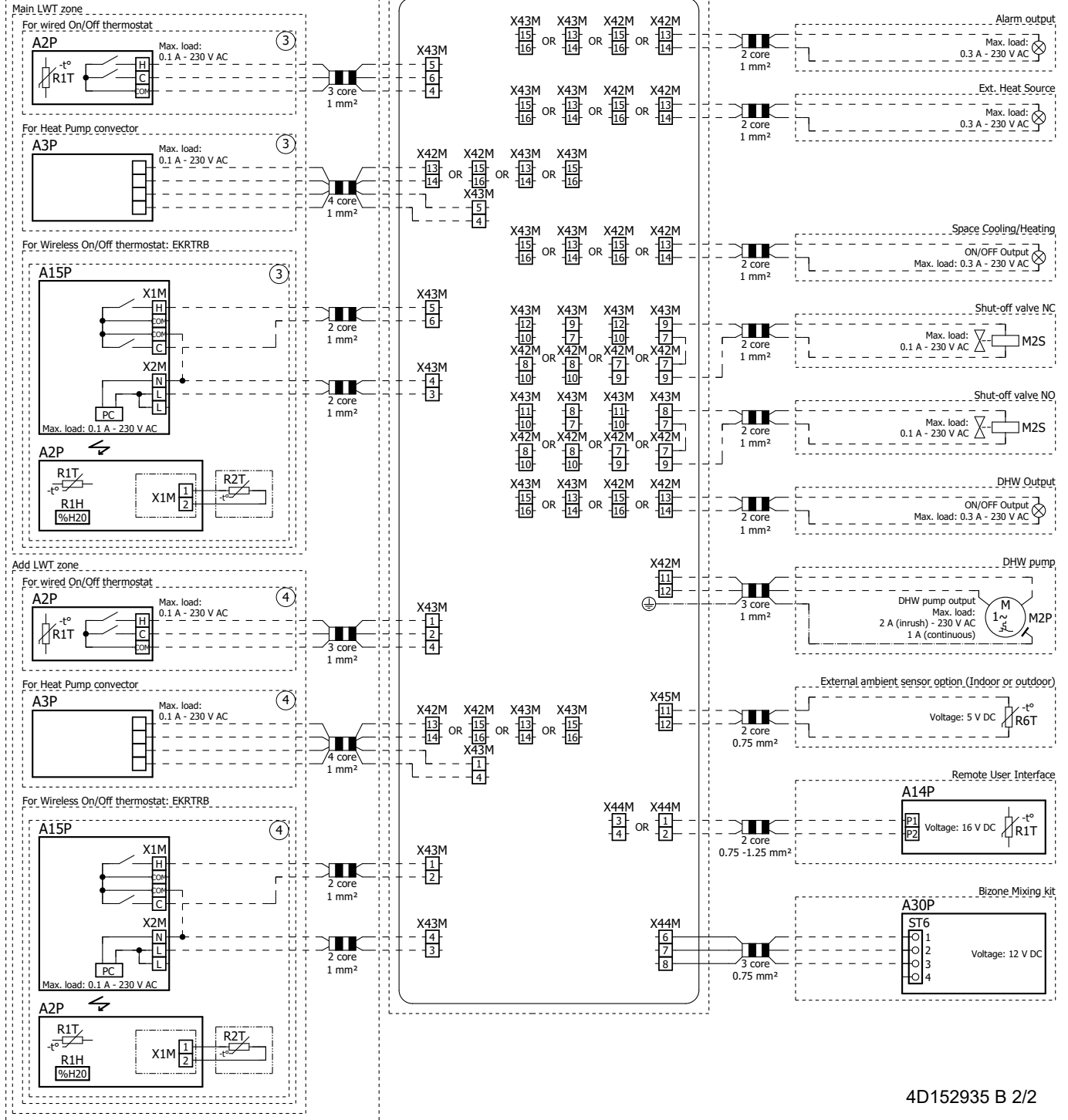
Electrical connection diagram

For more details, please check the unit wiring.



4D152935 B 1/2

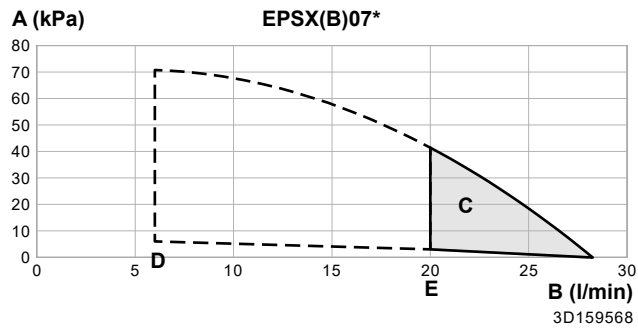
Optional part



4D152935 B 2/2

16.7 ESP curve: Indoor unit

Note: A flow error will occur when the minimum water flow rate is not reached.

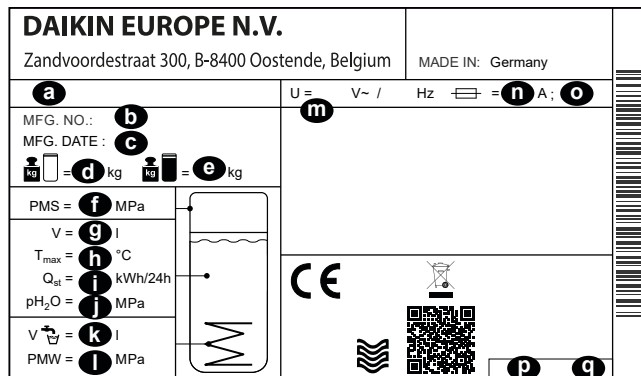


- A** External static pressure in the space heating/cooling circuit
- B** Water flow rate through the unit in the space heating/cooling circuit
- C** Operation range
 - Note:** Operation range is extended to lower flow rates only in case the unit operates with heat pump only (see dashed lines).
- D** Minimum water rate flow during normal operation
- E** Minimum water flow rate during defrost/backup heater operation

Notes:

- Selecting a flow outside the operating area can damage the unit or cause the unit to malfunction. See also the minimum and maximum allowed water flow range in the technical specifications.
- Make sure water quality complies with EU directive 2020/2184.
- Unit "External static pressure" includes the shut-off valve

16.8 Name plate: Indoor unit



- a** Modelname
- b** Manufacturing number
- c** Manufacturing date
- d** Empty weight
- e** Total filled weight
- f** Max. operating pressure PMS (heating circuit)
- g** Water volume (storage tank)
- h** Max. operating temperature T_{max} (storage tank water)
- i** Standby heat loss in 24 hours at 60°C (storage tank) Q_{st}
- j** Operating pressure of storage water p_{H₂O}
- k** Domestic hot water volume (heat exchanger)
- l** Max. operating pressure PMS (drinking water installation)
- m** Nominal voltage U
- n** Rated current of fuse
- o** Protection type
- p** Part number
- q** Revision

17 Glossary

Dealer

Sales distributor for the product.

Authorised installer

Technical skilled person who is qualified to install the product.

User

Person who is owner of the product and/or operates the product.

Applicable legislation

All international, European, national and local directives, laws, regulations and/or codes that are relevant and applicable for a certain product or domain.

Service company

Qualified company which can perform or coordinate the required service to the product.

Installation manual

Instruction manual specified for a certain product or application, explaining how to install, configure and maintain it.

Operation manual

Instruction manual specified for a certain product or application, explaining how to operate it.

Maintenance instructions

Instruction manual specified for a certain product or application, which explains (if relevant) how to install, configure, operate and/or maintain the product or application.

Accessories

Labels, manuals, information sheets and equipment that are delivered with the product and that need to be installed according to the instructions in the accompanying documentation.

Optional equipment

Equipment made or approved by Daikin that can be combined with the product according to the instructions in the accompanying documentation.

Field supply

Equipment NOT made by Daikin that can be combined with the product according to the instructions in the accompanying documentation.

Field settings table

Applicable indoor units

EPBX(U)07A▲4V▼

EPBX(U)10A▲4V▼

EPBX14A▲4V▼

EPBX10A▲9W▼

EPBX(U)14A▲9W▼

EPVX07S(U)18A▲4V▼

EPVX07S(U)23A▲4V▼

EPVX10S(U)18A▲4V▼

EPVX10S(U)23A▲4V▼

EPVX14S(U)18A▲4V▼

EPVX14S(U)23A▲4V▼

EPVX07S23A▲9W▼

EPVX10S18A▲9W▼

EPVX10S23A▲9W▼

EPVX14S18A▲9W▼

EPVX14S23A▲9W▼

EPSX07P30A▲▼

EPSX07P50A▲▼

EPSX10P30A▲▼

EPSX10P50A▲▼

EPSX14P30A▲▼

EPSX14P50A▲▼

EPSXB07P30A▲▼

EPSXB07P50A▲▼

EPSXB10P30A▲▼

EPSXB10P50A▲▼

EPSXB14P30A▲▼

EPSXB14P50A▲▼

Notes

(*1) *4V*

(*2) *9W*

(*3) EPB*

(*4) EPV*

(*5) EPSX*

(*6) EPSXB*

(*7) *SU*

▲ = 1, 2, 3, ..., 9, A, B, C, ..., Z

▼ = , , 1, 2, 3, ..., 9

Field settings table						Installer setting at variance with default value	
Breadcru mb	Setting type	Field code	Setting description	Applicable when	Range / step / default value	Date	Value
1 Main zone							
1.1	End user	N/A	Room temperature target during space cooling in the main zone.	[041]=2: Room	12~35°C step: 0.5°C 20		
1.1	End user	N/A	Room temperature target during space heating in the main zone.	[041]=2: Room	12~30°C step: 0.5°C 21		
1.2	End user	N/A	Enable the room temperature target schedule for space heating in the main zone.	[041]=2: Room	0: Manual mode 1: Schedule mode		
1.2	End user	N/A	Enable the leaving water target schedule without weather-dependent curve for space heating in the main zone.	[041]=0: Leaving water	0: Manual mode 1: Schedule mode		
1.3	End user	N/A	Heating schedule.	[041]=2: Room OR [041]=0: Leaving water	N/A		
1.4	End user	N/A	Cooling schedule.	[041]=2: Room OR [041]=0: Leaving water	N/A		
1.5	Adv. end user	N/A	Leaving water control mode during space heating in the main zone.	Always	0: Fixed 1: Weather-dependent		
1.6	Installer	[053]	Upper limit of the leaving water temperature target during space heating in the main zone.	Always	[099]=1: Yes AND [1.11]=2: Radiator [054]~min([048]-5; [060]; 75) step: 1°C 35°C [099]=1: Yes AND [1.11]≠2: Radiator [054]~min([048]-5; [060]; 55) step: 1°C 35°C [099]=0: No AND [1.11]=2: Radiator [054]~min([015]-5; [060]; 75) step: 1°C 75°C [099]=0: No AND [1.11]≠2: Radiator [054]~min([015]-5; [060]; 55) step: 1°C 55°C		
1.6	Installer	[054]	Lower limit of the leaving water temperature target during space heating in the main zone.	Always	15~[053]°C step: 1°C 20		
1.6	Installer	[055]	Upper limit of the leaving water temperature target during space cooling in the main zone.	Always	[056]~22°C step: 1°C 22		
1.6	Installer	[056]	Lower limit of the leaving water temperature target during space cooling in the main zone.	Always	[099]=1: Yes ([049]+4)~[055] step: 1°C 7°C [099]=0: No ([014]+4)~[055] step: 1°C 7°C		
1.7	Adv. end user	N/A	Leaving water control mode during space cooling in the main zone.	Always	0: Fixed 1: Weather-dependent		
1.8	End user	N/A	Leaving water temperature weather-dependent curve for space heating in the main zone.	[1.5]=1: Weather-dependent	Ambient range: -40~25°C step: 1°C Leaving water temperature range: [054]~[053]°C step: 1°C		
1.9	End user	N/A	Leaving water temperature weather-dependent curve for space cooling in the main zone.	[1.7]=1: Weather-dependent	Ambient range: 10~43°C step: 1°C Leaving water temperature range: [056]~[055]°C step: 1°C		
1.10	End user	N/A	Hysteresis on the room target temperature used to restart the request for heating or space cooling.	[041]=2: Room	0.5~10°C step: 0.1°C 0.5		
1.11	End user	N/A	Heat emitter type selection in the main zone.	Always	0: Underfloor heating 1: Heat pump convector 2: Radiator		
1.12	Installer	[041]	Thermostat mode in the main zone.	Always	0: Leaving water 1: External room 2: Room		
1.13	Installer	[042]	Thermostat type in the main zone.	[041]=1: ExternalRoom AND [180]=0: Hardware	0: Dual contact 1: Single contact		
1.13	Installer	[180]	Setting to determine what the source is for the external thermostat.	[041]=1: ExternalRoom	0: Hardware 1: Cloud 2: Modbus		
1.14	Installer	[169]/[170]	Delta T target during space heating in the main zone.	Always	[1.11]=0: Underfloor heating 3~10°C, step: 0.5°C [169]=5 [1.11]=1: Heat pump convector 3~10°C, step: 0.5°C [169]=5 [1.11]=2: Radiator 10~20°C, step: 0.5°C [170]=10		
1.16	Installer	[050]	Allow space cooling operation in the main zone.	Always	0: No 1: Yes		
1.17	End user	N/A	Leaving water temperature control ON/OFF in the main zone.	[041]=0: Leaving water	0: Off 1: On		
1.18	Installer	[174]	Delta T target during space cooling in the main zone.	Always	3~10°C step: 0.5°C 5		
1.19	Installer	[048]	The absolute upper limit of the leaving water temperature target with respect to the installed emitter in the main zone.	[099]=1: Yes	20~80°C step: 0.5°C 40		
1.20	Installer	[049]	Absolute lower limit of the leaving water temperature target with respect to the installed emitter in the main zone.	[099]=1: Yes	3~35°C step: 0.5°C 3		
1.21	End user	N/A	Name of the main zone.	Always	Main zone		
1.22	End user	N/A	Room target temperature during antifrost in the main zone.	[041]=2: Room	4~16°C step: 0.5°C 8		
1.23	End user	N/A	Enable the leaving water target schedule without weather-dependent curve for space cooling in the main zone.	[041]=0: Leaving water	0: Manual mode 1: Schedule mode		

Field settings table						Installer setting at variance with default value	
Breadcru mb	Setting type	Field code	Setting description	Applicable when	Range / step / default value	Date	Value
1.23	End user	N/A	Enable the room temperature target schedule for space cooling in the main zone.	[041]=2: Room	0: Manual mode 1: Schedule mode		
1.24	End user	N/A	Schedule of the temperature shift on the weather-dependent leaving water target for space heating in the main zone.	[041]=0: Leaving water AND [1.5]=1: Weather-dependent	N/A		
1.25	End user	N/A	Schedule of the temperature shift on the weather-dependent leaving water target for space cooling in the main zone.	[041]=0: Leaving water AND [1.7]=1: Weather-dependent	N/A		
1.26	Installer	[052]	Allow a temperature shift on the leaving water target around freezing point in the main zone.	Always	0: None 1: Low narrow 2: Low wide 3: High narrow 4: High wide		
1.27	End user	N/A	Temperature shift on the weather-dependent leaving water target for space heating in the main zone.	[1.5]=1: Weather-dependent	-10~10°C step:1°C 0		
1.28	End user	N/A	Temperature shift on the weather-dependent leaving water target for space cooling in the main zone.	[1.7]=1: Weather-dependent	-10~10°C step:1°C 0		
1.29	Adv. end user	N/A	Room temperature target during space heating in the main zone for buffering.	[041]=2: Room AND [040]=2: Smart Grid ready contacts	12~30°C step:0.5°C 23		
1.30	Adv. end user	N/A	Room temperature target during space cooling in the main zone for buffering.	[041]=2: Room AND [040]=2: Smart Grid ready contacts	15~35°C step:0.5°C 18		
1.31	Installer	[158]	Daikin room thermostat connected.	Always	0: No 1: Yes		
1.32	End user	N/A	Room temperature control ON/OFF in the main zone	[041]=2: Room	0: Off 1: On		
1.33	Adv. end user	N/A	Optional offset that can be applied to the room temperature target, measured by the optional sensor in the main zone.	[041]=2: Room	-5~5°C step:0.5°C 0		
1.34	End user	N/A	Room target baseline temperature for the room schedule during space heating in the main zone.	[041]=2: Room	12~30°C step:0.5°C 12		
1.35	End user	N/A	Room target baseline temperature for the room schedule during space cooling in the main zone.	[041]=2: Room	12~35°C step:0.5°C 30		
1.36	End user	N/A	Enable a temperature shift on the weather-dependent leaving water target for space heating in the main zone.	[1.5]=1: Weather-dependent	0: Manual mode 1: Schedule mode		
1.37	End user	N/A	Enable a temperature shift on the weather-dependent leaving water target for space cooling in the main zone.	[1.7]=1: Weather-dependent	0: Manual mode 1: Schedule mode		
1.38	Adv. end user	N/A	Offset on the room temperature on the HCl in the main zone.	[041]=2: Room	-5~5°C step:0.5°C 0		
1.39	End user	N/A	Leaving water temperature target during space heating in the main zone.	[1.5]=0: Fixed	[054]~[053]°C step: 1°C		
1.42	End user	N/A	Leaving water temperature target during space cooling in the main zone.	[1.7]=0: Fixed	[056]~[055]°C step: 1°C		
2 Additional zone							
2.2	End user	N/A	Enable the leaving water target schedule without weather-dependent curve for space heating in the additional zone.	[057]=0: Leaving water AND [155]=1: Yes	0: Manual mode 1: Schedule mode		
2.3	End user	N/A	Heating schedule additional zone.	[057]=0: Leaving water OR [057]=2: Room	N/A		
2.4	End user	N/A	Cooling schedule additional zone.	[057]=0: Leaving water OR [057]=2: Room	N/A		
2.5	Adv. end user	N/A	Target operation mode during space heating in the additional zone.	[155]=1: Yes	0: Fixed 1: Weather-dependent		
2.6	Installer	[060]	Upper limit of the leaving water temperature target during space heating in the additional zone.	[155]=1: Yes	[2.11]=2: Radiator [061]~min([015]-5; 75) step: 1°C 75°C [2.11]=2: Radiator [061]~min([015]-5; 55) step: 1°C 55°C		
2.6	Installer	[061]	Lower limit of the leaving water temperature target during space heating in the additional zone.	[155]=1: Yes	20~[060]°C step: 1°C 20		
2.6	Installer	[062]	Upper limit of the leaving water temperature target during space cooling in the additional zone.	[155]=1: Yes	[063]~22°C step: 1°C 22		
2.6	Installer	[063]	Lower limit of the leaving water temperature target during space cooling in the additional zone.	[155]=1: Yes	[(014)+4]~[062] step: 1°C 7°C		
2.7	Adv. end user	N/A	Target operation mode during space cooling in the additional zone.	[155]=1: Yes	0: Fixed 1: Weather-dependent		
2.8	End user	N/A	Leaving water temperature weather-dependent curve for space heating in the additional zone.	[155]=1: Yes AND [2.5]=1: Weather-dependent	Ambient range: -40~25°C step: 1°C Leaving water temperature range: [061]~[060]°C step: 1°C		
2.9	End user	N/A	Leaving water temperature weather-dependent curve for space cooling in the additional zone.	[155]=1: Yes AND [2.7]=1: Weather-dependent	Ambient range: 10~43°C step: 1°C Leaving water temperature range: [063]~[062]°C step: 1°C		
2.11	End user	N/A	Heat emitter type selection in the additional zone.	[155]=1: Yes	0: Underfloor heating 1: Heat pump convector 2: Radiator		
2.12	Installer	[057]	Thermostat mode in the additional zone.	[155]=1: Yes	[041]=0: Leaving water 0: Leaving water [041]≠0:Leaving Water 1: External Room		

(*1) *4V*_*2* *9W*
(*3) EPB*_*4* EPV*_*5* EPSX*_*6* EPSXB*_*7* *SU*

Field settings table						Installer setting at variance with default value	
Breadcru mb	Setting type	Field code	Setting description	Applicable when	Range / step / default value	Date	Value
2.13	Installer	[146]	Thermostat type in the additional zone.	[155]=1: Yes AND [057]=1: ExternalRoom AND [181]=0: Hardware	0: Dual contact 1: Single contact		
2.13	Installer	[181]	Setting to determine what the source is for the external thermostat.	[155]=1: Yes AND [057]=1: ExternalRoom	0: Hardware 1: Cloud 2: Modbus		
2.14	Installer	[171]/[172]	Delta T target during space heating in the additional zone.	[155]=1: Yes	[2.11]=0: Underfloor heating 3~10°C, step: 0.5°C [171]=5 [2.11]=1: Heat pump convector 3~10°C, step: 0.5°C [171]=5 [2.11]=2: Radiator 10~20°C, step: 0.5°C [172]=10		
2.15	End user	N/A	Leaving water temperature control ON/OFF in the additional zone.	[155]=1: Yes AND [057]=0: Leaving water	0: Off 1: On		
2.16	No	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
2.17	Installer	[148]	Delta T target in the additional zone during space cooling.	[155]=1: Yes	3~10°C, step: 0.5°C 5		
2.18	End user	N/A	Schedule of the temperature shift on the weather-dependent leaving water target for space heating in the additional zone.	[057]=0: Leaving water AND [2.5]=1: Weather-dependent	N/A		
2.19	End user	N/A	Schedule of the temperature shift on the weather-dependent leaving water target for space cooling in the additional zone.	[057]=0: Leaving water AND [2.7]=1: Weather-dependent	N/A		
2.20	Installer	[059]	Allow a temperature shift on leaving water temperature target around freezing point in the additional zone.	[155]=1: Yes	0: None 1: Low narrow 2: Low wide 3: High narrow 4: High wide		
2.21	End user	N/A	Name of the additional zone.	[155]=1: Yes	Additional Zone		
2.22	End user	N/A	Temperature shift on the weather-dependent leaving water target for space heating in the additional zone.	[155]=1: Yes AND [2.5]=1: Weather-dependent	-10~10°C step:1°C 0		
2.23	End user	N/A	Temperature shift on the weather-dependent leaving water target for space cooling in the additional zone.	[155]=1: Yes AND [2.7]=1: Weather-dependent	-10~10°C step:1°C 0		
2.27	End user	N/A	Enable the leaving water target schedule without weather-dependent curve for space cooling in the additional zone.	[057]=0: Leaving water AND [155]=1: Yes	0: Manual mode 1: Schedule mode		
2.30	End user	N/A	Leaving water temperature target during space heating in the additional zone.	[155]=1: Yes	[061]~[060]°C step: 1°C		
2.31	End user	N/A	Enable a temperature shift on the weather-dependent leaving water target for space heating in the additional zone.	[155]=1: Yes AND [2.5]=1: Weather-dependent	0: Manual mode 1: Schedule mode		
2.32	End user	N/A	Enable a temperature shift on the weather-dependent leaving water target for space cooling in the additional zone.	[155]=1: Yes AND [2.7]=1: Weather-dependent	0: Manual mode 1: Schedule mode		
2.33	Installer	[147]	Allows space cooling operation in the additional zone.	[155]=1: Yes	0: No 1: Yes		
2.36	End user	N/A	Leaving water temperature target during space cooling in the additional zone.	[155]=1: Yes	[063]~[062]°C step: 1°C		
3 Space heating/cooling							
3.1	End user	N/A	Below this outdoor temperature, space heating operation is allowed.	Always	14~35°C step:1°C 20		
3.1	End user	N/A	Above this outdoor temperature, space cooling operation is allowed.	Always	10~35°C step:1°C 18		
3.2	End user	N/A	Operation mode used during Central Control.	Always	0: Heating 1: Cooling 2: Schedule		
3.4	Adv. end user	N/A	Enable the room antifrost functionality.	Always	0: Off 1: On		
3.5	End user	N/A	Operation mode schedule.	[3.2]=2: Automatic	N/A		
3.6	Installer	[155]	Setting to indicate if an additional zone is present.	Always	0: No 1: Yes		
3.7	Installer	[018]	Used to calculate the maximum overshoot on the leaving water temperature during space heating for radiator and heat pump convector.	[1.11]≠0: Underfloor heating or [2.11]≠0: Underfloor heating	1~10°C step:0.5°C 5		
3.7	Installer	[017]	Used to calculate the maximum overshoot on the leaving water temperature during space heating for radiator and heat pump convector.	[1.11]=0: Underfloor heating or [2.11]=0: Underfloor heating	1~7°C step:0.5°C 3		
3.8	Installer	[007]	Enable the outdoor temperature averaging functionality.	Always	0: No averaging 1: 12 hours 2: 24 hours 3: 48 hours 4: 72 hours		
3.9	Installer	[004]	Value used to calculate the maximum undershoot of the leaving water temperature during space cooling.	Always	0~10°C step:0.5°C 5		
3.11	Installer	[014]	Absolute lower limit of the leaving water temperature target during space cooling based on the internal temperature allowance of the Daikin Altherma unit.	Always	3~35°C step:0.5°C 3		
3.12	Installer	[015]	Absolute upper limit of the leaving water temperature target during space heating based on the internal temperature allowance of the Daikin Altherma unit.	Always	20~80°C step: 1°C 80		
3.13.1	Installer	[008]	Setting to indicate whether a buffering vessel is present in the hydraulic system.	Always	0: Not decoupled 1: Decoupled		

(*1) *4V* (*2) *9W*

(*3) EPB* (*4) EPV* (*5) EPSX* (*6) EPSXB*

(*7) *SU*

Field settings table						Installer setting at variance with default value	
Breadcru mb	Setting type	Field code	Setting description	Applicable when	Range / step / default value	Date	Value
3.13.2	Installer	[097]	Pump speed of the external pump when flow is requested in the additional zone. Only applicable when field I/O pumps or mixing kit is used.	Always	0~1 step: 0.01 1		
3.13.3	Installer	[096]	Pump speed of the external pump when flow is requested in the main zone. Only applicable when field I/O pumps or mixing kit is used.	Always	0~1 step: 0.01 1		
3.13.4	Installer	[176]	Mixing kit valve turning time.	Always	20~300 seconds step: 1 second 125		
3.13.5	Installer	[099]	Setting to indicate the presence of a mixing kit in the hydraulic system.	Always	0: No 1: Yes		
3.14	Installer	[158]	Room thermostat present.	Always	0: No 1: Yes		
3.15	Installer	[016]	Minimum time the heat pump will be kept on after operation has been started.	Always	480~1800 seconds step: 1 second 540		
4 Domestic hot water							
4.1	End user	N/A	Domestic hot water operation ON/OFF/ single heat-up triggers.	(*3) [080]=1: Single thermistor or (*4) or (*5)	0: Off 1: On		
4.3	End user	N/A	Domestic hot water target setpoint for a manual heat-up.	(*3) [080]=1: Single thermistor or (*4) or (*5)	20~[153]°C step: 0.5 60		
4.4	End user	N/A	Domestic hot water target setpoint for a powerful heat-up.	(*3) [080]=1: Single thermistor or (*4) or (*5)	20~[153]°C step: 0.5 60		
4.5	End user	N/A	Reheat temperature target of the domestic hot water tank scheduled + reheat mode or reheat mode.	[4.7]=0: Reheat or [4.7]=1: Schedule and reheat	(*3)(*4) 20~[153]°C step: 0.5 45 (*5) 20~[153]°C step: 0.5 48		
4.6	End user	N/A	Domestic hot water single heat-up schedule.	(*3) [080]=1: Single thermistor AND [4.7]≠0: Reheat or (*4) AND [4.7]≠0: Reheat	N/A		
4.7	End user	N/A	Domestic hot water heat-up mode setting.	(*3) AND [080]=1: Single thermistor OR (*4)	0: Reheat 1: Schedule and reheat 2: Scheduled		
4.9	Installer	N/A	Reset the disinfection malfunction.	Always	0: No 1: Yes		
4.10	Installer	[074]	Minimum time where the tank temperature must be higher than the disinfection target tank temperature before the disinfection is judged as successful.	(*3) [080]=1: Single thermistor	(*3) 300~3600 seconds step: 1 second 3600 (*4)(*5) 2400~3600 seconds step: 1 second 2400		
4.10	Installer	[151]	Disinfection operation start time. This should be set as the amount of minutes counting from 00:00 (in minutes).	(*3) [080]=1: Single thermistor or (*4) or (*5)	0~1439 minutes step: 1 minute 60		
4.10	Installer	[152]	Enable disinfection operation to be executed on a daily basis.	(*3) [080]=1: Single thermistor or (*4) or (*5)	0: Off 1: On		
4.10	Installer	[150]	Domestic hot water tank disinfection day (when not all days are selected).	(*3) [080]=1: Single thermistor or (*4) or (*5)	1~7 step:1 5		
4.10	Installer	[073]	Disinfection target temperature of the domestic hot water tank.	(*3) [080]=1: Single thermistor or (*4) or (*5)	(*3) 55~[153]°C step: 0.5°C 60 (*4)(*5) 60~[153]°C step: 0.5°C 65		

(*1) *4V* (*2) *9W*

(*3) EPB* (*4) EPV* (*5) EPSX* (*6) EPSXB*

(*7) *SU*

Field settings table						Installer setting at variance with default value	
Breadcru mb	Setting type	Field code	Setting description	Applicable when	Range / step / default value	Date	Value
4.11	Installer	[153]	Maximum allowed domestic hot water tank setpoint.	(*3) [080]=1: Single thermistor or (*4) or (*5)	(*3) [080]=1: Single thermistor AND [098]=0: EKHSW/E 150 l / 1: EKHSW/E 180 l / 6: 3th party small coil 40~60°C step: 0.5°C 60 (*3) [080]=1: Single thermistor AND [098]=5: EKHWP/HYC with booster heater 40~80°C step: 0.5°C 75 (*3) [080]=1: Single thermistor AND [098]=2: EKHSW/E 200 l / 3: EKHSW/E 250 l / 4: EKHSW/E 300 l / 7: 3th party big coil 40~75°C step: 0.5°C 75 (*4) 40~65°C step: 0.5°C 65 (*5) 40~75°C step: 0.5°C 75°C (*7) 40~60°C step: 0.5°C 60°C		
4.12.1	End user	N/A	Domestic hot water reheat hysteresis for heat losses.	(*3) [080]=1: Single thermistor AND [4.7]#2: Scheduled or (*4) AND [4.7]#2: Scheduled or (*5)	1~40°C step: 0.5°C 6		
4.13	Installer	[149]	Setting to choose the functionality of the external domestic hot water pump	(*3) [080]=1: Single thermistor or (*4) or (*5)	0: None 1: Instant hot water 2: Disinfection 3: Both		
4.14.1	Installer	[173]	Booster heater thermal capacity selection.	(*3) [080]=1: Single thermistor	1~4 kW step: 0.01 kW 3		
4.14.3	Installer	[070]	Delay timer of the additional heat source activation when the heat pump is the main source during tank heat-up operation.	(*3) [080]=1: Single thermistor or (*5)	0~5700 seconds step: 300 second 1200		
4.14.4	Installer	[064]	Offset added on the default target tank temperature in case the booster heater is the only available heat source during a tank heat-up.	(*3) [080]=1: Single thermistor	0~20°C step: 0.5 5		
4.16	End user	N/A	An additional heat source is allowed to heat up the tank when the heat pump is running in space heating/cooling.	(*3) [080]=1: Single thermistor or [078]=1: Yes	0: Off 1: On		
4.17	End user	N/A	An additional heat source is immediately allowed to assist the heat pump during tank heat-up operation.	(*3) [080]=1: Single thermistor or [078]=1: Yes	0: Off 1: On		
4.18	Installer	[072]	Enable the disinfection functionality.	(*3) [080]=1: Single thermistor or (*4) or (*5)	(*3) 1: ON (*4) 1: ON (*5) 0: OFF		
4.19	Adv. end user	N/A	Reheat trigger temperature of the domestic hot water tank to ensure sufficient energy is present in the tank. This setting is optimised for sufficient comfort.	(*3) [080]=1: Single thermistor AND [4.7]#2: Scheduled or (*4) AND [4.7]#2: Scheduled or (*5) AND [4.7]#2: Scheduled	(*3) 10~85°C step: 0.5 38 (*4) 10~85°C step: 0.5 38 (*5) 10~85°C step: 0.5 40		
4.23	Installer	[064]	Offset added on the default target tank temperature in case the booster heater is the only available heat source during a tank heat-up.	(*3) [080]=1: Single thermistor or [078]=1: Yes	0~20°C step: 0.5 5		
4.24	End user	N/A	Enable the domestic hot water reheat setpoint to change according to a schedule.	(*5)	0: Off 1: On		
4.25	End user	N/A	Reheat schedule.	(*5)	20~[153]°C step: 0.5 45		

Field settings table						Installer setting at variance with default value	
Breadcrum b	Setting type	Field code	Setting description	Applicable when	Range / step / default value	Date	Value
4.26	End user	N/A	Domestic hot water pump schedule.	(*3) [080]=1: Single thermistor AND [149]=1 or 3: Instant hot water or both or (*4) [149]=1 or 3: Instant hot water or both or (*5) [149]=1 or 3: Instant hot water or both	N/A		
5 Settings							
5.1	Installer	N/A	Start a forced defrost.	Always	N/A		
5.2	End user	N/A	Quiet mode user.	Always	0: Off 1: Auto 2: Manual		
5.2.1	End user	N/A	Quiet level user.	Always	0: Off 1: Quiet 2: More quiet 3: Most quiet		
5.2.2	Adv. end user	N/A	Schedule of the quiet level for the user.	Always	N/A		
5.2.9	Installer	[138]	Installer overrule of the user-defined time to switch over from Night to Day during quiet mode.	Always	0-1439 minutes step: 1 minute 360		
5.2.10	Installer	[136]	Installer overrule of the user-defined quiet level during the "Day" period.	Always	0: Off 1: Quiet 2: More quiet 3: Most quiet		
5.2.11	Installer	[139]	Installer overrule of the user-defined time to switch over from Day to Night during quiet mode.	Always	0-1439 minutes step: 1 minute 1320		
5.2.12	Installer	[137]	Installer overrule of the user-defined quiet level during the "Night" period.	Always	0: Off 1: Quiet 2: More Quiet 3: Most Quiet		
5.3	End user	N/A	Time/date.	Always	N/A		
5.3	End user	N/A	Daylight saving time.	Always	0: Disabled 1: Enabled		
5.3	End user	N/A	Clock type.	Always	0: 12h 1: 24h		
5.4	End user	N/A	Breadcrumbs.	Always	0: Off 1: On		
5.5	Installer	[083]	Setting to choose the grid connection type of the heat pump unit.	Always	0: Single-phase 1: Three-phase star 2: Three-phase delta		
5.5	Installer	[154]	Setting to indicate if the backup heater fuse in the electrical cabinet is bigger than 10 A.	(*3) [083]= 1: Three-phase star or (*4) [083]= 1: Three-phase star	0: No 1: Yes		
5.5	Installer	[092]	Maximum capacity of the backup heater.	Always	(*2)/(*5) [083]=0: 2-6 kW: step: 0.5 kW 6 [083]=2 2-4 kW: step: 0.5 kW 4 [083]=1 and [154]=0 2-4 kW: step: 0.5 kW 4 [083]=1 and [154]=1 2-9 kW: step: 0.5 kW 9 (*1) 2-4.5 kW: step: 0.5 kW 4.5		
5.6.1	Adv. end user	N/A	Setting to enable the equilibrium (capacity shortage) logic.	Always	0: Never 1: Always 2: Below equilibrium		
5.6.2	Adv. end user	N/A	Outdoor temperature threshold to allow potential capacity shortage. Below this outdoor temperature, capacity shortage will be possible.	Always	-15-35°C step: 1°C 0		
5.7	Installer	N/A	Overview field settings.	Always	N/A		
5.9	End user	N/A	Country.	Always	0: Albania / 1: Austria 2: Belgium / 3: Bosnia 4: Bulgaria / 5: Croatia 6: Cyprus / 7: Czech Republic 8: Denmark / 9: Estonia 10: Finland / 11: France 12: Germany / 13: Greece 14: Hungary / 15: Iceland 16: Ireland / 17: Turkey 18: Italy / 19: Latvia 20: Liechtenstein / 21: Lithuania 22: Luxembourg / 23: Macedonia 24: Malta / 25: Moldava 26: Montenegro / 27: Netherlands 28: Norway / 29: Poland 30: Portugal / 31: Romania 32: Serbia / 33: Slovakia 34: Slovenia / 35: Spain 36: Sweden / 37: United Kingdom 38: Switzerland		

(*1) *4V* (*2) *9W*

(*3) EPB* (*4) EPV* (*5) EPSX* (*6) EPSXB*

(*7) *SU*

Field settings table						Installer setting at variance with default value	
Breadcru mb	Setting type	Field code	Setting description	Applicable when	Range / step / default value	Date	Value
5.9	End user	N/A	Language.	Always	0: Albanian / 1: Belarusian 2: Bosnian / 3: Bulgarian 4: Croatian / 5: Czech 6: Danish / 7: Dutch 8: English / 9: Estonian 10: Finnish / 11: French 12: German / 13: Greek 14: Hungarian / 15: Italian 16: Latvian / 17: Lithuanian 18: Macedonian / 19: Norwegian 20: Polish / 21: Portuguese 22: Romanian / 23: Russian 24: Serbian / 25: Slovak 26: Slovenian / 27: Spanish 28: Swedish / 29: Turkish 30: Ukrainian		
5.12	End user	N/A	Keyboard layout.	Always	0: QWERTY 1: AZERTY		
5.13	End user	N/A	User setting to enable more advanced settings.	Always	0: No 1: Yes		
5.14.2	Installer	[023]	The upper outdoor temperature limit of the changeover point from heat pump to bivalent/tank boiler.	[093]=1: Yes or [078]=1: Yes	max([024]+2; -25)-25°C step:1°C 5		
5.14.2	Installer	[024]	The lower outdoor temperature limit of the changeover point from heat pump to bivalent/tank boiler.	[093]=1: Yes or [078]=1: Yes	-25-25°C step:1°C 0		
5.14.4	Installer	[021]	Hysteresis on the outdoor temperature for the changeover from heat pump to bivalent/tank boiler.	[093]=1: Yes or [078]=1: Yes	2-10°C step:1°C 3		
5.14.6	Installer	[025]	Minimum time the bivalent boiler pump in space heating stays on after the request has disappeared.	[093]=1: Yes	0-1500 seconds step: 1 second 600		
5.14.9	Installer	[002]	Enable the domestic hot water tank to be proactively preheated to allow a tank defrost.	[078]=1: Yes	0: Off 1: On		
5.17	End user	N/A	Display screen brightness.	Always	30-100% step: 1% 70		
5.18	Installer	N/A	Trigger to (software) restart the indoor unit.	Always	N/A		
5.22	Installer	[175]	Offset on the external outdoor temperature sensor.	[13]=1: External outdoor sensor	-5-5°C step: 0.5°C 0		
5.23	End user	N/A	Emergency mode selection.	Always	0: Manual 1: Auto 2: Auto space heating reduced + DHW on 3: Auto space heating reduced + DHW off 4: Auto space heating normal + DHW off		
5.24	Service	N/A	Allows the installer to get advance parameter set for logging. Use at own risk.	Always	0: Level 0 1: Level 1		
5.26	End user	N/A	Display inactivity timer.	Always	0: No 1: Yes		
5.27.1	Adv. end user	N/A	Enable the holiday mode.	Always	0: No 1: Yes		
5.27.2	Adv. end user	N/A	Holiday period.	Always	N/A		
5.28.1	Installer	[140]	Enable the space heating priority functionality.	(*3) [080]=1: Single thermistor or (*4) or (*5)	0: No 1: Yes		
5.28.2	Installer	[019]	Below this outdoor temperature, the space heating priority function is activated (if enabled).	(*3) [080]=1: Single thermistor or (*4) or (*5)	-15-35°C step:1°C 0		
5.28.2	Installer	[020]	Outdoor temperature where the space cooling operation timer is at its maximum value.	(*3) [080]=1: Single thermistor or (*4) or (*5)	20-50°C step:1°C 35		
5.28.3	Installer	[131]	Time that heat pump is reserved for space heating operation during balancing. Balancing = simultaneous requests for space heating and tank heat-up.	(*3) [080]=1: Single thermistor or (*4) or (*5)	1800-36000 seconds step: 60 seconds 3600		
5.28.4	Installer	[132]	Time that heat pump is reserved for space cooling operation during balancing. Balancing = simultaneous requests for space cooling and tank heat-up.	(*3) [080]=1: Single thermistor or (*4) or (*5)	1800-36000 seconds step: 60 seconds 3600		
5.28.5	Installer	[133]	Time that heat pump is reserved for tank heat-up operation during balancing (lower limit). Balancing = simultaneous requests for space heating/cooling and tank heat-up.	(*3) [080]=1: Single thermistor or (*4) or (*5)	900-18000 seconds step: 60 seconds 2700		

Field settings table						Installer setting at variance with default value	
Breadcrum b	Setting type	Field code	Setting description	Applicable when	Range / step / default value	Date	Value
5.28.5	Installer	[134]	Time that heat pump is reserved for tank heat-up operation during balancing (upper limit). Balancing = simultaneous requests for space heating/cooling and tank heat-up.	(*3) [080]=1: Single thermistor or (*4) or (*5)	900~18000 seconds step: 60 seconds 7500		
5.29	Installer	N/A	Refrigerant recovery mode.	Always	N/A		
5.30	End user	N/A	Emergency acknowledgement.	Only in case there is an emergency request	N/A		
5.31	Adv. end user	N/A	Enable tank support during defrost to compensate for the space heating demand.	(*5)	0: Disabled 1: Optimised 2: Continuous		
5.32	Installer	[078]	Setting to indicate when a tank boiler is present and can become active.	(*6) and [093]=0: No	0: No 1: Yes		
5.33	Installer	[012]	Enable the tank boiler to become the main heat source during space heating.	(*6)	0: Off 1: On		
5.34	Installer	[011]	Maximum deliverable thermal capacity in the space heating circuit by the domestic hot water tank during tank support.	(*5)	4~35 kW step: 1 kW 20		
5.36	Installer	[005]	Water pipe freeze prevention mode setting.	Always	0: Disabled 1: Continuous 2: Intermittent		
5.37	Installer	[093]	The additional boiler kit for space heating is installed and allowed to operate.	[078]=0: No	0: No 1: Yes		
5.38	End user	N/A	Allow the domestic hot water tank to support the space heating operation by adding capacity to the space heating circuit.	(*5)	(*5) 0: Off (*6) 1: ON		
7 Maintenance mode							
7.7.1	Installer	[030]	Delta T target during a space heating test run.	Always	2~20°C step: 0.5°C 5		
7.7.2	Installer	[031]	Leaving water temperature target during a space heating test run.	Always	5~71°C step:1°C 35		
7.7.3	Installer	[032]	Overwritten target room temperature used during a space heating test run.	Always	5~30°C step: 0.5°C 20		
7.7.4	Installer	[033]	Delta T target during a space cooling test run.	Always	2~10°C step:0.5°C 5		
7.7.5	Installer	[034]	Leaving water temperature target during a space cooling test run.	Always	5~30°C step: 1°C 15		
7.7.6	Installer	[035]	Overwritten room temperature used during a space cooling test run.	Always	5~30°C step: 0.5°C 20		
7.7.7	Installer	[077]	Tank target temperature during a tank heat-up test run.	Always	20~85°C step: 0.5°C 50		
7.7.8	Installer	[094]	Pump PWM target (low). Only used during actuator test run and air purge test run.	Always	0.1~1 step: 0.1 1		
7.7.8	Installer	[095]	Pump PWM target (high). Only used during actuator test run and air purge test run.	Always	0.1~1 step: 0.1 0.5		
7.7.9	Installer	[145]	Tank temperature target during a booster heater test run.	(*3) [080]=1: Single thermistor	25~60°C step: 0.5°C 50		
8 Connectivity							
8.1	End user	N/A	When DHCP is set off, one can modify the IP configuration.	Always	N/A		
8.2.1 - 8.2.12	No	N/A	Connection status overview of connected peripherals.	Always	Depending on the component.		
8.3.1	End user	N/A	Wireless gateway (WLAN dongle) present setting.	Always	0: No 1: Yes		
8.3.2	End user	N/A	Enable AP mode to connect the WLAN dongle to the local home network.	[8.2.9]=1: Connected (A DX WLAN dongle should be connected to the unit)	0: Disable 1: Enable 2: In progress		
8.3.3	End user	N/A	Trigger to reboot the wireless gateway.	[8.2.9]=1: Connected (A DX WLAN dongle should be connected to the unit)	0: Remain 1: Reset		
8.3.4	End user	N/A	Enable the WPS functionality of the wireless gateway.	[8.2.9]=1: Connected (A DX WLAN dongle should be connected to the unit)	0: Disable 1: Enable 2: In progress		
8.3.5	End user	N/A	Remove the wireless gateway from the cloud.	[8.2.9]=1: Connected (A DX WLAN dongle should be connected to the unit)	0: No 1: Yes 2: In progress		
8.3.7	End user	N/A	Trigger to reset the WLAN dongle to factory default (forget all network data).	[8.2.9]=1: Connected (A DX WLAN dongle should be connected to the unit) And the DX WLAN has recent firmware to support this function.	0: Remain 1: Reset		
8.4.1	End user	N/A	Current assigned IP address.	Always	N/A		
8.4.2	End user	N/A	Current assigned subnet mask.	Always	N/A		
8.4.3	End user	N/A	Current assigned default gateway address.	Always	N/A		
8.4.4	End user	N/A	Current assigned DNS 1 address.	Always	N/A		
8.4.5	End user	N/A	Current assigned DNS 2 address.	Always	N/A		
8.4.6	End user	N/A	Unit LAN MAC/UEI address.	Always	N/A		
8.5.1	End user	N/A	Enable Daikin Home Controls.	Always	0: Off 1: On		
8.5.2	End user	N/A	Dehumidifier present setting (after being installed).	Always	0: Off 1: On		
8.5.3	End user	N/A	Dew sensor present setting (after being installed).	[8.5.2]=1 : On	0: No 1: Normally open 2: Normally closed		
8.5.4	End user	N/A	Humidity limit.	[8.5.2]=1 : On	40~80% step: 1% 55		

(*1) *4V*_*2) *9W*
(*3) EPB*_*4) EPV*_*5) EPSX*_*6) EPSXB*_*
(*7) *SU*

Field settings table						Installer setting at variance with default value	
Breadcru mb	Setting type	Field code	Setting description	Applicable when	Range / step / default value	Date	Value
8.5.5	End user	N/A	Humidity limit when dew sensor is not installed.	[8.5.2]=1 : On AND [8.5.3]=0 : No	41~80% step: 1% 70		
8.6	No	N/A	Safe USB removal request before unplugging the USB.	When one or more USB ports are actively used.	0: No 1: Yes		
8.7	End user	N/A	Enable Modbus TCP/IP non-TLS (port 502).	Always	0: No 1: Yes		
8.8	End user	N/A	Enable Modbus TCP/IP TLS (port 802).	Always	0: No 1: Yes		
9 Energy							
9.1	Adv. end user	N/A	Fixed electricity price chosen by the user when the electricity price is not changed via a schedule.	[9.3]=0: Off	1~5000 euro cents/kWh step: 1 cent 15		
9.2	Adv. end user	N/A	Baseline electricity price.	[9.3]=1: On	1~5000 euro cents/kWh step: 1 cent 5		
9.3	Adv. end user	N/A	Enable the electricity price to change according a schedule.	[093]=1: Yes or [078]=1: Yes	0: Off 1: On		
9.4	End user	N/A	Electricity price schedule.	[9.3]=1: On	N/A		
9.5	Adv. end user	N/A	Fossil price.	[093]=1: Yes or [078]=1: Yes	1~5000 euro cents/kWh step: 1 cent 10		
9.11	Installer	[026]	Efficiency of the boiler.	[093]=1: Yes or [078]=1: Yes	0.1~1 step: 0.01 0.9		
9.12	Installer	[141]	The target COP used in the efficiency calculation of the tank boiler.	[093]=1: Yes or [078]=1: Yes	0~6 step:0.1 2.5		
9.13	Adv. end user	N/A	Enable the switch-over point between heat pump and bivalent to be based on COP calculation taking into account the current energy price.	[093]=1: Yes or [078]=1: Yes	0: No 1: Yes		
9.14.1	Installer	[040]	Demand response mode setting.	Always	0: None 1: Heat pump tariff 2: Smart Grid ready contacts 3: Smart meter contact		
9.14.2	Installer	[037]	Setting to allow another heat source to take over space heating operation during demand response mode = forced off.	[040]=1: Heat pump tariff or [040]=2: Smart Grid ready contacts	0: No take-over 1: Fossil take-over ([093]=1: Yes or [078]=1: Yes) 2: Heater take-over		
9.14.3	Installer	[071]	Allow another heat source to take over the tank heat-up operation during demand response mode = forced off.	[040]=1: Heat pump tariff or [040]=2: Smart Grid ready contacts	0: No take-over 1: Fossil take-over ([078]=1: Yes) 2: Heater take-over 3: Only booster heater take-over (*3)		
9.14.4	Installer	[036]	Buffering is allowed during space heating.	[040]=2: Smart Grid ready contacts	0: Off 1: On		
9.14.5	Installer	[038]	Electrical heat sources are allowed to operate during space heating buffering.	[040]=2: Smart Grid ready contacts	0: No 1: Yes		
9.14.6	Installer	[039]	Electrical heat sources are allowed to operate during tank buffering.	[040]=2: Smart Grid ready contacts	0: No 1: Yes		
9.14.7	Installer	[135]	Applicable power limit during demand response smart meter contact.	[040]=3: Smart meter contact	2~20 kW step: 0.1 kW 4.2		
10 Configuration wizard							
10.1	End user	N/A	Country.	Always	0: Albania / 1: Austria 2: Belgium / 3: Bosnia 4: Bulgaria / 5: Croatia 6: Cyprus / 7: Czech Republic 8: Denmark / 9: Estonia 10: Finland / 11: France 12: Germany / 13: Greece 14: Hungary / 15: Iceland 16: Ireland / 17: Turkey 18: Italy / 19: Latvia 20: Liechtenstein / 21: Lithuania 22: Luxembourg / 23: Macedonia 24: Malta / 25: Moldava 26: Montenegro / 27: Netherlands 28: Norway / 29: Poland 30: Portugal / 31: Romania 32: Serbia / 33: Slovakia 34: Slovenia / 35: Spain 36: Sweden / 37: United Kingdom 38: Switzerland		
10.1	End user	N/A	Language.	Always	0: Albanian / 1: Belarusian 2: Bosnian / 3: Bulgarian 4: Croatian / 5: Czech 6: Danish / 7: Dutch 8: English / 9: Estonian 10: Finnish / 11: French 12: German / 13: Greek 14: Hungarian / 15: Italian 16: Latvian / 17: Lithuanian 18: Macedonian / 19: Norwegian 20: Polish / 21: Portuguese 22: Romanian / 23: Russian 24: Serbian / 25: Slovak 26: Slovenian / 27: Spanish 28: Swedish / 29: Turkish 30: Ukrainian		
10.3	End user	N/A	Time/date.	Always	N/A		
10.3	End user	N/A	Daylight saving time.	Always	0: Disabled 1: Enabled		

Field settings table						Installer setting at variance with default value	
Breadcru mb	Setting type	Field code	Setting description	Applicable when	Range / step / default value	Date	Value
10.4	Installer	[098]	Selection of the non-integrated domestic hot water tank connected to the wall-mounted unit.	(*3) [080]=1: Single thermistor	0: EKHS/E 150 I 1: EKHS/E 180 I 2: EKHS/E 200 I 3: EKHS/E 250 I 4: EKHS/E 300 I 5: EKHP/HYC with booster heater 6: 3th party small coil 7: 3th party big coil		
10.4	Installer	[155]	Setting to indicate if an additional zone is present.	Always	0: No 1: Yes		
10.4	Installer	[080]	This setting indicates if there is a tank connected.	(*3)	0: None 1: Single thermistor		
10.4	Installer	[093]	The additional boiler kit for space heating is installed and allowed to operate.	[078]=0: No	0: No 1: Yes		
10.6	Installer	[012]	Enable the tank boiler to become the main heat source during space heating.	(*6)	0: Off 1: On		
10.6	Installer	[078]	Setting to indicate when a tank boiler is present and can become active.	(*6) and [093]=0: No	0: No 1: Yes		
10.6	Installer	[011]	Maximum deliverable thermal capacity in the space heating circuit by the domestic hot water tank during tank support.	(*5)	4-35 kW step: 1 kW 20		
10.7	End user	N/A	Emergency mode selection.	Always	0: Manual 1: Auto 2: Auto space heating reduced + DHW on 3: Auto space heating reduced + DHW off 4: Auto space heating normal + DHW		
10.8	Installer	[083]	Setting to choose the grid connection type of the heat pump unit.	Always	0: Single-phase 1: Three-phase star 2: Three-phase delta		
10.8	Installer	[154]	Setting to indicate if the backup heater fuse in the electrical cabinet is bigger than 10 A.	(*3) [083]= 1: Three-phase star or (*4) [083]= 1: Three-phase star	0: No 1: Yes		
10.8	Installer	[092]	Maximum capacity of the backup heater.	Always	(*2)(*5) [083]=0: 2-6 kW: step: 0.5 kW 6 [083]=2 2-4 kW: step: 0.5 kW 4 [083]=1 and [154]=0 2-4 kW: step: 0.5 kW 4 [083]=1 and [154]=1 2-9 kW: step: 0.5 kW 9 (*1) 2-4.5 kW: step: 0.5 kW 4.5		
10.9	End user	N/A	Heat emitter type selection in the main zone.	Always	0: Underfloor heating 1: Heat pump convector 2: Radiator		
10.9	Installer	[041]	Thermostat mode in the main zone.	Always	0: Leaving water 1: External room 2: Room		
10.10	Adv. end user	N/A	Leaving water control mode during space heating in the main zone.	Always	0: Fixed 1: Weather-dependent		
10.10	Adv. end user	N/A	Leaving water control mode during space cooling in the main zone.	[10.9]=0: Underfloor heating or [10.9]=1: Heat pump convector	0: Fixed 1: Weather-dependent		
10.11	End user	N/A	Leaving water temperature weather-dependent curve for space heating in the main zone.	[10.10]=1: Weather-dependent	Ambient range: 40-25°C step: 1°C Leaving water temperature range: [054]-[053]°C step: 1°C		
10.12	End user	N/A	Leaving water temperature weather-dependent curve for space cooling in the main zone.	[10.10]=1: Weather-dependent	Ambient range: 10-43°C step: 1°C Leaving water temperature range: [056]-[055]°C step: 1°C		
10.13	Installer	[057]	Thermostat mode in the additional zone.	[155]=1: Yes	[41]=0: Leaving water 0: Leaving water [41]=0: Leaving water 1: External room		
10.13	End user	N/A	Heat emitter type selection in the additional zone.	[155]=1: Yes	0: Underfloor heating 1: Heat pump convector 2: Radiator		
10.14	Adv. end user	N/A	Target operation mode during space heating in the additional zone.	[155]=1: Yes	0: Fixed 1: Weather-dependent		
10.14	Adv. end user	N/A	Target operation mode during space cooling in the additional zone.	[155]=1: Yes AND [10.13]=0: Underfloor heating or [10.13]=1: Heat pump convector	0: Fixed 1: Weather-dependent		
10.15	End user	N/A	Leaving water temperature weather-dependent curve for space heating in the additional zone (leaving water temperature limits).	[155]=1: Yes AND [10.14]=1: Weather-dependent	Ambient range: 40-25°C step: 1°C Leaving water temperature range: [061]-[060]°C step: 1°C		
10.16	End user	N/A	Leaving water temperature weather-dependent curve for space cooling in the additional zone (leaving water temperature limits).	[155]=1: Yes AND [10.14]=1: Weather-dependent	Ambient range: 10-43°C step: 1°C Leaving water temperature range: [063]-[062]°C step: 1°C		

(*1) *4V* (*2) *9W*

(*3) EPB* (*4) EPV* (*5) EPSX* (*6) EPSXB*

(*7) *SU*

Field settings table						Installer setting at variance with default value	
Breadcru mb	Setting type	Field code	Setting description	Applicable when	Range / step / default value	Date	Value
10.17	End user	N/A	Domestic hot water heat-up mode setting.	(*3) AND [080]=1: Single thermistor OR (*4)	0: Reheat 1: Schedule and reheat 2: Scheduled		
10.18	End user	N/A	Reheat temperature target of the domestic hot water tank scheduled + reheat mode or reheat mode.	[4.7]=0: Reheat or [4.7]=1: Schedule and reheat	(*3)(*4) 20-[153]°C step: 0.5 45 (*5) 20-[153]°C step: 0.5 48		
10.18	End user	N/A	Domestic hot water reheat hysteresis for heat losses.	(*3) [080]=1: Single thermistor AND [4.7]#2: Scheduled or (*4) AND [4.7]#2: Scheduled or (*5) AND [4.7]#2: Scheduled	1-40°C step: 0.5°C 6		
13 Field IO							
13.1 / 13.2 / 13.5	Installer	[100]	(*3)(*4): Terminal X42M 9-10-11 (*5): Terminal X43M 7-8-9	0: Not connected 1: Main zone shut-off valve 2: Add. zone shut-off valve 3: Alarm 4: External heat source 6: Cooling/Heating mode 7: DHW on signal (*4)(*5) 8: 3-way valve (*3) 9: Bivalent bypass valve 10: DHW pump 11: C/H secondary pump 12: C/H pump ext. main 13: C/H pump ext. add.	0: Not connected (*5) 1: Main zone shut-off valve (*3)(*4) 2: Add. zone shut-off valve 3: Alarm 4: External heat source 6: Cooling/Heating mode 7: DHW on signal 8: 3-way valve 9: Bivalent bypass valve 10: DHW pump 11: C/H secondary pump 12: C/H pump ext. main 13: C/H pump ext. add.		
13.1 / 13.2 / 13.5	Installer	[102]	NO/NC	1: Main zone shut-off valve 2: Add. zone shut-off valve 3: Alarm 6: Cooling/Heating mode 7: DHW on signal (*4)(*5) 9: Bivalent bypass valve	0: NO 1: NC		
13.2 / 13.3 / 13.4	Installer	[101]	(*4): Terminal X42M 25-26 (*3): Terminal X43M 7-8 (*5): Terminal X42M 13-14	0: Not connected 1: Main zone shut-off valve 2: Add. zone shut-off valve 3: Alarm 4: External heat source 6: Cooling/Heating mode 7: DHW on signal (*4)(*5) 9: Bivalent bypass valve 10: DHW pump 11: C/H secondary pump 12: C/H pump ext. main 13: C/H pump ext. add.	0: Not connected 1: Main zone shut-off valve 2: Add. zone shut-off valve 3: Alarm 4: External heat source 6: Cooling/Heating mode 7: DHW on signal 9: Bivalent bypass valve 10: DHW pump 11: C/H secondary pump 12: C/H pump ext. main 13: C/H pump ext. add.		
13.2 / 13.3 / 13.4	Installer	[124]	NO/NC	1: Main zone shut-off valve 2: Add. zone shut-off valve 3: Alarm 6: Cooling/Heating mode 7: DHW on signal (*4)(*5) 9: Bivalent bypass valve	0: NO 1: NC		
13.2 / 13.3 / 13.4	Installer	[103]	(*4): Terminal X42M 27-28 (*3): Terminal X43M 9-10 (*5): Terminal X42M 15-16	0: Not connected 1: Main zone shut-off valve 2: Add. zone shut-off valve 3: Alarm 4: External heat source 6: Cooling/Heating mode 7: DHW on signal (*4)(*5) 9: Bivalent bypass valve 10: DHW pump 11: C/H secondary pump 12: C/H pump ext. main 13: C/H pump ext. add.	0: Not connected 1: Main zone shut-off valve 2: Add. zone shut-off valve 3: Alarm 4: External heat source 6: Cooling/Heating mode 7: DHW on signal 9: Bivalent bypass valve 10: DHW pump 11: C/H secondary pump 12: C/H pump ext. main 13: C/H pump ext. add.		
13.2 / 13.3 / 13.4	Installer	[104]	NO/NC	1: Main zone shut-off valve 2: Add. zone shut-off valve 3: Alarm 6: Cooling/Heating mode 7: DHW on signal (*4)(*5) 9: Bivalent bypass valve	0: NO 1: NC		
13.2 / 13.3 / 13.4	Installer	[105]	(*3)(*4): Terminal X42M 15-16 (*5): Terminal X43M 13-14	0: Not connected 1: Main zone shut-off valve 2: Add. zone shut-off valve 3: Alarm 4: External heat source 5: Booster heater (*3) 6: Cooling/Heating mode 7: DHW on signal (*4)(*5) 9: Bivalent bypass valve 10: DHW pump 11: C/H secondary pump 12: C/H pump ext. main 13: C/H pump ext. add.	0: Not connected (*4)(*5) 1: Main zone shut-off valve 2: Add. zone shut-off valve 3: Alarm 4: External heat source 5: Booster heater (*3) 6: Cooling/Heating mode 7: DHW on signal 9: Bivalent bypass valve 10: DHW pump 11: C/H secondary pump 12: C/H pump ext. main 13: C/H pump ext. add.		

(*1) *4V*(*2) *9W*

(*3) EPB*(*4) EPV*(*5) EPSX*(*6) EPSXB*

(*7) *SU*

Field settings table						Installer setting at variance with default value	
Breadcru mb	Setting type	Field code	Setting description	Applicable when	Range / step / default value	Date	Value
13.1 / 13.2 / 13.5	Installer	[106]	NO/NC	1: Main zone shut-off valve 2: Add. zone shut-off valve 3: Alarm 6: Cooling/Heating mode 7: DHW on signal (*4)(*5) 9: Bivalent bypass valve	0: NO 1: NC		
13.1 / 13.2 / 13.5	Installer	[107]	(*3)(*4): Terminal X42M 17-18 (*5): Terminal X43M 15-16	0: Not connected 1: Main zone shut-off valve 2: Add. zone shut-off valve 3: Alarm 4: External heat source 6: Cooling/Heating mode 7: DHW on signal 9: Bivalent bypass valve 10: DHW pump 11: C/H secondary pump 12: C/H pump ext. main 13: C/H pump ext. add.	0: Not Connected(*5) 1: Main zone shut-off valve 2: Add. zone shut-off valve 3: Alarm 4: External heat source 6: Cooling/Heating mode(*3)(*4) 7: DHW on signal 9: Bivalent bypass valve 10: DHW pump 11: C/H secondary pump 12: C/H pump ext. main 13: C/H pump ext. add.		
13.1 / 13.2 / 13.5	Installer	[108]	NO/NC	1: Main zone shut-off valve 2: Add. zone shut-off valve 3: Alarm 6: Cooling/Heating mode 7: DHW on signal (*4)(*5) 9: Bivalent bypass valve	0: NO 1: NC		
13.2 / 13.3 / 13.4	Installer	[109]	(*4): Terminal X42M 23-24 (*3): Terminal X43M 5-6 (*5): Terminal X42M 11-12	0: Not connected 1: Main zone shut-off valve 2: Add. zone shut-off valve 3: Alarm 4: External heat source 6: Cooling/Heating mode 7: DHW on signal (*4)(*5) 9: Bivalent bypass valve 10: DHW pump 11: C/H secondary pump 12: C/H pump ext. main 13: C/H pump ext. add.	0: Not connected (*5) 1: Main zone shut-off valve 2: Add. zone shut-off valve 3: Alarm 4: External heat source 6: Cooling/Heating mode 7: DHW on signal 9: Bivalent bypass valve 10: DHW pump (*3)(*4) 11: C/H secondary pump 12: C/H pump ext. main 13: C/H pump ext. add.		
13.2 / 13.3 / 13.4	Installer	[110]	NO/NC	1: Main zone shut-off valve 2: Add. zone shut-off valve 3: Alarm 6: Cooling/Heating mode 7: DHW on signal (*4)(*5) 9: Bivalent bypass valve	0: NO 1: NC		
13.1 / 13.2 / 13.5	Installer	[111]	(*3)(*4): Terminal X42M 12-13-14 (*5): Terminal X43M 10-11-12	0: Not connected 1: Main zone shut-off valve 2: Add. zone shut-off valve 3: Alarm 4: External heat source 6: Cooling/Heating mode 7: DHW on signal (*4)(*5) 8: 3-way valve (*3) 9: Bivalent bypass valve 10: DHW pump 11: C/H secondary pump 12: C/H pump ext. main 13: C/H pump ext. add.	0: Not connected (*4)(*5) 1: Main zone shut-off valve 2: Add. zone shut-off valve 3: Alarm 4: External heat source 6: Cooling/Heating mode 7: DHW on signal 8: 3-way valve (*3) 9: Bivalent bypass valve 10: DHW pump 11: C/H secondary pump 12: C/H pump ext. main 13: C/H pump ext. add.		
13.1 / 13.2 / 13.5	Installer	[125]	NO/NC	1: Main zone shut-off valve 2: Add. zone shut-off valve 3: Alarm 6: Cooling/Heating mode 7: DHW on signal (*4)(*5) 9: Bivalent bypass valve	0: NO 1: NC		
13.6	Installer	[112]	(*3)(*4): Terminal X44M 1-2	(*3)(*4) 0: Not connected 1: External outdoor sensor 2: External indoor sensor	0: Not connected 1: External outdoor sensor 2: External indoor sensor		
13.7 / 13.8	Installer	[114]	Terminal X45M 3-4	0: Not connected 3: HV/LV Smart Grid contact 1 4: HV/LV Smart Grid contact 2 5: HP tariff contact 9: Safety thermostat unit 13: Smart meter contact	0: Not connected 3: HV/LV Smart Grid contact 1 4: HV/LV Smart Grid contact 2 5: HP tariff contact 9: Safety thermostat unit 13: Smart meter contact		
13.7 / 13.8	Installer	[115]	NO/NC	0: Not connected 5: HP tariff contact 9: Safety thermostat unit 13: Smart meter contact	0: NO 1: NC		
13.7 / 13.8	Installer	[116]	Terminal X45M 5-6	0: Not Connected 3: HV/LV Smart Grid contact 1 4: HV/LV Smart Grid contact 2 5: HP tariff contact 9: Safety thermostat unit 13: Smart meter contact	0: Not Connected 3: HV/LV Smart Grid contact 1 4: HV/LV Smart Grid contact 2 5: HP tariff contact 9: Safety thermostat unit 13: Smart meter contact		
13.7 / 13.8	Installer	[117]	NO/NC	0: Not connected 5: HP tariff contact 9: Safety thermostat unit 13: Smart meter contact	0: NO 1: NC		
13.7 / 13.8	Installer	[118]	Terminal X45M 7-8	0: Not connected 3: HV/LV Smart Grid contact 1 4: HV/LV Smart Grid contact 2 5: HP tariff contact 9: Safety thermostat unit 13: Smart meter contact	0: Not connected 3: HV/LV Smart Grid contact 1 4: HV/LV Smart Grid contact 2 5: HP tariff contact 9: Safety thermostat unit 13: Smart meter contact		

(*1) *4V*_*2* *9W*

(*3) EPB*_*4* EPV*_*5* EPSX*_*6* EPSXB*_*

(*7) *SU*

Field settings table						Installer setting at variance with default value	
Breadcru mb	Setting type	Field code	Setting description	Applicable when	Range / step / default value	Date	Value
13.7 / 13.8	Installer	[119]	NO/NC	0: Not connected 5: HP tariff contact 9: Safety thermostat unit 13: Smart meter contact	0: NO 1: NC		
13.7 / 13.8	Installer	[120]	Terminal X45M 9-10	0: Not connected 3: HV/LV Smart Grid contact 1 4: HV/LV Smart Grid contact 2 5: HP tariff contact 9: Safety thermostat unit 13: Smart meter contact	0: Not Connected 3: HV/LV Smart Grid contact 1 4: HV/LV Smart Grid contact 2 5: HP tariff contact 9: Safety thermostat unit 13: Smart meter contact		
13.7 / 13.8	Installer	[121]	NO/NC	0: Not connected 5: HP tariff contact 9: Safety thermostat unit 13: Smart meter contact	0: NO 1: NC		
13.7 / 13.8	Installer	[122]	Terminal X45M 1-2	0: Not connected 3: HV/LV Smart Grid contact 1 4: HV/LV Smart Grid contact 2 5: HP tariff contact 9: Safety thermostat unit 13: Smart meter contact	0: Not connected 3: HV/LV Smart Grid contact 1 4: HV/LV Smart Grid contact 2 5: HP tariff contact 9: Safety thermostat unit 13: Smart meter contact		
13.7	Installer	[123]	NO/NC	0: Not connected 5: HP tariff contact 9: Safety thermostat unit 13: Smart meter contact	0: NO 1: NC		

